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ALPHABETICAL LIST
OF
DISEASES
AND
CAUSES OF DEATH.

[Reprinted for the use of Registrars of Deaths from the second edition of the Nomenclature of Diseases drawn up by the Royal College of Physicians of London.]

NOTE.

THE following Alphabetical List of Diseases being a reprint of the Index to the Nomenclature of Diseases drawn up by the Royal College of Physicians, necessarily includes many names of diseases and other terms which will not appear in Medical Certificates of the Cause of Death, but this will not detract from the value of the List for the use of Registrars of Deaths.

In reprinting the Index all numerical and other references to the Classification and Nomenclature of Diseases in the Volume issued by the Royal College of Physicians have been omitted as useless for the purpose this Alphabetical List is intended to serve.

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ALPHABETICAL LIST

OF

DISEASES

AND

CAUSES OF DEATH.

Abdomen, Contusion of,
 — — with rupture of muscles.
 — — — — of viscera.
 — Paracentesis of,
 — Wound of, with protrusion of
 uninjured viscera.
 — — — — of wounded viscera.
 — — — with wound of unprotruded
 viscera.
 — Injuries of the,
 — Wound of the parietes of the,
 — Wound of viscera without wound
 of the parietes of the,
 Abdominal fistula, Operation for,
 Abdominal Hernia.
 Abdominal paracentesis.
 — section.
 — walls, Fissure of,
 ABDOMINIS, CONTUSIO,
 — — RUPTIS, MUSCULIS.
 — — — VISCERIRUS.
 — SECTIO.
 — VULNUS.
 — — CUM VISCERUM ILLÆSORUM
 PROLAPSIONE.
 — — — — LÆSORUM PROLAPSIONE.
 ABDOMINIS VULNUS, CUM VISCERUM IN
 SÆNE MANENTIO VULNERE.
 — PARACENTESIS.
 Ablepharon.
 Abnormal development of the alveoli.
 — distribution of Arteries.
 — — — both arteries and veins.
 — — — veins.
 — form of teeth.
 — structure of cementum.
 — — — dentine.
 — — — enamel.
 — — — teeth.
 Abortion.
 ABORTUS.

ABRASIO UTERI.
 Abrasion.
 — of the uterus.
 — — — skin.
 — — — mucous membranes.
 Abscess, acute periosteal,
 — of the anus.
 — — antrum.
 — — bones, Chronic,
 — — brain.
 — — — from disease of the ear.
 — — — Pyæmie,
 — — breast.
 Abscess of the breast.
 — — external ear.
 — Bursal,
 — of the connective tissue.
 — — dental periosteum.
 — — eyelids.
 — — Fallopian tube.
 — — heart, muscular structure of
 — — Iliac and pelvic, following parturi-
 tion.
 — of the intestines, in the subperitoneal
 tissue.
 — — joints.
 — — kidney.
 — — lacrymal gland.
 — — — sac.
 — — larynx.
 — — liver.
 — Lacunar,
 — Lumbar,
 — of the lung.
 — — external meatus.
 — of the muscles.
 — of the nose.
 — Opening of
 in the orbit.
 — of the ovary.
 — — pancreas.
 — — penis.
 — Perinephritic,
 — Periosteal, Acute,

Abscess Post-pharyngeal.

- of the prostate gland.
- Psoas.
- of the rectum.
- — salivary glands.
- — septum of the nose.
- — spermatic cord.
- — spine.
- — spleen.
- — sub-peritoneal tissue.
- Pyæmic, of the brain.
- — joints.
- — kidney.
- — liver.
- — lung.
- — spleen.
- of the testicle.
- Thecal
- of the tongue.
- Urinary of the male urethra.
- of the uterus.
- — uterine ligaments.
- — vagina.
- — vulva.

ABSCESSUS ANTRI.

- APERTIO.
- — PER ASPIRATIONEM.
- ARTICULORUM.
- BURSÆ.
- CEREBRI.
- — EX AURIS MORBO.
- — PYÆMICUS.
- COLIS.
- FORAMINIS AURIS.
- FUNICULI SEMINALIS.
- GLANDULÆ PROSTATÆ.
- — LACRYMALIS.
- GLANDULARUM SALIVOSARUM.
- ILLORUM ET PELVIS POST PARTUM.
- INTESTINI RECTI ET ANI.
- INTESTINORUM SUB PERITONÆO
ORTUS.
- JECORIS.
- LACUNARUM.
- LARYNGIS.
- LIENIS.
- LINGUÆ.
- MAMMÆ FEMINÆÆ.
- MUSCULORUM.
- MUSCULORUM CORDIS.
- NASI.
- ORBITÆ.
- OSSIIUM CHRONICUS VEL LONGUS.
- OVARII.
- PALPEBRARUM.
- PANCREATIS.
- PERINEPHRITICUS.
- PERIOSTEI ACUTUS.
- PONE PHARYNGEM.
- PSOADICI, LUMBARES, POST
PHARYNGEM, ALIQUÆ.
- PULMONIS.

ABSCESSUS PYÆMICUS ARTICULORUM.

- RENUM.
- SEPTI NASI.
- SINUS LACRYMALIS.
- TELÆ CONNEXIVÆ.
- TESTICULI.
- THECARUM.
- URINALIS.
- UTERI.
- — LIGAMENTORUM.
- VAGINÆ.
- VULVÆ.

Absent menstruation.

Absinthe (Poison).

ABSINTHIUM (Poison).

Absorption of dentine and cementum.

ACANTHIA LECTULARIA.

- CILIATA.
- ROTUNDATA.

ACANTHOCEPHALA.

ACCOMMODATIONIS MORBI.

ACCRETIO NOVA.

Accumulation of wax in external meatus.

Acetic acid (Poison).

ACHORION SCHÖNLEINII.

ACHROMATOPSIA.

Acid, Acetic (Poison).

- Carbazotic (Poison).
- Carbolic (Poison).
- Carbonic, Gas (Poison).
- Chronic (Poison).
- Hydrochloric (Poison).
- Hydrocyanic (Poison).
- Hydrofluoric (Poison).
- Nitric (Poison).
- Osmic (Poison).
- Oxalate of potash (Poison).
- Oxalic (Poison).
- Phosphoric (Poison).
- Phosphorous (Poison).
- Picric (Poison).
- Prussic (Poison).
- Sulphuric (Poison).
- Sulphurous (Poison).
- Tartaric (Poison).

ACIDUM ACETICUM (Poison).

- CARBAZOTICUM (Poison).
- CARBOLICUM (Poison).
- CARBONICUM (Poison).
- CHROMICUM (Poison).
- HYDROCHLORICUM (Poison).
- HYDROCYANICUM (Poison).
- HYDROFLUORICUM (Poison).
- NITRICUM (Poison).
- OSMICUM (Poison).
- OXALICUM (Poison).
- PHOSPHORICUM (Poison).
- PHOSPHOROSUM (Poison).

ACIDUM SULPHURICUM (Poison).

— SULPHUROSUM (Poison).

— TARTARICUM (Poison).

Acne.

ACNE ROSACEÆ.

Aconite (Poison).

Aconitia (Poison).

ACONITUM (Poison).

Acquired imbecility.

ACRASIA.

Action of cold.

ACTIONUM NATURALIUM VITIÆ.

ACUPRESSURA.

Acupressure.

Acupuncture of Hydatid Cyst.

Acute albuminuria.

— ascending paralysis.

— atrophy of liver.

— Bright's disease.

— bronchitis.

— cystitis.

Acute desquamative nephritis.

— hydrocephalus.

Acute inflammation of the breast.

— — — prostate gland.

— — — thyroid gland.

Acute laryngitis.

— nephritis.

— orchitis.

Acute periosteal abscess.

Acute pareuchymatous nephritis.

— pneumonic phthisis.

Acute renal dropsy.

Acute rheumatism.

— synovitis.

— tubal nephritis.

Addison, keloid of,

ADDISONI CHELOIDES.

— MELASMA.

— MORBUS.

Addison's disease.

Adenoid carcinoma.

— tumour of breast.

Adenoma, Tumour.

ADHÆRENTIA IN PLEURA.

Adherent pericardium.

Adhesions of the Fallopiian tube.

— — peritonæum.

— — pleura.

— — soft palate.

— — tendons.

AD NASUM RESTITUENDUM.

ADVERSUS FRACTURAM NON COEUNTEM.

— PALATUM FISSUM.

ÆTHERIS VAPOR (Poison).

ÆTHUSA CYNAPIUM (Poison).

Affections of the lacrymal apparatus.

— — lung due to inhalation of mechanical, chemical, or otherwise poisonous irritants.

Age, Old.

Ague.

— Brow-.

Agne cake.

Air-passages, Foreign bodies in,

— — Asphyxia from plugging of

Albinism.

— of choroid.

ALBINISMUS.

— TUNICÆ CHOROIDIS.

Albugo.

ALBUMINURIA.

Albuminuria, Acute.

— Chronic.

ALBUMINURIA, CHRONICA.

Alcohol (Poison).

Alcoholism.

ALCOHOLISMUS.

Aleppo button.

Alga of the mouth.

Alkaline Salts (Poison).

Alum (Poison).

ALUMEN (Poison).

Alveoli, abnormal development of the

— Caries of,

— Dentigerous cyst of,

— Exanthematous inflammation of,

— Exostosis of,

— Injuries of,

— Mercurial inflammation of,

— Necrosis of,

— Phosphoric inflammation and necrosis of,

— Rheumatic inflammation of,

— Scorbutic inflammation of,

— Syphilitic inflammation of,

ALVEOLORUM MORBI.

— EVOLUTIO ABNORMALIS.

— INFLAMMATIO ET NECROSIS EX PHOSPHORO.

— — EXANTHEMATICA.

— — MERCURIALIS.

— — PHOSPHORICA.

— — RHEUMATICA.

— — SCORBUTICA.

— — SYPHILITICA.

— ET DENTIIUM LÆSIONES.

ALVUS ABSTRACTA.

— SOLUTA.

Amaurosis.

- Amblyopia.
 AMBUSTA.
 — IN CUTI.
 — — EX FRIGORE.
 AMBUSTIO EX FRICTIONE.
 — — FRIGORE.
 — IN LARYNGE.
 Amenorrhœa.
 AMENTIA.
 Ametropia.
 Ammonia (Poison).
 Ammonio-magnesian phosphate calculus.
 Amphistoma hominis.
 AMPUTATIO DEFORMITATIS CAUSA.
 — CIRCULARIS.
 — LÆSIONIS CAUSA.
 — MORBI CAUSA.
 — OVATA.
 — PRIMARIA.
 — SECUNDARIA.
 Amputation of the clitoris.
 — for deformity.
 — — disease.
 — — injury.
 — Intermediate.
 — of the penis.
 — Primary.
 — Secondary.
 Amputations.
 — circular.
 — flap.
 — oval.
 AMYGDALÆ AMARÆ OLEUM (Poison).
 AMYLI NITRIS (Poison).
 Amyloid disease.
 — disease of the liver.
 — — — spleen.
 — kidney.
 Anal fissure, operation for,
 ✓ ANASARCA RENALIS ACUTA.
 Anæmia.
 — idiopathic.
 — of nervous system.
 — pernicious.
 ANÆMIA IDIOPATHICA.
 — NEVORUM APPARATUS.
 Anæsthæsia.
 Anæsthetic leprosy.
 Ancylostomum duodenale.
 Aneurysm, Note,
 — by anastomosis.
 — Arterio-venous.
 — Cirroid.
 — Diffused.
 — Dissecting.
 — Fusiform.
 Aneurysm of the coronary arteries.
 — — heart.
 — — pulmonary artery.
 — — valves of the heart.
 — Orbital.
 — Saccular.
 — Traumatic.
 — Varicose.
 — — Spontaneous.
 — — Traumatic.
 ANEURYSMA.
 — ARTERIAM INTER VENAMQUE.
 — CIRROIDES.
 — — CORDIS.
 — — DISSECCANS.
 — — DIFFUSUM.
 — — EX ANASTOMOSI.
 — — VULNERE.
 — FUSIFORME.
 — ORBITÆ.
 — SACCULATUM.
 — TRAUMATICUM.
 — VALVARUM CORDIS.
 — VARICOSUM.
 Aneurysmal varix.
 — — Spontaneous.
 — — Traumatic.
 ANGEIOMA ARTERIOSUM.
 — CAVERNOSUM.
 — — MISTUM.
 — — SIMPLEX.
 — — VENOSUM.
 Angeioma.
 — cavernous.
 — — arterial.
 — — — mixed.
 — — — venous.
 — — simple.
 Angina pectoris.
 ANGINA SPASMODICA.
 — TRACHEALIS.
 Angular curvature of the spine.
 ANI CONDYLOMA.
 — — RHAGADES.
 — — SPASMUS.
 — — ULCERATIO.
 — — VULNUS.
 Ani, Division of sphincter.
 — Pruritus.
 — Spasm of sphincter.
 Anidrosis.
 ANILINA (Poison).
 Aniline (Poison).
 Animal matter, Wounds poisoned by
 — dead,
 — parasites.
 — poisons.
 Animals having infectious disease,
 Wounds poisoned by,

ANIMÆ DEFECTIO.

Anisometropia.

Ankle, Dislocation of the foot at the,

Ankyloblepharon.

— Operation for,

Ankylosis of joint.

— of arytenoid cartilages.

— Deformity from.

— of ossicles of ear.

— — spine.

ANKYLOSIS ARTICULORUM.

— SPINÆ.

ANOPHTHALMUS.

Anosmia.

Anteflexion of the uterus.

Anterior cornual myelitis.

— curvature of the spine.

— poliomyelitis.

Anteversio of the uterus.

Anthomyia canicularis.

Anthrax.

ANTHRAX PALPEBRÆ.

Antimony.

ANTIMONIUM.

ANTRI ABSCESSUS.

— PARACENTESIS.

Antrum, Abscess of,

— Diseases of,

— Foreign bodies in,

Anus, Abscess of,

— Condyloma of,

— Fissure of,

— Fistula of,

— Hæmorrhage of,

— Impervious,

— Injuries of,

— Malformations of,

— Malignant new growth of,

— Narrowed,

— Neuralgia of,

— Non-malignant new growth of,

— Prolapsus of,

— Stricture of,

— Ulceration of,

— Wound of,

ANUS COARCTATUS AUT IMPERVIUS.

— IN SITU INUSITATO.

Aorta and pulmonary artery, Origins of, transferred.

— Commencement of descending, contracted or obliterated.

AORTA ASCENDENS A VENTRICULO SINISTRO ORSA, DESCENDENS A DEXTRO, PER DUCTUM ARTERIOSUM.

AORTÆ DESCENDENTIS CAPUT COARCTATUM AUT OBLITERATUM.

AORTÆ ET ARTERIÆ PULMONALIS CAPITA INTER SE TRANSPOSITA.

Aorta, Origin of ascending, from left ventricle, and of descending aorta from right ventricle.

Aortic valve-disease.

Aphakia.

Aphasia.

Aphonia.

Aphthæ.

APHTHÆ PARASITICÆ.

APOPLEXIA.

— E CALORE.

Apneumatosi.

APOPLEXIA PULMONALIS.

Apoplexy.

— Heat, Heat-stroke.

Apoplexy, Pulmonary.

AQUA LAUROCERASI (Poison).

Arachnida parasitica.

Arachnoid, Inflammation of.

ARCUS PALMARIS CONTRACTUS.

Arcus senilis.

Argas Persicus.

— Chinche.

ARGENTUM (Poison).

Arrows, Poisoned, Wounds by,

Arsenic (Poison).

ARSENICUM (Poison).

Arseniuretted Hydrogen (Poison).

ARTERIA HYALOIDES PERSISTENS.

ARTERIÆ DIRUPTIO.

— OBSTRUCTIO EX IMPACTIS COAGULIS.

— PULMONIS ANEURYSMA.

ARTERIARUM ANEURYSMA.

— CEREBRALIUM MORBI.

— COARCTATIO ET OBLITERATIO.

— CONTUSIO.

— CORONARIARUM MORBUS.

— DEGENERATIO.

— DILATATIO.

— DIRUPTIO.

— — IMPERFECTA.

— — PERFECTA.

— DISTRIBUTIO ABNORMIS.

— ET VENARUM DISTRIBUTIO ABNORMIS.

— HYPERTROPHIA.

— LESIONES.

— MORBI.

— OCCLUSIO EX COMPRESSU.

— PUNCTIO.

— SECTIO ABSOLUTA AUT NON-ABSOLUTA.

— TUBERCULOSIS.

— VULNUS.

Arteries, Aneurysm of,
 — — — by anastomosis of,
 — Atheroma of,
 — Calcareous degeneration of,
 — Cerebral, Diseases of the,
 — Cirroid aneurysm of,
 — Complete rupture of,
 — — from disease of artery.
 — — — external to artery.
 — Contusion of,
 — Degeneration of,
 — Dilatation of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Embolism of,
 — Fatty degeneration of,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Ligature of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Narrowing and obliteration of,
 — Occlusion of, by Compression.
 — Operations on the,
 — Partial rupture of,
 — Syphilis of,
 — Traumatic aneurysm of,
 — Thrombosis of,
 — Tuberculosis of,
 — Wound of,
 Arterio-capillary fibrosis.
 Arterio-venous aneurysm.
 Arteritis.
 ARTHRITIS.
 ARTHRITIS DEFORMANS.
 — NODOSA.
 — SATURNINA, SIVE EX PLUMBO.
 Arthritis (Gonorrhœal).
 Arthritis rheumatica chronica.
 Articular cartilage, Dislocation of,
 ARTICULI HYDROPS.
 — PERFORATI.
 ARTICULORUM (PRÆTER SPINAM)
 MORBI.
 — ABSCESSUS.
 — — PYÆMICUS.
 — ANKYLOSIS.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 — IN MEMBRIS INFERIORIBUS
 VULNERA.
 — — — SUPERIORIBUS VULNERA.
 — NEURALGIA.
 ARTICULUS NOTIUS.
 Artificial anus.
 Artificial pupil.
 Artificial respiration.
 ASCARIS LUMBRICOIDES.
 — MYSTAX.
 Ascites.
 Asiatic cholera.

Aspergillus.
 Asphyxia.
 — from compression of chest.
 — — gaseous poisons.
 — — overlying.
 — — plugging of air-passages.
 — — strangulation.
 — — submersion.
 ASPHYXIA DEMERSORUM.
 — EX AËRIBUS VENENOSIS.
 — — CORPORE SUPERINCUBANTE.
 — — THORACIS COMPRESSU.
 — ; SPIRITUS ITINERA EX CORPORIBUS
 ADVENTITIIS OBTURATA.
 — STRANGULATORUM.
 Aspiration of abscess.
 — — hydatid cyst.
 — — joint.
 — — tumours.
 Asthenopia.
 Asthma, Grinders',
 — Hay,
 — Miners',
 — Spasmodic,
 ASTHMA CULTRARIORUM.
 — EX FÆNISICIO.
 — METALLARIORUM.
 — SPASMODICUM.
 Astigmatism.
 ASTIGMATISMUS.
 Astragalus, Dislocation of,
 Ataxy, Locomotor,
 Atelectasis.
 ATHEROMA ARTERIARUM.
 Atheroma of arteries.
 — of the valves of the heart.
 ATHETOSIS.
 Atony of the uterus during parturition.
 Atresia of uterus.
 — — vagina.
 — — — Operation for,
 ATRESIA INGENITA URINÆ ITINERIS.
 ATROPHIA.
 — ACUTA JECORIS.
 — ALVEOLORUM.
 — CAPSULARUM SUPRARENALIU.
 — CEREBRI.
 — CORDIS.
 — CORPORIS THYROIDIS.
 — CUTIS.
 — DISCI OPTICI AUT PAPILLÆ.
 — GINGIVARUM.
 — GLANDULÆ PROSTATE.
 — GLANDULARUM LYMPHIFERARUM.
 — IRIDIS.
 — LIENIS.
 — LINEARIS CUTIS.

ATROPHIA LINGUÆ.

- MAMMÆ MULIEBRIS.
- MUSCULORUM.
- NERVORUM.
- OSSIUM.
- OVARII.
- RENUM.
- RETINÆ.
- SPINÆ.
- SPINALIS.
- TESTICULI.
- TUNICÆ CHOROIDIS.
- UNGUIUM.
- UTERI.
- VAGINÆ.

Atrophy.

- of bones.
- — alveoli.
- — brain.
- — breast.
- — choroid.
- — gums.
- — heart.
- — iris.
- — kidney.
- — liver.
- — — Acute yellow,
- — lymph-glands.
- — muscles.
- Progressive muscular.
- of the nails.
- — nerves.
- — nervous system.
- — optic disc or papilla.
- — ovary.
- — periosteum of jaws, gums, or alveoli.
- — prostate gland.
- — retina.
- — skin.
- — — Linear,
- — spine.
- — spinal cord.
- — spleen.
- — suprarenal capsules.
- — testicle.
- — thyroid body.
- — tongue.
- — uterus.
- — vagina.

Auditory vertigo.

- Auricle of the ear, Abscess of,
- — — Diseases of the,
- — — Gouty deposits in the,
- — — Hæmatoma of the,
- — — Inflammation of,
- — — Injuries of the,
- — — Malformations of the,
- — — Malignant New Growth of the,
- — — Non-malignant New Growth of the,
- — — Syphilis of,

AURIS ABSCESSUS.

- EXTERNÆ MORBI.
- EXTERIOR AUT IMPERFECTA AUT NULLA.
- HÆMATOMA.
- INFLAMMATIO.
- INTERIOR IMPERFECTA.
- INTERNÆ MORBI.
- — SYPHILIS.
- — NECROSIS.
- LÆSIONES.
- MEDIÆ MORBI.

AURIS SYPHILIS.

- TUMOR SEBACEUS.

AURICULÆ ET AURIS FORAMINIS MORBI.

Avulsion of a part, Injury.

Bæk, Contusion of,

- Injuries of,
- Sprain of,
- Wound of,

Balanitis.

BALBUTIES.

Barbadoes leg.

Barium (Poison).

Basedow's disease.

BASEDOWII MORBUS.

BASIS CALVARIÆ FRACTURA.

Bed-sore.

Belladonna (Poison).

Bending of Bone.

Benzol or Benzine (Poison).

BENZOLEUM (Poison).

Beri Beri.

BERIBERIA.

Bichloride of Methylen (Poison).

Bichromate of Potash (Poison).

Bilharzia hæmatobia.

Biliary ducts impervious.

— fistula.

Birth, Immaturity at,

— Premature,

Bismuth (Poison).

BISMUTHIUM (Poison).

Bisulphate of Potash or Soda (Poison).

Bisulphide of Carbon (Poison).

Bitter Almonds, Oil of (Poison).

Black Hellebore (Poison).

Black induration of lung.

Bladder, Calculus of,

- Diseases of,
- Distention of,

Bladder, Extroversion of,
 — Extroversion of the posterior wall of,
 -- Foreign bodies in,
 — Hæmorrhage of,
 — Hernia of,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Inflammation of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Inversion of,
 — Irritability of,
 — Laceration of, from fracture.
 — — — without wound.
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Neuralgia of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Paralysis of,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Rupture of,
 — — — from fracture.
 — — — without wound.
 — Sacculatation of,
 — Sloughing of,
 — — consequent on parturition.
 — Spasm of,
 — Suppurative Inflammation of,
 — Tapping of,
 — Ulceration of,
 — Wound of,
 Blaps mortisaga.
 Blennorrhagia.
 Blennorrhœa.
 Blepharitis.
 Blepharophimosis.
 Blepharospasm.
 BLEPHAROSPASMUS.
 Blood-tumour.
 Blood-vessel tumour.
 Blood vessels, Diseases of,
 — Injuries of,
 Blue line in gum, from lead.
 Boil.
 — Delhi,
 Bones, Abscess, Chronic, of,
 — Atrophy of,
 — Caries of,
 — Cyst of,
 — Degeneration (Fatty) of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Excision of,
 — Fatty degeneration of,
 — fracture of, Operation for un-united,
 — fracture of, Spontaneous,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Inflammation of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,

Bones, Necrosis of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Operations on,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Refracture of,
 — Removal of sequestra from,
 — Rickets of,
 — Syphilitic disease of,
 — Tubercle of,
 — Un-united fracture of,
 Bothriocephalus cordatus.
 — cristatus.
 — latus.
 Bony fibroma.
 — tumour.
 BOTULI (Poison).
 BRACHII FRACTURA.
 Brain, Abscess of,
 — — — Pyæmic.
 — absent,
 — Atrophy of,
 — Concussion of,
 — Congestion of,
 — Cyst of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Diseases of the arteries of the,
 — Dropsy of,
 — Ectopia of,
 — Hæmorrhage of,
 — Hernia of,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Inflammation of,
 — Laceration of, without fracture of skull.
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — rudimentary.
 — Sclerosis of,
 — Softening of,
 — — red,
 — — white,
 — — yellow,
 — Syphilitic disease of,
 — Tuberculosis.
 Brain-sand tumour.
 Break-bone fever.
 Breast, Abscess of,
 — — from parturition.
 — Adenoid tumour of,
 — Atrophy of,
 — Cyst of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Hyperæsthesia of,
 — Hyperæmia of,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Inflammation of,
 — — following parturition.
 — Malignant New Growth of,

Breast, Neuralgia of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Operations on,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Removal of,
 — Senile involution of,
 — Sinus of,
 BRIGHTII MORBUS.
 Bright's disease.
 Broad ligament of the uterus, Abscess
 of,
 — — — Cyst of,
 — — — Diseases of,
 — — — Inflammation of,
 Bromidrosis.
 Bromine (Poison).
 — Gaseous (Poison).
 BROMUM (Poison).
 Bronchi, Contraction of,
 — Dilatation of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Foreign bodies in,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Syphilis of,
 — Tubercle of,
 — Ulcer of,
 Bronchiectasis.
 BRONCHIORUM DILATATIO.
 Bronchitis.
 — Acute.
 — Catarrhal.
 — Chronic.
 — Plastic.
 BRONCHOCELE.
 — EXOPHTHALMICA.
 — CYSTICA.
 — FIBROSA.
 — GELATINOSA.
 — PARENCHYMATOSA.
 — VASCULARIS.
 Bronchocele.
 — Injection of,
 — Removal of,
 — Tapping of,
 BRONCHOCELES ABLATIO.
 — INJECTIO.
 — PARACENTESIS.
 Bronzed skin.
 Brown induration of the lung.
 Brucia (Poison).
 Bruise.
 — of secreting glands and viscera.
 — — muscles.
 — — skin.
 — with formation of hæmatoma or
 blood-cyst.

Brush-burn.
 Bubo.
 BUNO SYPHILITICUS.
 Bulbar paralysis.
 Bullets and shot, Removal of,
 Bunion.
 Burn and scald of the larynx.
 Burns and scalds.
 — — — of the skin.
 — — — — mucous membrane.
 Bursa patellæ, Inflamed,
 — Injuries of,
 BURSÆ ANCESSUS.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 — PATELLÆ AMPLIFICATIO.
 — TUMOR.
 Bursæ, Operations on,
 — mucosæ, proliferating hygromer of,
 Tumour,
 Bursal abscess.
 — tumour.
 BURSARUM LESIONES.
 — MUCOSARUM HYDROPS.
 — — HYGROMA PROLIFERANS.
 — ET TENDINUM THECARUM, MORBI.
 BURSITIS.
 CACHEXIA EX PLUMBO.
 — MALARIALIS.
 Cachexia, Lead,
 — Malarial,
 Cæsarean section.
 Calabar bean (Poison).
 Calcaneo-astragaloid and scapho-astra-
 galoid joints, Dislocation at, ;
 Calcareous degeneration.
 — — of the arteries.
 — — — dental pulp.
 — — — valves of the heart.
 Calcification of the pleura.
 Calculi, Biliary,
 — Renal, Removal of,
 — Urethral, Removal of,
 — Vesical, Removal of,
 CALCULI NILIARES.
 — FELLEI.
 CALCULORUM RENALIU ABLATIO.
 — EX VESICA ABLATIO.
 — EX URETHRA ABLATIO.
 Calculus.
 — of the bladder.
 — — — — Ammonio-magnesian-phos-
 phate, Triple phosphate.
 — — — — Carbonate of calcium.
 — — — — Cystine.
 — — — — Fibrinous.

Calculus of the bladder, Fusible.
 — — — — Oxalate of calcium.
 — — — — Phosphate of calcium.
 — — — — Triple phosphate.
 — — — — Urates.
 — — — — Uric acid.
 — — — — Uric oxide.
 — — — — Xanthin.

Calculus impacted, of the urethra.
 — of the kidney.
 — — pancreas.
 — — pelvis of the kidney.
 — — prostate gland.
 — Salivary.
 — in the ureter.

CALCULUS.
 — GLANDULÆ PROSTATÆ.
 — INFIXUS ITINERI URINÆ VIRILI.
 — IN IPSO RENE.
 — IN PELVE RENUM.
 — IN URETERE.
 — PANCREATIS.
 — PER URETERES DESCENSUS.
 — RENUM.
 — SALIVOSUS.
 — VESICÆ.
 — — ACIDUM URICUM.
 — — CALCIS CARBONAS.
 — — — OXALAS.
 — — — PHOSPHAS.
 — — — CYSTINA.
 — — — FIBRINOSUS.
 — — — FUSILIS.
 — — — PHOSPHAS TRIPLEX.
 — — — URATES.
 — — — XANTHINA.

CALORIS EFFECTUS.
 — ICTUS.

CALVARIA IMPERFECTA.

CALVARIÆ FISSURÆ.
 — SUPERIORIS FRACTURA.
 — — — E PENETRATIONE.
 — — — E PUNCTIONE.
 — — — EX INCISIONE.
 — — — EXTERNÆ TANTUM LAMELLÆ.
 — — — FORAS PATENS, OSSE DE-
 — — — — — PRESSO.
 — — — — — OSSE NON DEPRESSO.
 — — — — — INTERNÆ TANTUM LAMELLÆ.
 — — — — — SIMPLEX.
 — — — — — OSSE DEPRESSO.
 — — — — — NON DEPRESSO.
 — VULNUS.

CALX (Poison).

Camphor (Poison).

CAMPHORA (Poison).

CANALIS UTERI OCCLUSUS.

Cancer.

— Adenoid,

Cancer, Colloid,
 — Chimney-sweeper's,
 — Cylindroid,
 — Epithelioma,
 — Medullary,
 — Melanotic,
 — Scirrhus,
 Cancerum oris.

Canities.

Cannabis Indica (Poison).

Cantharides (Poison).

Cantharidin (Poison).

CANHDARIDINA (Poison).

CANTHARIS (Poison).

Capsule of the lens, Extraction of the
 opaque.

— — — — Laceration of the opaque.

CAPITIS PARACENTESIS.

CAPSULÆ OPACÆ EXTRACTIO.

— — LACERATIO.

CAPSULARUM SUPRARENALIUM ATRO-
 PHIA.

— — HYPERTROPHIA.

— — MORBI.

— — MORBUS LARDACEUS.

CAPUT AORTÆ DESCENDENTIS COARC-
 TATUM VEL OBLITERATUM.

— AUT NULLUM AUT RUDE.

Carbazotic Acid (Poison).

Carbonic Acid (Poison).

Carbonate of calcium caleulus.

Carbonic acid gas (Poison).

Carbonic oxide (Poison).

CARBONIS BISULPHIDUM (Poison).

— VAPOR (Poison).

Carbuncle.

— of eyelid.

CARBUNCULUS.

— PALPEBRÆ,

Carcinoma.

— Adenoid,

— Colloid,

— Cylindroid,

— Epithelioma,

— Medullary,

— Melanotic,

— Osteoid,

CARCINOMA ADENOIDES.

— CAMINOS PURGANTIUM.

— CYLINDROIDES.

— MEDULLOSUM.

— MELANOTICUM.

— OSTEOIDES.

Cardiac valves imperfect.

Caries of the alveoli.

— of bone.

Caries of dentine and cementum.

— — the orbit.

— and necrosis of the spine.

CARIES OSSIUM.

— ET NECROSIS SPINÆ.

CARO RANCIDA ET MORBIDA (Poison).

— VENENOSA (Poison).

CARPI LUXATIO.

— METACARPI, ET PHALANGIUM FRACTURA.

Carpus, Dislocation of,

— Fracture of,

Cartilage, Dislocation of articular,

— Loose,

— Ulceration of,

Cartilages and ligaments of the spine,

Ulceration of the,

— of larynx, Fracture of,

— — — Necrosis of,

— — — Ossification of,

— of ribs, Ossification of,

CARTILAGINIS AURIS AB OSSE DISJUNCTIONIO,

— ET SUMMORUM OSSIUM ARTICULARIUM DEGENERATIO.

— ULCERATIO.

Cartilaginous tumour.

CARTILAGO ARTICULARIS LOCO MOTA.

— LIBERA.

Caseation of the lymph-glands.

CASEUS VENENOSUS.

Castor-oil seeds (Poison).

CASTRATIO.

Castration.

Catalepsy.

CATALEPSIS.

Cataract,

— Calcareous,

— Capsular,

— Cortical,

— Diabetic,

— Hard or Senile,

— Lamellar,

— Lenticular or true,

— Nuclear,

— Morgagnian,

— Posterior polar,

— Shrunken,

— Soft,

— Traumatic,

— Zonular,

CATARACTA.

— CALCAREA.

— CAPSULARIS.

— CORTICALIS.

— CONTRACTA.

— DURA.

CATARACTA DIABETICA.

— LAMELLARIS.

— LENTICULARIS.

— MOLLIS,

— MORGAGNIANA.

— NUCLEARIS.

— POLARIS ANTERIOR.

— POLARIS POSTERIOR.

— TRAUMATICA.

— ZONULARIS.

Catarrh of the vagina during pregnancy.

Catarrhal brouchitis.

— conjunctivitis.

— inflammation of fauces,

— laryngitis.

— pneumonia.

CATARRHUS EPIDEMICUS.

— VAGINÆ.

— — IN GRAVIDIS.

Catheter, Passing of,

Catheterisation, Urethral,

— of œsophagus.

— — larynx.

Catheterism of Eustachian tube.

Cauterisation of vessels.

CAUTERIZATIO.

Caustic alkalies (Poison).

CAVA CORDIS, NUMERO DEFICIENTIA.

Cavernous angioma.

Cavities of the heart deficient in number.

CELLULARUM MASTOIDEARUM MORBI,

— — PERFORATIO.

Cellulitis, Pelvic,

— — consequent on parturition.

— of the orbit, and its varieties.

Cementum, Abnormal structure of,

Cephalhæmatoma, from contusion of the scalp.

Cephalic paracentesis.

Cerebral arteries, Diseases of,

— Hæmorrhage,

— nerves, Injuries of,

— veins and sinuses.

CEREBRI ABSCESSUS.

— CONCUSSIO.

— CONTUSIO.

— COMPRESSIO.

— DEFECTIO.

— ET EJUS MEMBRANARUM INFLAMMATIO.

— INFLAMMATIO.

— SINE CALVARIE FRACTURA LACERATIO,

— VULNUS.

Cerebri Hernia or fungus, from injury.

— — — Malformation.

CEREBRI FUNGUS.

CEREBRI HERNIA SIVE ECTOPIA,

— MOLLITIES ALBENS.

— — FLAVENS.

— — RUBENS.

Cerebro-spinal fever.

— — meningitis, Epidemic.

CEREBRUM RUDE VEL MINUS ABSOLUTUM.

CÆRULEA EX PLUMBO GINGIVA.

CERUMEN NIMIUM.

CERUMINIS ET CORPORUM ADVENTITIORUM AB AURIS FORAMINE ABLATIO.

CERVICIS FEMORIS FRACTURA.

— PRÆTER VERTEBRARUM, LÆSIONES.

Cervix femoris, Fracture of,

CERVIX UTERI PRODUCTA.

Cervix uteri, Dilatation of,

— — Cancer of, as an obstacle to parturition.

— — Ectropium of,

— — Elongation of,

— — connected with pregnancy.

— — Hæmorrhage from Thrombus of, during parturition,

— — Laceration of,

— — — lacerated,

— — Malposition of, obstacle to parturition.

— — Operation for enlarging.

— — Removal of,

— — Sloughing of, consequent on parturition.

Cestoda.

Cevadilla (Poison).

Chalazion.

Chancre, Hard.

Chapped nipple.

Chaps.

Charbon.

Charcoal fumes, (Poison).

Charcot's disease.

CHARCOTII MORBUS.

Cheese, Poisonous,

Cheloid.

Chemosis and varieties, conjunctiva.

Chest, Contusion of,

— Injuries of,

— perforating wound of,

— wound of the parietes of the,

Chicken pox.

Chigoe.

Chilblain.

Chimney-sweeper's Cancer.

Chionyphe Carteri.

Chironomus plumosus.

Chloasma.

Chloral Hydrate (Poison).

CHLORALIS HYDRAS (Poison).

Chlorinated Soda and Lime (Poison).

Chlorine (Poison).

Chloroform (Poison).

— vapour (Poison).

CHLOROFORMI VAPOR (Poison).

CHLOROFORMUM (Poison).

Chlorosis.

CHLORUM (Poison).

CHOLECYSTOTOMIA ADVERSUM CALCULUM IN FIXUM.

Cholecystotomy.

Cholera.

— Asiatic,

— Infantum,

— Nostras,

CHOLERA ASIATICA.

— EPIDEMICA.

— PESTIFERA.

— SPORADICA.

Cholera, Simple,

— Sporadic,

Chondroma.

CHORDÆ.

Chordee.

Chorea.

Choroid, Atrophy of,

— Injuries of,

— Hæmorrhage of.

— Malformation of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

CHOROIDIS ET PROCESSUM CILIARIUM FISSURA.

Choroiditis.

Chromate of lead (Poison).

Chromatopsia.

Chrome yellow (Poison).

Chromic acid (Poison).

CHROMIDROSIS.

Chromium (Poison).

Chronic abscess of bone.

— albuminuria.

— Bright's disease.

— bronchitis.

— cystitis.

— enlargement of the prostate gland.

— hydrocephalus.

— — Acquired,

— — Congenital,

Chronic inflammation of the breast.
 — — — thyroid gland.
 — interstitial inflammation of the lungs.
 — laryngitis.
 — mammary tumour.
 — nephritis.
 — ophthalmia.
 — orchitis.
 — osteo-arthritis.
 — — — of spine.
 — peritonitis.
 — pleurisy.
 — pneumatic phthisis.
 — rheumatic arthritis.
 — rheumatism.
 — synovitis.
 — Ulcer of the Skin, Operation for,
 Chyluria.

CIBI NIMIETAS.

Cicatrices.

Cicatricial adhesions, Division of,
 — syphilis.

CICATRICUM ADHÆRENTIUM SECTIO.

CICATRIZATIO.

Cicatrisation.

Cicatrix, or band, of the vagina.

CICATRIX AUT HABENULA IN VAGINA.

CICUTA VIROSA (Poison).

Ciliary body, Diseases of,

CINGULUM.

Circular amputation.

Circulatory organs, Operation on,

Circumscribed Periostitis.

— CIRRHOSIS JECORIS.

— — HYPERTROPHICA.

— PULMONIS.

Cirrhosis of the liver.

— — lung.

CIRSOCELE.

Cirsoid aneurysm.

Clap.

Clavicle, Dislocation of,

Clavicle, Fracture of,

CLAVICULÆ FRACTURA.

— LUXATIO.

CLAVUS.

Cleft palate.

— Operation for,

Climacteric insanity.

CLIMACTERICA INSANIA.

CLITORIDIS AMPUTATIO.

Clitoris, Amputation of,
 Clot.

Clots in the heart.

Club-foot.

Club-hand.

COAGULA CORDIS.

Coagulum.

Coal gas (Poison).

COARCTATIO LARYNGIS.

— TRACHEÆ ET BRONCHIORUM.

— VENTRICULI.

Cocculus Indicus (Poison).

Coccygodynia.

— Operation for,

Cœlognathus morsitans.

COËUNDI IMPOTENTIA.

Colchicum (Poison).

Colectomy.

COLES PUSILLUS.

COLI DIVERTICULA.

Colic.

— Biliary,

— Lead,

COLICA.

— BILIARIS.

— EX PLUMBO.

— PICTORUM.

COLIS MORBI.

Colitis.

Collapse of lung.

COLLAPSIO PULMONIS.

Colloid carcinoma.

COLLONEMA.

Coloboma of the choroid and ciliary
 body.

— — eyelids.

— — iris.

— — retina.

— — sclerotic.

— — sheath of optic nerve.

COLOBOMA NERVI OPTICI THECÆ.

Colocynth (Poison).

COLOCYNTHIS, (Poison).

Colon, Diverticula of,

COLOTOMIA.

Colotomy.

— Inguinal,

— — bar,

COLUM.

— EX PLUMBO.

— PICTORUM.

Commencement of the descending
 aorta, contracted or obliterated.

COMMISSURÆ PECTINIS FISSURA.

Compound fracture of the vault of the skull.

COMPRESSIO ARTERIÆ.

Compression.

— of nerves.

— of the brain.

— — — chest, Asphyxia from,

— — — spinal cord, without fracture or dislocation.

— of vessel to arrest hæmorrhage.

Concentric hypertrophy of bones.

CONCRETA IN INTESTINIS.

Concretion.

Concretions, Intestinal.

— Salivary, Operation for.

CONCRETUM.

CONCUSSIO CEREBRI.

Concussion of the brain.

— — spinal cord.

CONCUSSUS.

Condyloma.

— of the anus.

— — skin.

— — — of the penis.

— — — — vulva.

CONDYLOMA ANI.

— CUTIS.

— LATUM.

— PENIS.

— VULVÆ.

Congenital distortions.

— — of cranium.

— — — limbs.

— — — spine.

— — — thorax.

— hydrocele of the tunica vaginalis.

— imbecility.

— inguinal hernia.

— phimosis.

— ptosis.

— syphilis.

Congestio jecoris.

CONGESTIO LIENIS.

— NERVORUM APPARATUS.

— OPTICI DISCI.

— PASSIVA PULMONIS.

Congestion of the kidney.

— — — liver.

— — — lung.

— — — optic disc.

— — — nervous system.

— — — spleen.

Conia (Poison).

Conical cornea.

Conium (Poison).

Conjunctiva, Chemosis of,

Conjunctiva, Ecchymosis of,

— Emphysema of,

— Foreign bodies in,

— Hyperæmia of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Metallic stains of,

— — — from lead.

— — — from nitrate of silver.

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Œdema of,

— Parasitic disease of,

— Pinguecula of,

— Pterygium of,

— Wound of,

CONJUNCTIVÆ VULNUS.

Conjunctivitis.

CONJUNCTIVITIS CATARRHALIS.

— CHRONICA.

— DIPHThERICA.

— GONORRHOÏCA.

— GRANULARIS.

— MEMBRANOSA.

— NEONATORUM.

— PILYCTENULARIS.

— PURULENTA.

Connective tissue, Abscess of,

— — Diseases of,

— — Emphysema of,

— — Foreign substances in,

— — Hæmorrhage of,

— — Inflammation of,

— — Malignant New Growth of,

— — Non-malignant New Growth of,

— — Operations on,

— — Parasitic disease of,

— — Slough of,

Consecutive insanity, from fevers, &c.

CONSTIPATIO.

Constipation.

Constitutional syphilis.

CONSTRICTIO TEMPORARIA ARTERIARUM.

Constriction, temporary, of arteries.

Continued fever, Simple,

Continuity of nerves with nerve centres, Incomplete.

Contracted palmar fascia.

Contracting granular kidney.

CONTRACTIO.

CONTRACTIO BULBI.

— DUPUYTRENII.

— MUSCULORUM.

— TRACHEÆ ET BRONCHIORUM.

— VENTRICULI.

Contraction.

Contraction, Dupuytren's

Contraction of tendons, Fasciæ,

Contraction of the trachea and bronchi.

— — stomach.

— — vagina, Operation for effecting,

Contracture of muscles.

Contused wound.

Contusion.

CONTUSIO.

— A TERGO.

— CUM FORMATO HÆMATOMATE.

— IN ABDOMINE.

— IN MEMBRIS INFERIORIBUS.

— — — SUPERIORIBUS.

— IN THORACE.

Contusion of the abdomen.

— — — with rupture of muscles.

— — — — of viscera.

— of arteries.

— of the back.

— — brain.

— — chest.

— — eye.

— — — with dislocation of the lens.

— — — — hæmorrhage into the globe.

— — — — rupture of the sclerotic.

— — face.

— — heart or lung, without wound.

— — lower extremity.

— — lymph gland.

— — mucous membrane.

— — nerves.

— — organs of generation.

— — pelvis.

— — pinna.

— — scalp.

— — skull.

— — soft parts of the neck.

— — testicle.

— — upper extremity.

CONTUSUM A TERGO.

— IN ARTERIIS.

— — FACIE.

— — MEMBRIS INFERIORIBUS.

— — MEMBRIS SUPERIORIBUS.

— — OCULO.

— — PARTIBUS MOLLIORIBUS CERVICIS.

— — PELVI.

— — THORACE.

— — VENTRE.

— — — RUPTIS MUSCULIS.

— — — RUPTIS VISCERIBUS.

CONTUSUS OCULUS CUM HÆMORRHAGIA INTERIORE.

— — LENTE ELISA.

— — RUPTIS SCLEROTICA.

CONVULSIO.

Convulsions, Symptomatic.

— consequent on parturition.

— during parturition.

— Puerperal.

Copper (Poison).

Cord, Spermatie, Abscess of,

— — Diseases of,

— — Hæmatocele, Diffused of,

— — Hydrocele of,

— — — Diffused,

— — — Eneysted,

— — — Inflammation of,

— — — Injuries of,

— — — Neuralgia of,

— — — Non-malignant New Growth of,

— — — Varicocele of,

Cord, Spinal, Compression of, without fracture or dislocation,

— — Concussion of,

— — Wound or laceration of,

CORDIS AUT PULMONIS SINE VULNERE CONTUSIO.

— — — DIRUPTIO CITRA VULNUS AUT FRACRAM.

— CAVA NUMERO DEFICIENTIA.

— COAGULA.

— DEFECTUS.

— EJUSQUE MEMBRANARUM MORBI.

— HERNIA SIVE ECTOPIA.

— OSTIA OBSTRUCTA VEL IMPERFECTA.

— PALPITATIO ET TUMULTUS.

— SEPTA IMPERFECTA.

— SUBSTANTIÆ MUSCULARIS ABSCESSUS.

— — — ADIPIB. NIMIA ABUNDANTIA.

— — — ATROPHIA.

— — — DEGENERATIO.

— — — HYPERTROPHIA.

— — — INFLAMMATIO.

— — — MORBI.

— VALVÆ IMPERFECTÆ.

Corn.

Cornea, Arcus senilis of,

— conical,

— Fistula of,

— Foreign bodies in,

— Inflammation of,

— Injuries of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Opacity of,

— Staphyloma of,

— Wound of,

— Ulcer of, and varieties.

CORNEA CACUMINATA.

— OPACA.

CORNEÆ VULNUS.

CORNU.

Coronary arteries, Disease of,

CORPORA ADVENTITIA IN INTESTINIS.

— — — ANTRO.

— — — BRONCHII.

— — — CONJUNCTIVA.

CORPORA ADVENTITIA IN CORNEA.

- — — FORAMINE AURIS.
- — — ITINERE URINÆ VIRILE.
- — — LARYNGE.
- — — NARIBUS.
- — — ŒSOPHAGO.
- — — ORGANIS ABSORBENTIBUS.
- — — PARTIBUS MOILLIORIBUS FACIÆ.
- — — PERITONÆO SITA.
- — — PHARYNGE.
- — — PULMONE.
- — — RECTO INTESTINO ET ANO.
- — — SPIRITUS ITINERIBUS.
- — — TELA CONNEXIVA.
- — — TRACHEA.
- — — URETHRA.
- — — VAGINA.
- — — VENTRICULO.
- — — VESICA.

— — — INTRA OCULUM RECEPTA.

— IRRITANTIA.

— LIBERA IN TUNICA VAGINALI.

CORPORIS THYROIDIS ATROPHIA.

— — — HYPERTROPHIA.

— — — INFLAMMATIO.

— — — MORBI.

— — — MORBUS PARASITICUS.

— — — TUMORES MALIGNI.

— VITREI MORBI.

CORPORUM ADVENTITIORUM IN OCULO EXTRACTIO.

— — — — — EXTRANEOBUM EFFECTUS.

CORPUS ADVENTITIUM IN PUNCTO LACHRYMALE.

— — — — — LIBERUM IN ARTICULO.

Coryza.

COSTARUM CARTILAGINES LOCO MOTÆ DE OSSE PECTORALI.

— — — — — INTER SE.

— — — — — CARTILAGINUM OSSIFICATIO.

— — — — — FRACTURA CARTILAGINUMQUE IN COSTIS ILLESO PULMONE AUT CORDE.

— — — — — LÆSO PULMONE.

— — — — — — — — — CUM EMPHYSE-MATE.

— — — — — — — — — HÆMOTHORACE.

— — — — — — — — — PNEUMOTHORACE.

— — — — — — — — — CUM CORDIS AUT PERICARDII LÆSIONE.

Costal cartilages, Dislocation of,

Cow-pox.

COXÆ MALUM SENILE.

— — — — — MORBUS.

Crab-louse.

Cramp.

CRANII DISTORTIONES INGENITÆ.

CRANII CONTUSIO.

Craniotomy.

Cranium defective.

— — — — — Congenital distortions of,

Cretinism.

CRETINISMUS.

Croton Oil (Poison).

Croup.

— — — — — Spasmodic,

Croupous pneumonia.

CRURIS OSSIS FLEXURA.

— — — — — SURCULARIA FRACTURA.

— — — — — UTRIUSQUE OSSIS FRACTURA.

Crush, complete, of a part.

CRUSTACEA VENENOSA.

Crustaceans, poisonous.

Cryptococcus cerevisiæ.

CUCURBITULA ADHIBITA.

Cnlex annulatus.

— — — — — anxifer.

— — — — — pipiens.

— — — — — pulicans.

CULTRARIORUM ASTHMA.

Cupping.

CUPRUM (Poison).

Curara (Poison).

CURVATURA SPINÆ ANGULARIS.

— — — — — EX TRANSVERSO.

— — — — — IN DORSUM.

— — — — — FRONTEM.

— — — — — RACHITICA.

Curvature of spine, Angular,

— — — — — Anterior,

— — — — — Lateral,

— — — — — Posterior,

— — — — — Rickety,

Cnt-throat.

Cutaneous cyst of ovary.

Cnterebra noxialis,

Cutis ærea.

CUTIS MORBI.

— — — — — ET TELÆ HYPODERMICÆ LESIONES.

— — — — — ABRASIO.

— — — — — AMBUSTA.

— — — — — — — — — EX FRIGORE.

— — — — — — — — — CONTUSIO.

— — — — — — — — — CORPUS ADVENTITIUM.

— — — — — — — — — IRRITANTIUM AUT CORROSIVORUM EFFECTUS.

— — — — — — — — — VULNUS.

— — — — — — — — — INSERTIO.

— — — — — — — — — MORBI PARASITICI.

Cutting off uvula.

Cyanide of potassium (Poison).

Cyanogen (Poison).
 CYANOGENIUM (Poison).
 Cyanosis.
 CYCLODELLA LUMBRICOIDES.
 Cyclops.
 Cyliindroid carcinoma.
 CYNANCHE GANGRÆNOSA.
 Cynanche parotidea.
 CYNANCHE PUTRIS.
 Cyst.
 Cyst of the antrum.
 — — — alveoli, Dentigerous,
 — of bone.
 — of the breast.
 — — — broad ligament of the uterus.
 — Cutaneous, of ovary.
 — Dentigerous,
 — — of the ovary.
 — Dermoid,
 — — of the ovary.
 — of the eyelids.
 — — — Fallopian tube.
 — — — breast.
 — — — jaws.
 — — — kidney.
 — — — larynx.
 — — — liver.
 — — — male mamilla.
 — — — mouth.
 — — — muscle.
 — — — nervous system.
 — — — nose, Sebaceous,
 — — — ovary.
 — — — — Cutaneous,
 — — — — Dentigerous,
 — — — — pancreas.
 — Parovarian.
 — of the prostate gland.
 — — salivary glands.
 — Sebaceous.
 — of the spleen.
 — — — testicle.
 — — — uterine ligaments.
 — — — vagina.
 — — — vulva.
 Cystic disease of the kidney.
 — Goitre.
 — tumour of the ovary (simple).
 — — — — (multiple).
 — — — — (proliferous).
 — — — — with intracystic growths.
 Cysticercus.
 CYSTIUM IN OVARIO, ET CYSTIUM IN
 LIGAMENTO LATO PARACENTESIS.
 CYSTINA CALCULUS.
 Cystis dermatodes ovarii.
 CYSTIS.
 — DENTIGERA.

CYSTIS DERMATOIDES.
 — — OVARII.
 — GLANDULE PROSTATE.
 — JECORIS.
 — LARYNGIS.
 — LIGAMENTI LATI.
 — MAMMÆ MULIEBRIS.
 — MAXILLÆ VIRILIS.
 — MAXILLARUM.
 — MEIBOMIANA.
 — MUSCULORUM.
 — NERVORUM APPARATUS.
 — OSSIUM.
 — OVARII.
 — — CONTINENS CORPORA AD TEGU-
 MENTORUM SIMILITUDINEM STRUCTA.
 — — — OSSA, DENTES, CORPORA MUS-
 CULOSA AUT NERVOSA.
 — OVARII CUTIGERA SIVE PILOSA.
 — — INTUS INNASCENTE MATERIA
 MORBIDA.
 — PALPEBRARUM.
 — PAROVARII.
 — RENUM.
 — SEBACEA AURICULÆ.
 — — NASI.
 — TARSALIS.
 — TUBE FALLOPIANÆ.
 — VULVÆ.

Cystitis.

Cystocele.

CYSTOSARCOMA OVARII.

Cystosarcoma of the ovary.

Cysts.

Daeryoadenitis.

Daeryocystitis.

DACRYOLITHI.

Daeryo-lithiasis.

Daeryops.

Dance, St. Vitus',

Darnel (Poison).

Deadly nightshade (Poison).

DEBILITAS.

Debility.

Decapitation.

Decayed meat (Poison).

DEFECTIO ANIMÆ.

— CEREBRI.

— GENITALIUM MULIEBRUM.

— — VIRILIUM.

DEFECTIOES VISUS.

Defective growth of lower jaw.

Deficiency of milk.

DEFORMITAS ARTICULORUM EX ANKY-
 LOSI.

— INGENITA.

DEFORMITATES INGENITÆ.

- — ANI.
- — ARTERIARUM.
- — AURICULÆ.
- — AURIS EXTERNÆ.
- — — INTERIORIS.
- — CEREBRI.
- — CHOROIDIS.
- — CLITORIDIS.
- — COLIS.
- — CORDIS.
- — CORPORIS VITREI.
- — DUCTUUM JECORIS ET VESICULÆ FELLIS.
- — DUCTUS NASALIS.
- — FORAMINIS AURIS.
- — GENITALIUM MULIEBRIMUM.
- — — VIRILIUM.
- — GLOBI.
- — INTESTINORUM.
- — IRIDIS.
- — ITINERIS URINÆ VIRILIS.
- — JECORIS.
- — LABRORUM.
- — LARYNGIS.
- — LENTIS CAPSULÆQUE.
- — LIENIS.
- — LINGUÆ.
- — MAMMÆ MULIEBRIS.
- — MAXILLARUM.
- — MEDULLÆ IN SPINA.
- — MEMBRORUM.
- — NASI.
- — NERVI OPTICI.
- — NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- — ŒSOPHAGI.
- — OSSIUM.
- — OVARII.
- — PALATI ET FAUCIUM.
- — PALPEBRARUM.
- — PENIS.
- — PERICARDII.
- — PERITONÆI.
- — PHARYNGIS ET ŒSOPHAGI.
- — PULMONIS.
- — RENUM.
- — RESPIRANDI APPARATUS.
- — RETINÆ.
- — SANGUINIS APPARATUS.
- — SCROTI.
- — SPINÆ.
- — TESTICULORUM.
- — TRACHÆ ET BRONCHIORUM.
- — TUNICÆ CONJUNCTIVÆ.
- — URETICÆ.
- — URINÆ APPARATUS.
- — UTERI.
- — VAGINÆ.
- — VALVARUM CORDIS.
- — VESICÆ.
- — VULVÆ.

DEFORMITATIS CAUSA AMPUTATIO.

Deformity, Amputation for,

- from ankylosis of joint.
- of spine, Angular,
- — — from malformation.

DEGENERATIO.

- ADIPOSA.
- — ET CALCAREA ARTERIARUM.
- — — VALVARUM CORDIS.
- — CORDIS.
- — MUSCULORUM.
- CALCAREA.
- CARTILAGINIS ET SUMMORUM OSSIUM ARTICULARIUM.
- COLLOIDES.
- FIBROSA.
- — CORDIS.
- IN PULPAM MEMBRANÆ SYNOVIALIS.
- LARDACEA.
- MUCOSA.

Degeneration.

- Calcareous.
- — of dental pulp.
- Colloid.
- Fatty.
- Fatty and Calcareous, of arteries.
- — — of valves of the heart.
- — of the heart.
- — of dental pulp.
- — of muscles.
- of arteries.
- — cartilage, and of the articular surfaces of bones.
- Fibroid,
- — of the heart.
- — of muscles.
- Lardaceous,
- Mucous,
- Pigmentary, of the heart.
- Pulpy, of the synovial membrane of joints.

Delayed involution of the Thymus.

Delhi boil.

DELIRIUM ALCOHOLICUM.

Delirium tremens.

Delivery, Sudden death after,

- — — from embolism.
- — — — shock or nervous exhaustion.
- — — — thrombosis.

Dementia.

DEMENTIA EX ALIQUA CAUSA PRODIENS.

Demodex folliculorum.

Dengue.

DENGUIS.

Dental periosteum, Abscess of,

- — Atrophy of,
- — Exanthematous inflammation of,
- — Gangrene of,

Dental periosteum, Hypertrophy of,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — Mercurial inflammation of,
 — — Necrosis of,
 — — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — — Phosphoric inflammation of,
 — — Rheumatic inflammation of,
 — — Scorbatic inflammation of,
 — — Syphilis of,
 — — Suppuration of,
 — — Syphilitic inflammation of,
 — — Ulceration of,

Dental pulp, Diseases of,
 — — Degenerations of, and varieties.
 — — Gangrene of,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — — Ulceration of,

Dental tissues, Diseases of,

DENTES AUT NULLI AUT INCHOATI.
 — IMPACTI.
 — MINUS RECTE POSITI.
 — SYPHILITICI.

Dentigerous cyst of alveolus.
 — — of the ovary.

DENTINE ET CEMENTI MORBI.
 — — — CARIES.
 — — — EXTENUATIO.
 — — — NECROSIS.

Dentine, Absorption of,
 — Caries of,
 — Exostosis of,
 — Necrosis of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Odontoma.

DENTITIO.

DENTIUM AUT OMNIUM AUT ALIQUORUM
 DEFECTUS.
 — EXTRACTIO.
 — FORMA ABNORMIS.
 — MORBI.
 — OBTURATIO.
 — PERIOSTEI INFLAMMATIO MERCURI-
 ALIS, SIVE EX HYDRARGYRO.
 — STRUCTURA ABNORMIS.

Deposit, Gouty, of the auricle.
 — — in bones.
 — — in joints.

DEPOSITA PODAGRICA IN ARTICULIS.
 — — — AURICULA.
 — — — OSSIBUS.

Depressed nipple.

DEPRESSIO LENTIS.

Depression of the lens.

Deprivation of water.

Dermatitis exfoliata.

DERMATAGRA.

Dermoid cyst.
 — — of the ovary.

DESCENSUS CALCULI PER URETERES.

Detachment of retina.

Development, Abnormal, of the alveoli.
 — — Errors of,

DEVORANDI DIFFICULTAS.

Diabetes mellitus.
 — insipidus.

Diaphragm, Fissure of,
 Diaphragmatic hernia.

DIAPHRAGMATIS FISSURA.

Diarrhœa.
 — Epidemic,
 DIARRHŒA.
 — EPIDEMICA.

DIDUCTIO EPIPHYSIUM.

Diffuse fibroma.
 — periostitis.

Diffused aneurysm.
 — palmar ganglion.

Digitalin (Poison).

DIGITALINA (Poison).

Digitalis (Poison).

DIGITI MANUS AUT PEDIS COHERENTES.

DIGITORUM NODI.

DILATATIO.

— ARTERIARUM.
 — BRONCHIORUM.
 — CORDIS.
 — INTESTINORUM.
 — ŒSOPHAGI.
 — PHARYNGIS.
 — SIMPLEX OSTIORUM CORDIS.
 — TUBÆ FALLOPIANÆ.
 — VASORUM LYMPHIFERORUM.
 — VESICULÆ FELLIS.
 — VENTRICULI.

Dilatation.

— of arteries.
 — — brouchi.
 — — Fallopian tube.
 — — female urethra.
 — — heart.
 — — — left side of the,
 — — — right side of the,
 — — — valvular orifices of the,
 — — gall bladder.
 — — cervix uteri.
 — — intestines.
 — — lymphatic vessels.
 — — os uteri.
 — — pharynx and œsophagus.
 — — stomach.

Diphtheria.

Diphtheritic paralysis.

Diplopia.

Direct inguinal hernia.

DIRUPTA EX PARTE ARTERIA.

DIRUPTIO.

— ARTERIE.

— — EX IPSIUS VITIO.

— — — MORBO EXTRANEQ.

— CHOROIDIS.

— CORDIS.

— — AUT PULMONIS CITRA VULNUS
AUT FRACTURAM.

— MUSCULORUM.

— — SPONTANEA.

— TENDINUM.

— VENARUM.

— VENTRICULI SPONTANEA.

— VEL LACERATIO PERINEI IN PARTURIENTIBUS.

— — — UTERI IN PARTURIENTIBUS.

— — — VAGINÆ IN PARTURIENTIBUS.

— — — VESICE IN PARTURIENTIBUS.

Discharge, Watery, from the uterus during pregnancy.

DISCI OPTICI CONGESTIO.

— — OEDEMA.

Disease, Addison's,

— Basedow's,

— Bright's,

— — Acute,

— — Chronic,

— Chareot's.

— of the coronary arteries.

— Graves's,

— of the lacrymal gland.

— Lardaceous,

— Wool-sorters',

Diseased meat (Poison).

Diseases of the Alveoli.

— — Anus.

— — Antrum.

— — Arteries.

— — Auricle.

— — Bladder.

— — Blood Vessels.

— — Bones.

— — Breast.

— — Bronchi.

— — Bursæ.

— — Cerebral arteries.

— — Choroid and ciliary body.

— — Conjunctiva.

— — Connective tissue.

— — Coronary arteries.

— — Cord, Spermatie,

— — — Spinal,

— — Cornea.

— — Cutaneous System.

Diseases Dental periosteum.

— — Dental pulp.

— — Dental tissues.

— — Dentine and Cementum.

— — of the Ear, External,

— — — Internal,

— — — Middle,

— — Eustachian tube.

— — External meatus of the ear.

— — Eyelids.

— — Fallopian tube.

— — Fauces.

— — Breast.

— — Organs of Generation.

— — Gall Bladder.

— — Generation, Female Organs of,

— — — Male Organs of,

— — Gums.

— — Heart and its membranes.

— — — of the Muscular Substance of the,

— — — of the Valves of the,

— — Hepatic ducts and gall bladder.

— — Hernial sacs.

— — Intestines.

— — Iris.

— — Jaws.

— — Joints.

— — Kidney and ducts.

— — Lacrymal apparatus.

— — — gland.

— — — sac.

— — — tracts.

— — Larynx.

— — Lens and its capsule.

— — Lips.

— — Liver.

— — Locomotion, of the Organs of,

— — of the Lung.

— — the Lymphatics.

— — Male Breast.

— — Male Organs of Generation.

— — Male urethra,

— — Mastoid cells.

— — Mediastinum.

— — Membrana tympani.

— — Membranes of the heart.

— — Mental,

— — of the Mesenteric glands.

— — Mouth.

— — Muscles.

— — Nasal duct.

— — Nerves.

— — Orbit.

— — Oesophagus.

— — Optic nerve.

— — Ossicles of the Ear.

— — Ovary.

— — Palate and Fauces.

— — Pancreas.

— — Penis.

— — Pericardium.

— — Periosteum of the Jaws

Diseases of the Peritonæum.

- — Pharynx.
- — Pleura.
- — Prostate gland.
- — Rectum and Anus.
- — Retina.
- — Salivary glands.
- — Sclerotic.
- — Scrotum.
- — Skin.
- — — Parasitic,
- — Sheaths of Tendons.
- — Spermatic cord.
- — Spine.
- — Spleen.
- — Stomach.
- — Suprarenal capsules.
- — Teeth, Alveoli, and Gums.
- — Tendons and Fasciæ.
- — Testicle.
- — Thymus.
- — Thyroid body.
- — Tongue.
- — Trachea and bronchi.
- — Tunica vaginalis.
- — Tympani, Membrana,
- — Tympanum.
- — — Ossicles of the,
- — Urethra.
- — Uterus, including the Cervix.
- — Vagina.
- — Veins.
- — Vitreous humour.
- — Vulva.

Dislocation of articular cartilage.

- astragalus.
- at the calcaneo-astragaloid and scapho-astragaloid joints.
- of carpus.
- clavicle.
- costal cartilages.
- femur at the hip.
- fibula, of the head,
- foot at the ankle.
- globe of the eye.
- humerus.
- hyoid bone.
- knee.
- lens.
- lower jaw.
- metacarpus.
- metatarsus and phalanges.
- nasal cartilages.
- os calcis.
- patella.
- phalanges of thumb.
- — fingers.
- radius.
- — and ulna.
- scapula.
- spine.

Dislocation of tarsal bones.

- — ulna.

Disorders of muscular apparatus of the eye.

- Urinary,
- of Vision.

Displacement of articular cartilage.

- — Fallopian tube.
- — muscles.
- — the ovary.
- — tendon.

Displacements and distortions of uterus.

- of the uterus during pregnancy.

Dissecting Aneurysm.

Disseminated sclerosis.

Distension of the bladder.

- — Fallopian tube with blood.
- — frontal sinuses.
- — uterus.
- — — with blood.
- — — secretion.
- — — pus.

DISTENTIO UTERI.

- VESICÆ.

Distoma crassum.

- conjunctum.
- heterophyes.
- lanceolatum.
- ophthalmobium.
- Ringeri.
- Sinense.

DISTOMA HEPATICUM.

DISTORTIONES INGENITÆ.

Distortions, Congenital,

- — of cranium.
- — — limbs.
- — — spine.
- — — thorax.
- of the uterus.

Diuresis.

Diverticula of colon.

Division of fasciæ.

- — frænum of tongue.
- — sphincter ani.
- — cicatricial adhesions.

DOCHMIUS DUODENALIS.

DOLOR FAUCIUM.

Dolor mammarum.

DOLORES ET SPASMI SPURII SIVE NOTHI IN GRAVIDIS.

Double fœtus.

- harelip.
- kidney.
- uterus.
- vagina.

Dracunculus Medinensis.

Dropsy.

- Acute renal.
- of bursæ mucosæ.
- — the amniou.
- — bursæ mucosæ.
- — Fallopian tube.
- — hernial sac.
- — joints.
- — nervous system.

Drunkenness.

Dry-tetter.

Duboisia (Poison).

Ducts of secreting glands, Impaction of foreign bodies in,

DUCTUUM EXCERNENTIUM GLANDULÆ LACRYMALIS DISTENSIO.

DUCTUS ARTERIOSUS PERVIUS.

- — PREMATURE CLAUSUS.
- — prematurely closed.
- — NASALIS MORBI.
- — MÜLLERI PERSISTENS.
- — STENONIS LÆSIO.
- — THORACICI LÆSIO.
- — THORACIS OBSTRUCTUS.
- — VITELLINUS PERSISTENS.

DUCTUUM JECORIS ET VESICULÆ FELLIS INFLAMMATIO.

- — — — FELLIS MORBI.
- — — — OBSTRUCTIO.
- — — — PERFORATIO.
- — — — STRICTURA.
- — — — ULCERATIO.

DUPUYTRENII CONTRACTIO.

Dupuytren's contraction.

Dura mater, Inflammation of,

DYSENTERIA.

Dysentery.

Dysmenorrhœa.

Dyspareunia.

Dyspepsia.

Dysphagia.

E CORROSIVIS IN PHARYNGE ET GESOPHAGO LÆSIO.

Ear, External, absent.

- — Diseases of,
- — Foreign bodies in,
- — Internal, Malignant New Growth of,
- — Diseases of,
- — Imperfect.
- — Malformatious of,
- — Meatus externus, closed.
- — Middle, Diseases of,
- — Operations on,

Eccentric hypertrophy of boues.

Echoudrosis.

Ecchymosis of the conjunctiva.

ECCHYMOSIS TUNICÆ CONJUNCTIVÆ.

Echinoeoeus hominis.

Echinorhynchus gigas.

Eclampsia.

Eethyma.

Ectopia of brain.

- — heart.
- — intestines.
- — kidney.
- — lungs.
- — ovary.

— gestation.

— menstruation.

Ectozoa.

Ectropion.

— Operation for,

Ectropium of the cervix uteri.

Eezema.

— female breast.

— vulva.

— pustulosum.

ECZEMA LABIORUM.

Effluvia, Noxious (Poisons).

EFFUSIO SEROSA.

— PLASTICA.

Effusion (plastic).

— (serous).

Elaterium (Poison).

Electrical shock.

Elephantiasis Arabum.

— Græcorum.

— of the serotum.

— — vulva.

ELEPHANTIASIS SCROTI.

— VULVÆ.

Elongated uvula.

Elongation of the cervix of the uterus.

— — — Fallopian tube.

Embolism of arteries.

- — kidney.
- — lung.
- — spleen.

EMBOLUS ARTERIARUM.

EMBRYOTOMIA.

Embryotomy.

EMPHYSEMA CONJUNCTIVÆ.

— ORBITÆ.

— PALPEBRARUM.

— PULMONIS.

— TELÆ CONNEXIVÆ.

Emphysema of the conjunctiva.

— — connective tissue.

Emphysema of eyelids.
 — — lung.
 — — — Interlobular,
 — — — Vesicular,
 — — orbit.
 Empyema.
 Enamel, Abnormal development of,
 Encephalitis.
 Encephalocele.
 Enchondroma osteoides.
 ENDARTERITIS.
 Endocarditis.
 Endocardium, Diseases of,
 Enlarging os uteri, Operation for,
 — cervix uteri, Operation for,
 Entarsus caneriformis.
 Enteric fever.
 Enteritis.
 ENTEROCELE RECTI.
 Entophyta.
 Entozoa.
 Entropion.
 EPICANTHUS.
 EPICRANII CONTUSIO.
 — VULNUS.
 Epidemic catarrh.
 — cerebro-spinal meningitis.
 — cholera.
 — Diarrhœa.
 — Rose Rash.
 Epididymitis.
 Epigastric hernia.
 EPIGLOTTIDIS ABLATIO.
 Epiglottis, Removal of,
 EPILEPSIA. —
 Epilepsy.
 Epileptic Insanity.
 EPILEPTICORUM INSANIA.
 Epiphora.
 Epiphyta.
 Epispadias, Operation for,
 Epispadic fissure of the urethra.
 Epistaxis.
 — plugging nares for,
 Epithelioma.
 Epulis.
 EQUINIA.
 — MITIS.
 Erectile tumour of muscle.
 Ergot of rye (Poison).
 ERGOTA (Poison).
 Erosion of uterus.

ERYSIPELAS PHLEGMONODES.

Erysipelas.
 — Phlegmonous.
 — Simple.
 Erythema.
 Eserine (Poison).
 ESERINA (Poison.)
 Essential paralysis.
 Ether-vapour (Poison).
 Eustachian tube, Catheterism of,
 — — Inflation of,
 — — Obstruction of,
 — — Diseases of,
 Eustrongylus gigas.
 Eversion of puncta lacrymalia.
 Evisceration.
 EVOLUTIO IMPERFECTA.
 EVULSIO FRAGMENTORUM CALCULORUM EX VESICA.
 Excessive menstruation.
 Excessive venery, Effects of,
 EXCISIO CAPSULÆ OPACÆ.
 — CORPORUM ADVENTITIORUM EX OCULO.
 — OCULI.
 Excision of bones.
 — of the eyeball.
 — of Fallopian tube.
 — — joints.
 — — lower jaw.
 — — part of pharynx.
 — — portion of intestine.
 — — portion of stomach.
 — — spleen.
 — — upper jaw.
 — — varices.
 EXHALATIONES NOXIÆ (Poison).
 — PUTRIDÆ ET MORBIDÆ (Poison).
 Exhalations, putrid and morbid (Poison).
 Exhaustion.
 — of muscle.
 Exophthalmic goitre.
 Exostosis.
 — of Alveoli.
 — — external meatus.
 Exploration of intestine per anum.
 EXSECTIO OVARII.
 Extension, forcible, of joints.
 External ear, absent or imperfect.
 — female organs of generation absent.
 — — — infantile type.
 — male organs of generation absent.
 — meatus of ear, Abscess of,

External meatus, Accumulation of wax
 in,
 — — congenitally closed.
 — — Exostasis of,
 — — Foreign bodies in,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — — Malformations of,
 — — Polypus of,
 — meatus, Sebaceous cyst of,
 Extirpation of larynx.
 — — pharynx.
 Extra-uterine gestation.
 EXTRA UTERUM GESTATIO
 Extraction of foreign bodies from the
 eye.
 — — fragments of calculi from the
 urinary bladder.
 — — the lens.
 — — nasal polypus.
 — — opaque capsule.
 — — teeth.
 Extravasation tumours.
 — of urine.
 Extremities, Lower, absent.
 — — conjoined.
 — — Contusion of,
 — — Dislocations of,
 — — Excision of bones from,
 — — False joint of,
 — — Fractures of,
 — — — Greenstick of,
 — — Injuries of,
 — — Separation of epiphyses of the,
 — — Sprain of,
 — — Wound of,
 — Upper and lower, absent,
 — Upper, Contusion of,
 — — Dislocations of,
 — — False joint of,
 — — Fracture of,
 — — — Greenstick of,
 — — Injuries of,
 — — Separation of epiphyses of the,
 — — Sprain of,
 — — Wound of,
 Extremity, One lower, absent,
 EXTROVERSIO VESICÆ.
 Extroversion of bladder.
 — of the posterior wall of the bladder,
 Exudation tumours.
 Eye, Chemical injuries of the eyelids
 and,
 — Contusion of,
 — — — with dislocation of the lens.
 — — — with hæmorrhage into globe.
 — — — with rupture of the sclerotic.
 — Diseases of,

Eye, Foreign bodies in,
 — Formation of bone in the,
 — Injuries of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Operations on,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Wounds of,
 — Globe of the, Dislocation of the,
 — — Hæmorrhage into, from contusion.
 — — Ruptured.
 Eyeball, Excision of,
 — Extraction of foreign bodies from,
 — Operations on,
 — Shrunk,
 Eyelid, Wound of,
 Eyelids absent.
 — Chemical injuries of, and eye.
 — Diseases of,
 — incomplete.
 — Malformations of,
 — Operations on,
 — Phthiriasis of,
 — remaining united.
 — restoration of,
 Eyes absent.
 — imperfect,

FABA CALABARICA (Poison).

FABRORUM MOLARIORUM PHTHISIS.

Face, Contusion of,
 — Foreign bodies in soft parts of the,
 — Fracture of the bones of the,
 — Hypertrophy of the bones of the,
 — Injuries of,
 — Operations on,
 — Wound of,

Facial neuralgia.

FACIÆ FISSURA.

Fæcal fistula.

Falling sickness.

Fallopian tube, Adhesion of,

 — — Cyst of,
 — — Dilatation of,
 — — Diseases of,
 — — Displacement of,
 — — Distension with blood.
 — — Dropsy of,
 — — Elongation of,
 — — Excision of,
 — — Hernia of,
 — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — — Occlusion of,
 — — Stricture of,
 — — Suppuration of,

Fallopian tube, Tubercle of,

FAMES.

Famine Fever.

Farcy.

FARCIMINUM.

Fasciæ, Operations on,

— Division of,

FASCIARUM SECTIO.

Fasciola hepatica.

Fat, Excessive growth of, on the heart.

Fatty liver.

— degeneration.

— — of arteries.

— — — bones.

— — — heart.

— — — muscles.

— — — valves of the heart.

— infiltration of muscles.

— tumour.

— — of the skin.

Fauces, narrowed or impervious.

— and palate, Diphtheria affecting,

— — — Malformations of,

— — — Malignant New Growth of,

— — — Non-malignant New Growth

— — — of,

— — — Paralysis of,

— — — Stricture of,

— — — Syphilitic affection of,

— — — Ulceration of,

FAUCES COARCTATÆ AUT IMPERVIAE.

— ULCERATIO.

FAUCIUM DOLOR.

— INFLAMMATIO CATARRHALIS.

— RESOLUTIO.

— STRICTURA ITEM CACATRICES ET

ADHÆRENTIA.

FAVO SIMILES DENTES.

Favus.

Febricula.

FEBRIS CEREBROSPINALIS.

— CONTINUA SIMPLEX.

— ENTERICA.

— FLAVA.

— INTERMITTENS.

— LACTANTIUM.

— MALARIALIS.

— RECIDIVA.

— REMITTENS.

— RHEUMATICA.

— RUBRA.

— SPLENICA.

— TYPHOIDES.

— TYPHOMALARIALIS.

Femoral hernia.

Femoris, Cervix, Fracture of,

— — Extracapsular fracture of,

— — Intracapsular fracture of,

FEMORIS FRACTURA.

Femur, Dislocation of,

— Fracture of,

FERRI SCOBS (Poison).

FERRUM (Poison).

Fever, Break-bone,

— Cerebro-spinal,

— Enteric,

— Famine,

— Gastric,

— Intermittent,

— Malarial,

— Milk,

— Puerperal,

— Pythogenic,

— Relapsing,

— Remittent,

— Rheumatic,

— Scarlet,

— Simple continued,

— Splenic,

— Typhoid,

— Typho-malarial,

— Yellow,

Fibrinous calculus of bladder.

Fibroid degeneration.

— — of muscles.

— — of the heart.

— thickening of the valves of the heart.

— tumour of the ovary.

— — — uterus.

FIBROMA.

— DIFFUSUM.

— PAPILLARE.

— POLYPOIDES.

— TUBEROSUM.

Fibroma.

— molluscum.

Fibrous polypus.

— tumour.

Fibula, Dislocation of the head of the,

— fracture of the,

Filaria lentis.

— Medinensis.

— oculi.

Filings, steel (Poison).

Fingers or toes conjoined.

— and toes deficient in number.

— — — supernumerary.

Fish, Poisonous,

FISSURA ABDOMINIS,

— CALVARIÆ.

— CHOROIDIS ET PROCESSUM CILI-

ARUM.

— COMMISSURÆ PECTINIS.

— EPISPADICA URETHRÆ VEL ITINERIS

URINÆ.

— FACIÆ.

FISSURA HYPOSPADICA URETHRÆ VEL
ITINERIS URINÆ.

- IRIDIS.
- LABRI.
- MEDULLÆ IN SPINA.
- MEMBRANÆ PRIORIS VESICÆ.
- NASI.
- OSSIS PECTORALIS.
- PALATI.
- PALPEBRARUM.
- SCROTI.
- SEPTI TRANSVERSI.
- VERTEBRARUM IN SPINA.

FISSURÆ BRANCHIALES PERSISTENTES.
— CUTIS.

Fissures of skin.

Fissure of the abdominal walls.

- — anterior wall of the urinary bladder.
- — anus.
- — bladder.
- — chest wall.
- — choroid and ciliary processes.
- — diaphragm.
- — eyelids.
- — face.
- — iris.
- — lip.
- — nose.
- — palate.
- — pericardium.
- — pubic symphysis.
- — retina.
- — sclerotic.
- — scrotum.
- — sheath of optic nerve.
- — skull.
- — spinal column.
- — spinal cord.
- — sternum.
- — urethra.

Fistula, Abdominal,

- in ano.
- Biliary,
- Corneal,
- Fæcal,
- Gastric,
- Intestinal,
- of lacrymal sac.
- Lacrymal,
- Lymph,
- Recto-urethral,
- Recto-vaginal,
- Recto-vesical,
- Salivary,
- Urinary,
- Uretero-vaginal,
- Urethro-vaginal,
- Utero-intestinal,
- Utero-vesical,
- Vaginal,

Fistula, Vesico-intestinal.
— Vesico-vaginal.

FISTULA BILIARIS.

- CORNEÆ.
- GASTRICA.
- GLANDULÆ LACRYMALIS.
- INTESTINORUM.
- IN VAGINA.
- LYMPHALIS.
- MAMMÆ MULIEBRIS.
- RECTUM INTER ET URETHRAM.
- — — ET VAGINAM.
- — — ET VESICAM.
- SALIVOSA.
- SINUS LACRYMALIS.
- STERCOROSA, vide INTESTINORUM.
- URETEREM INTER ET VAGINAM.
- URETHRAM INTER ET VAGINAM.
- URINALIS.
- UTERUM INTER ET INTESTINA.
- — — ET VESICAM.
- VAGINALIS.
- VESICAM INTER ET INTESTINA.
- — ET VAGINAM.

Flap amputation.

Flat foot.

Fluid tumours, Paracentesis of,
FÆMINARUM PALLOR LUTEUS.

Fœtal remains, Removal of,
— — in testicle.

Fœtus, Syreniform.

FÆTUS PLUS MINUS ABSOLUTUS, ALIO
IN FÆTU INCLUSUS.

— — — — TUMOREM REPRESENTANS
CUTE OBDUCTUM.

— DUPLEX.

— ECTOPICI, SIVE EXTRA UTERUM
GESTATI DETRACTIO.

— MORTUUS.

— RELIQUÆ IN TESTICULO.

— RELIQUIARUM ABLATIO.

— SYRENIFORMIS.

Follicular tonsillitis.

— inflammation of the pharynx.

Fool's parsley (Poison).

Foot, Dislocations of,

— Fracture of the bones of the,

FORAMEN AURIS CLAUSUM.

— OVALE PERSISTENS.

— — PRÆMATURE CLAUSUM.

Foramen ovale, persistent.

— — prematurely closed.

FORCEPS ADHIBITUS.

Foreeps, Application of,

Forceful extension or flexion of joints.

Forearm, Fracture of bones of,

Foreign bodies in the air passages.

— — — antrum.

Foreign bodies in the bladder.

- — — bronchi.
- — — cavity of the eye.
- — — connective tissue.
- — — cornea or conjunctiva.
- — — ducts, Impaction of,
- — — external meatus of the ear.
- — — eye.
- — — face, soft parts of the,
- — — intestines.
- — — larynx.
- — — lung.
- — — lymphatic system.
- — — mucous membrane.
- — — nose.
- — — œsophagus.
- — — peritoneal cavity.
- — — pharynx.
- — — punctum lacrymale.
- — — rectum.
- — — skin and subcutaneous tissue.
- — — soft parts of nose.
- — — stomach.
- — — trachea.
- — — urethra.
- — — vagina.
- substances in the connective tissue.

FORMATIO CYSTICA.

Formation of bone in the eye.

Foxglove (Poison).

FRACTUM ET LOCOMOTUM OS COXARUM.

FRACTURA BASIS CALVARIÆ.

- BRACHII.
- CALVARIÆ SUPERIORIS.
- CARPI, METACARPI, PHALANGIUM.
- CARTILAGINUM LARYNGIS.
- CERVICIS FEMORIS.
- — — EXTRA CAPSULAM.
- — — INTRA CAPSULAM.
- COSTARUM, ILLESO PULMONE.
- — LESO PULMONE.
- CRURIS, UTRIVSQUE OSSIS.
- FEMORIS.
- HUMERI.
- JUGULI.
- MEMBRORUM SURCULARIA, SIVE OSSIS FLEXURA.
- METATARSI.
- OSSIS HYOIDIS.
- — PECTORALIS.
- — SCAPULARUM.
- OSSIUM FACIÆ.
- — PEDIS.
- PATELLÆ.
- PROCESSUS FEMORIS MAJORIS.
- SPONTANEA SPINÆ.
- — OSSIUM.
- SURÆ.
- SURCULARIA SIVE OSSIS FLEXURA.
- TARSII.
- TIBIÆ.

Fracture of carpus, metacarpus, and phalanges.

- — cartilages of the larynx.
- — cervix femoris.
- — clavicle.
- — facial bones.
- — femur.
- — fibula.
- — foot, of the bones.
- — forearm, of the bones.
- — humerus.
- — hyoid bone.
- — leg, both bones.
- — metacarpus.
- — metatarsus.
- — patella.
- — pelvis, and dislocation.
- — phalanges of the fingers.
- — — — of toes.
- — radius.
- — scapula.
- — skull, of the base.
- — — — vault.
- — the skull, compound, of the vault.
- — — — — incised.
- — spine.
- (Spontaneous), of bones.
- of the sternum.
- — tarsus.
- — tibia.
- — trochanter major.
- — ulna.

Frambæsia.

Frænum of tongue, division of,

Friction-burn, *see* Abrasion.

FRIGORIS ACTIO.

— EFFECTUS.

Frost-bite.

FULMINIS ICTUS.

Fungi, Parasitic,

— Poisonous,

FUNGI VENENOSI.

Fungus or Hernia cerebri.

FUNGUS TESTICULI.

Fungus testis.

— — Operation for,

FUNICULI SEMINALIS ABSCESSUS.

— — MORBI.

— — HÆMATOCELE DIFFUSA.

— — INFLAMMATIO.

— — NEURALGIA.

FURUNCULUS.

— DELHIUS.

Fusible calculus.

Fusiform aneurysm.

Gadfly, Larva of the,
 Galactorrhœa.
 Galeodes araneoides.
 Gall-bladder absent.
 Gall-bladder and hepatic ducts, Dilata-
 tion of,
 — — — — Inflammation of,
 — — — — Injuries of,
 — — — — Malformations of,
 — — — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — — — Non - malignant New
 Growth of,
 — — — — Obliteration of,
 — — — — Obstruction of,
 — — — — Parasitic disease of,
 — — — — Perforation of,
 — — — — Stricture of,
 — — — — Ulceration of,
 Gallstones.
 Galvano-puncture of aneurysm.
 — — — fluid tumours.
 — — — hydatid cyst.
 Gamasus, Species of,
 Gamboge (Poison).
 GAMBOGIA (Poison).
 Ganglion.
 — Diffused palmar,
 GANGLION PALMARE DIFFUSUM.
 — TUMOR.
 GANGRÆNA.
 — ALVEOLORUM.
 — COLIS.
 — CUTIS.
 — GINGIVARUM.
 — MEDULLÆ DENTIIUM.
 — MUSCULORUM.
 — ORIS.
 — PULMONUM,
 — SENILIS.
 — UTERI.
 — VULVÆ.
 Gangrene.
 — Hospital,
 — of the alveoli.
 — — dental pulp.
 — — gums.
 — — lung.
 — — muscles.
 — — penis.
 — Senile,
 — of the skin.
 — — uterus.
 — — vulva.
 Gangrenous stomatitis.
 Gases, Poisonous,
 — — Asphyxia from,
 GASTRENCHYTA ADHIBITA.
 Gastric Fever.

Gastric fistula.
 Gastritis.—
 Gastrodynia.
 GASTROSTOMIA.
 Gastrostomy.
 GASTROTOMIA.
 Gastrotomy.
 Gelatinous tumour.
 Gelsemium (Poison).
 General anæsthesia.
 — hyperæsthesia.
 — paralysis of the insane.
 GENITALIA MUTILATA.
 Genitals, Mutilation of.
 Genu valgum.
 — varum.
 GENUA ARGUATA,
 — INTRORSUM FLEXA.
 German Measles.
 Gestation, Extra-uterine,
 GINGIVA CÆRULEA.
 GINGIVARUM DURITIES.
 — MORBI.
 Gland, Lacrymal, Affections of,
 — Prostate, Diseases of,
 Glanders.
 Glands, Lymph-, Atrophy of,
 — — Contusion of,
 — — Hypertrophy of,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — — Syphilis of,
 — — Suppuration of,
 — — Wound of,
 — — Serofula of,
 GLANDULÆ LACRYMALIS MORBI.
 — LYMPHATICÆ CONTUSIO.
 — — IN CASEUM CONVERSÆ.
 — VULNUS.
 — PROSTATÆ ABSCESSUS,
 — — AMPLIFICATIO CHRONICA.
 — — ATROPHIA.
 — — CALCULUS.
 — — CYSTIS.
 — — HYPERTROPHIA.
 — — INFLAMMATIO.
 — — — ACUTA.
 — — — CHRONICA SIVE LONGA.
 — — MORBI.
 — SUBMAXILLARIS ABLATIO.
 — THYMI MORBI.
 — — HYPERTROPHIA.
 — — TUMORES MALIGNI.
 — — — NON MALIGNI.
 — VULNUS.
 Glandular tumour.
 GLANDULARUM LYMPHATICARUM
 ATROPHIA.

GLANDULARUM HYPERTROPHIA.

— — LYMPHATICARUM MORBI.

— — SUPPURATIO.

— — MORBIDARUM ADLATIO.

— SALIVOSARUM ABSCESSUS.

— — CYSTIS.

— — INFLAMMATIO.

— — MORBI.

— SECERNENTIUM DUCTUUM VULNUS
AUT DIRUPTIO.

— — ET VISCERUM LESIONES.

— — — — — CONTUSIO.

— — — — — CORPORA ADVENTITIA IN
DUCTIBUS INFIXA.

— — — — — DIRUPTIO ET LACERATIO.

— — — — — VULNUS.

Glass, Pounded (Poison).

Glaucouia.

— Hæmorrhagic,

— Inflammatory,

— Secondary,

Glaucouia, Simple,

Gleet.

Glioma, Tumour,

Globe of the eye, Affection of.

— — — Dislocation of,

— — — eye, Ruptured,

GLOBI (OCULI) CONTRACTIO.

— MORBI.

— NEURALGIA.

GLOBULORUM PLUMBEORUM ADLATIO.

Glomerular nephritis.

Glossina morsitans.

Glossitis.

GLOTTIDIS OEDEMA.

— SPASMUS.

Glottis, (Edema of,

— Spasm of,

Glycosuria.

— Persistent,

Goître,

— Cystic,

— Exophthalmic,

— Fibrous,

— Gelatinous,

— Parenchymatous,

— Vascular,

Gonorrhœa.

— of the uterus.

— — vagina.

— — vulva.

GONORRHŒA MUCOSA.

— UTERI.

— VULVÆ.

Gonorrhœal arthritis,

— Inflammation of vagina.

— iritis.

Gonorrhœal ophthalmia.

— rheumatism.

Gout.

Gouty deposit in the auricle.

— — — bones.

— — — joints.

— inflammation of joints.

— iritis.

Gouty kidney.

— synovitis.

Grain, Poisonous.

GRANA VENENOSA.

Granular inflammation of the uterus.

— kidney.

Granulation tumours.

Gravedo.

Grave's Disease.

GRAVESII MORBUS.

Green sickness.

Greeustiek fracture.

Grey degeneration of the Nervous
System.Grey matter of the spinal cord, Sclerosis
of the anterior cornua of,

— tubercle.

— — Inflammatory,

— — Retrograde and cicatricial,

— — Simple,

— — Ulcerative and destructive,

Grinders' Asthma.

Growth, New, Malignant,

— — Non-malignant,

Guinea worm, Parasite,

Gum-boil (Parulis).

Gumma.

Gummatous Syphilis.

Gums, Atrophy of,

— Blue, from lead.

— Hypertrophy of,

— Induration of,

— Inflammation of,

— — Exanthematous,

— — Mercurial,

— — Phosphoric,

— — Rheumatic,

— — Scorbatic,

— — Syphilitic,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Polypus of,

— Syphilis of,

— Ulceration of,

Gunshot wound.

GUSTUS PERDITUS AUT DEPRAVATUS.

Gutta rosea.

Hæmenteria Ghiliana.

Hæmenteria Mexicana.

— Officinalis.

Hæmatinuria Paroxysmal,

Hæmatocele of tunica vaginalis.

— diffused, of cord.

— periuterine or pelvic.

HÆMATOCELE EXTRA PERITONÆUM.

— INTRA PERITONÆUM.

Hæmatoma, Tumour,

— of the auricle.

— — eyelid.

— — pinna.

HÆMATOMA PALPEBRARUM.

— TUMOR.

Hæmatometra.

HÆMATOPOTA PLUVIALIS.

Hæmatosalpinx.

HÆMATURIA.

Hæmaturia.

INTERMITTENS.

— PAROXYSMALIS.

— RENALIS.

Hæmopericardium.

Hæmophilia.

Hæmopsis sanguisuga.

Hæmoptysis. —

Hæmorrhage.

— of bladder.

— Cerebral,

— of choroid.

— of the connective tissue.

— into the globe of the eye, with con-

tusion.

— Intestinal,

— of iris.

— of lung.

— Nervous System.

— of orbit.

— — ovary.

— during parturition.

— — pregnancy.

— post partum.

— from the rectum.

— of retina,

— Spinal,

— of stomach.

— — uterine.

— — vitreous.

— — vulva.

HÆMORRHAGIA. —

— CHOROIDIS.

— CORPORA VITREI.

— E RECTO INTESTINO.

— GRAVIDARUM.

— INTESTINALIS.

— IRIDIS.

— NERVORUM APPARATUS.

— OVARIUM.

HÆMORRHAGIA PARTURIENTIUM.

— POST PARTUM.

— PUERPERARUM.

— PULMONALIS.

— RETINÆ.

— SPINALIS.

— TELÆ CONNEXIVÆ.

— UTERINA.

— — IN PARTURIENTIBUS.

— VENTRICULI.

— VULVÆ.

HÆMORRHOÏDES.

Hæmorrhoids.

Hands and feet articulated to scapulæ
and pelvis,

Hard Cataract.

— Chancre.

— palate, Fissure of,

Hare-lip.

Harvest-bug.

Hay asthma.

— fever.

Head, absent or rudimentary.

— raising depressed bone from,

— — — by trephining.

Heart, Abscess of,

— absent.

— Aneurysm of,

— Aortic aperture of, obstructed or
imperfect.

— Atrophy of,

— Cavities of, deficient in number.

— Clots in,

— Degeneration of,

— Dilatation of,

— Diseases of muscular structure of,

— — — valves of,

— Ectopia of,

— Excessive growth of fat on,

— Fatty degeneration of,

— Fibroid degeneration of,

— Hernia or Ectopia of,

— Hypertrophy of,

— Inflammation of,

— Injuries of,

— Irregularity of the action of the,

— Left auriculo-ventricular aperture
of, obstructed.

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Palpitation of,

— Parasitic disease of,

— Pulmonic aperture of, obstructed.

— Right auriculo-ventricular aperture
of, obstructed.

— Rupture of,

— — — from injury without wound
or fracture.

— Septa of, incomplete.

— septum, Auricular, incomplete.

Heart, Syphilis of,
 — Tubercle of,
 — Valves, disease of,
 — Valves of, imperfect.
 — — — supernumerary.
 — Wound of,
 Heat-apoplexy.
 Heat-stroke.
 Hellebore, Black (Poison).
 — White (Poison).
 HELLEBORUS NIGER (Poison).
 HELOPHILUS PENDULUS (Poison).
 Hemeralopia.
 Hemianæsthesia.
 Hemianopsia.
 Hemichorea.
 HEMICRANIA.
 Hemioopia.
 Hemiparaplegia. ✦
 Hemiplegia.
 Hemlock (Poison).
 Hemlock dropwort (Poison).
 Hemp, Indian (Poison).
 Henbane (Poison).
 Hepatic duets and gall-bladder, Diseases
 of,
 — — — — Gallstones in,
 — — — — Inflammation of,
 — — — — Injuries of,
 — — — — Malformations of,
 — — — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — — — Non-malignant New
 Growth of,
 — — — — Obliteration of,
 — — — — Obstruction of,
 — — — — Parasitic disease of,
 — — — — Perforation of,
 — — — — Stricture of,
 — — — — Ulceration of,
 Hepatitis.
 Hernia (of intestines).
 — Abdominal.
 — of the bladder.
 — of the brain.
 — cerebri (from injury).
 — through the diaphragm.
 — Diaphragmatic,
 — Epigastric,
 — of the Fallopian tube.
 — Femoral.
 — of the heart.
 — Inflamed,
 — Inguinal,
 — — Congenital,
 — — Direct,
 — — Incomplete,
 — — Infantile,
 — — Oblique,

Hernia, Inguinal, Scrotal.
 — of the intestines.
 — — — — — through the abdomi-
 nal walls.
 — — — — — through the diaphragm.
 — — — — — through the umbilicus.
 — Irreducible,
 — Ischiatic,
 — of the kidney.
 — Lumbar,
 — of the lungs.
 — Obstructed,
 — Obturator,
 — Omental,
 — of the ovary.
 — Perineal,
 — Reducible,
 — of the stomach.
 — Strangulated,
 — Testis,
 — Umbilical,
 — of the uterus.
 — — — in pregnancy.
 — of the vagina.
 — Vaginal,
 — Ventral,
 — abdominalis.

HERNIA DIAPHRAGMATICA.

— EPIGASTRICA.
 — FEMORALIS.
 — INFLAMMATA.
 — INGUINALIS.
 — — IMPERFECTA.
 — — INFANTILIS.
 — — INGENITA.
 — — OBLIQUA.
 — — RECTA.
 — — SCROTALIS SIVE LABIALIS.
 — ISCHIADICA.
 — LUMBARIS.
 — OBSTRUCTA.
 — OBTURATORIA.
 — OMENTALIS.
 — OVARII.
 — PERINEALIS.
 — REPONENDI PATIENS.
 — — NON PATIENS.
 — STRANGULATA.

Hernia testieuli.

HERNIA TUBÆ FALLOPIANÆ.

— UMBILICARIS.
 — UTERI.
 — UTERI IN GRAVIDIS.
 — VAGINALIS.
 — VENTRALIS.
 — VENTRICULI.
 — VESICÆ.
 — SIVE ECTOPIA CEREBRI.
 — — — CORDIS.
 — — — INTESTINORUM.
 — — — — PER ABDOMEN.

HERNIA SIVE ECTOPIA INTESTINORUM
 PER SEPTUM TRANSVERSUM.
 — — — — — UMBILICUM.
 — — — — — PULMONUM.
 Hernial sacs, Adhesion of,
 — — Dropsy of,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — — Laceration of,
 — — Suppuration of,
 Herpes.
 — facialis.
 — preputialis.
 — zoster.
 Hexathyridium pingvicolæ.
 — venarum.
 Hip, dislocation of femur at,
 Histrionic Spasm of Muscles.
 HODGKINII MORBUS.
 Hodgkins's Disease.
 Honeycombed teeth.
 Hordeolum.
 HORDEOLUS.
 Horn.
 Horse-pox.
 Horse-shoe kidney.
 Hospital gangrene.
 Housemaid's knee.
 HUMERI FRACTURA.
 — LUXATIO.
 Humerus, Dislocation of,
 — Fracture of,
 Hyalitis.
 Hydatid Cyst of Liver, Operation for,
 — — Operation for removal of,
 Hydatids of the Tænia.
 HYDATIS JECORIS.
 HYDRARGYRUS (Poison).
 Hydrocele, Congenital,
 — Encysted,
 — Infantile,
 — of the Spermatocord.
 — — — — — Diffused,
 — — — — — Encysted,
 — — Tunica vaginalis,
 — Tapping of,
 HYDROCELE FUNICULI SEMINALIS.
 — INGENITA.
 Hydrocephalus, Acute,
 — Chronic,
 — — Acquired,
 — — Congenital,
 HYDROCEPHALUS ACUTUS.
 — CHRONICUS SIVE LONGUS.
 — — — — — ACTIONIS MORBIDÆ EFFECTUS, SIVE ACQUISITUS.

HYDROCEPHALUS CHRONICUS SIVE
 LONGUS INGENITUS.
 Hydrochloric Acid (Poison).
 — — Gaseous (Poison).
 Hydrocyanic Acid (Poison).
 Hydrofluoric Acid (Poison).
 — — Gaseous (Poison).
 Hydrogen, Arseniuretted (Poison).
 — Sulphuretted (Poison).
 HYDROGENII ARSENIURETUM (Poison).
 — SULPHURETUM (Poison).
 Hydrometra.
 Hydropericardium.
 Hydronephrosis.
 Hydrophobia.
 Hydrophthalmos anterior.
 HYDROPHTHALMUS ANTERIOR.
 Hydrops articuli.
 HYDROPS AMNII.
 — ARTICULORUM.
 — NERVORUM APPARATUS.
 — RENUM.
 — SUBRETINALIS.
 — TUBÆ FALLOPIANÆ.
 — VELAMENTORUM HERNIARUM.
 HYDRORRHÆCHIS INTERNA.
 HYDRORRHŒA UTERI.
 Hydrosalpinx.
 Hydrothorax.
 Hygroma.
 — proliferating, of bursæ mucosæ.
 Hymen, Imperforate,
 Hyoid bone, Dislocation of,
 — — Fracture of,
 HYOSCYAMINA (Poison).
 Hyoscyamus (Poison).
 Hyperæmia.
 — of conjunctiva.
 — — breast.
 HYPERÆMIA TUNICÆ CONJUNCTIVÆ.
 HYPERÆSTHESIA.
 — MAMMÆ.
 Hyperæsthesia.
 — of the breast.
 — of the larynx.
 Hyperidrosis.
 Hypermetropia.
 Hyperostosis.
 HYPERTROPHIA.
 — ALVEOLORUM.
 — ARTERIARUM.
 — CAPSULARUM SUPRARENALIU.
 — CEREBRI.
 — CORDIS.
 — CORPORIS THYROIDES.

HYPERTROPHIA GINGIVARUM.

- GLANDULÆ PROSTATÆ.
- — THYMI.
- GLANDULARUM LYMPHATICARUM.
- JECORIS.
- LIENIS.
- LINGUÆ.
- MAMMÆ.
- MAMMILLÆ.
- MEMBRANÆ MUCOSÆ NASI.
- MUSCULORUM.
- NASI.
- NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- OSSIUM.
- — FACIÆ.
- OVARII.
- RENUM.
- UTERI.
- VESICÆ.
- VULVÆ.

Hypertrophy.

- of alveoli of teeth.
- — arteries.
- — bladder.
- — bones.
- — — of the face.
- — brain.
- — breast.
- — gums.
- — heart.
- — kidney.
- — liver.
- — lymph-glands.
- — male breast.
- — mucous membrane of the nose.
- — muscles.
- — Nervous system.
- — nose.
- — ovary.
- — periosteum of the jaws.
- — prostate gland.
- — spleen.
- — suprarenal capsules.
- — thymus.
- — thyroid body.
- — tongue.
- — tonsils.
- — uterus.
- — vulva.

Hypochondriasis.

Hypopyon.

Hypospadias.

Hypospadic fissure of the urethra.

Hysteralgia.

Hysteria.

Hystero epilepsy.

Ichthyosis.

— linguæ.

ICTERUS GRAVIS.

Icterus.

ICTUS ELECTRICUS.

Idiopathic anæmia.

Idiotcy.

ILEUS.

Iliac abscess.

ILIORUM ABCESSUS.

Imbecility.

— Congenital,

Immaturity at birth.

Impacted calculus in the urethra.

Impaction.

— of teeth.

— — foreign bodies.

IMPEDIMENTA CORPOREA PARTUI OBSTANTIA.

IMPERFECTA EXPLICATIO PULMONIS.

Imperforate anus.

— hymen.

Impetigo.

Impotence.

IN CAPITE LÆSIONES.

— FACIÆ ET IN ORE LÆSIONES.

— — CONTUSIO.

— — VULNUS.

— OCULO LÆSIONES.

— ORBITA EMPIHYSEMA.

— — HÆMORRHAGIA.

Inanition.

Incised wound.

Incision of joints.

— for stricture of the rectum.

Incomplete inguinal hernia.

Incontinence of urine.

INCONTINENTIA URINÆ.

Indian hemp (Poison).

— tobacco (Poison).

Indigestion.

INDIGI SULPHAS (Poison).

Induction of labour, Obstetric operation for,

Induration of the gums.

— — — Spleen from ague.

Infantile convulsions.

— inguinal hernia.

— paralysis.

— remittent fever.

Infarct.

Inflamed bursa.

— hernia.

INFLAMMATIO.

— AVEOLORUM.

— AURICULÆ.

— ARTICULORUM.

INFLAMMATIO CÆCI INTESTINI.

- CELLULARUM MASTOIDEARUM.
- CEREBRI.
- — ET EJUS MEMBRANARUM.
- — ET MEDULLÆ SPINALIS MEMBRANARUM.
- — MEMBRANARUM.
- COLIS.
- CORPORIS THYROIDIS.
- DUCTUUM JECORIS ET VESICULÆ FELLIS.
- DURÆ MATRIS.
- FORAMINIS AURIS.
- FUNICULI SEMINALIS.
- GINGIVARUM.
- GLANDULÆ LACRYMALIS.
- — PROSTATÆ.
- GLANDULARUM LYMPHATICARUM.
- — SALIVOSARUM.
- INTESTINORUM.
- ITINERIS URINÆ VIRILIS.
- JECORIS.
- LARYNGIS.
- LIGAMENTORUM UTERI.
- LINGUÆ.
- MAMMÆ.
- MAMMARUM IN PUERPERIS.
- MAMMILLÆ.
- MEMBRANÆ TYMPANI.
- MUSCULORUM.
- NASI.
- NERVI OPTICI.
- NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- OSSICULORUM AUDITUS.
- OSSIUM.
- OVARII.
- PASSIVA CONJUNCTIVÆ.
- PERICARDII.
- PIÆ MATRIS ET MEMBRANÆ ARACHNOIDIS.
- SUBSTANTIÆ MUSCULARIS CORDIS.
- SYNOVIALIS PODAGRICA.
- TELÆ CONNEXIVÆ.
- TENDINUM.
- TESTICULORUM.
- TUBÆ EUSTACHIANÆ.
- — FALLOPIANÆ.
- TUNICÆ CONJUNCTIVÆ.
- — SCLEROTICÆ.
- — VAGINALIS.
- TYMPANI.
- UTERI.
- — CATARRHALIS.
- — GRANULOSA.
- VAGINÆ.
- VASORUM LYMPHIFERORUM.
- VELAMENTORUM HERNIARUM.
- VENÆ PORTARUM.
- VENTRICULI.
- VESICÆ.
- VULVÆ.

Inflammation.

Inflammation of the alveoli.

- — arachnoid.
- — auricle.
- — bladder.
- — bones.
- — brain.
- — — and its membranes.
- — breast.
- — cerebral membranes.
- — Chronic interstitial,
- — of the connective tissue.
- — dental periosteum.
- — dental pulp.
- — dura mater.
- — external meatus of the ear.
- — Fallopiian tube.
- — gall-bladder.
- — glans penis.
- — Gouty, of joints.
- — Granular, of the cervix of the uterus.
- — of the gums.
- — heart.
- — hepatic ducts.
- — hernial sac.
- — intestines.
- — joints.
- — larynx.
- — ligaments of uterus.
- — liver.
- — lungs.
- — — Chronic interstitial,
- — lymph-glands.
- — — vessels.
- — male breast.
- — membrana tympani.
- — membranes of the brain and spinal cord.
- — Mercurial, of dental periosteum.
- — of the muscles.
- — nose.
- — optic nerve.
- — ovary.
- — penis.
- — pia mater and arachnoid.
- — Phosphoric, of the alveoli.
- — of the prostate gland.
- — Rheumatic,
- — of the salivary glands.
- — spermatic cord.
- — spinal cord and its membranes.
- — stomach.
- — tendons.
- — testicle.
- — thyroid gland.
- — tongue.
- — tunica vaginalis.
- — tympanum.
- — uterine ligaments.
- — uterus.
- — — Granular,
- — — vagina.
- — — vena portæ.
- — — vulva.

Inflammatory Syphilis.
 Inflation of Eustachian tube.
 Influenza—
 Inguinal hernia.
 INJECTIO HYPODERMICA.
 — IN VENAS ALII PRÆTER SANGUINEM LIQUORIS.
 Injection of bronechocele.
 — Subcutaneous,
 INOPIA LACTIS.
 — RERUM NECESSARIARUM.
 Insane, Paralysis of the.
 INSANIA.
 — CLIMACTERICA.
 — CUM MANIFESTA CEREBRI DEPRAVATIONE CONJUNCTA.
 — EPILEPTICORUM.
 — EX PLUMBO.
 — MERCURIALIS, SIVE EX HYDRARGYRO.
 — PUERPERARUM.
 — PUBESCENTIUM.
 — SENILIS.
 — TOXICA, EX ALCOHOLE.
 — — — PLUMBO.
 — — — PODAGRA.
 — TRAUMATICA.
 Insanity.
 — Climacteric.
 — Consecutive, from fevers, &c.
 — Epileptic.
 — Mercurial.
 — of puberty.
 — Puerperal.
 — Senile.
 — Toxic.
 — Traumatic.
 INSANORUM PARALYSIS GENERALIS.
 Insecta parasitica.
 Insolatio.
 Intermediate amputation.
 Intermittent fever.
 — hæmaturia.
 Internal ear, Imperfect,
 — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — Necrosis of,
 — — Syphilis of,
 — piles.
 — strangulation.
 — urethrotomy.
 Intertrigo.
 Intestines, Abscess in the subperitoneal tissue of the,
 — Concretions in,
 — Dilatation of,
 — Diverticula of,
 — Ectopia of,

Intestines, Excision of portion of,
 — Fistula of,
 — Foreign bodies in,
 — Hæmorrhage of,
 — Hernia of.
 — Inflammation of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Internal strangulation of,
 — Intussusception of,
 — Lardaceous disease of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Obstruction of,
 — opening abnormally.
 — Paralysis of,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Perforation of,
 — Stricture of,
 — Tubercle of,
 — Tympanites of,
 — Ulcer of,
 — Volvulus of,
 INTESTINORUM ABSCESSUS SUB PERITONÆO ORTUS.
 — CONCRETA.
 — DILATATIO.
 — FISTULA.
 — HÆMORRHAGIA.
 — HERNIA SIVE ECTOPIA.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 — INTUSSUSCEPTIO.
 — MORBI.
 — MORBUS LARDACEUS.
 — OBSTRUCTIO.
 — OSTIUM ABNORME.
 — PARALYSIS.
 — PERFORATIO.
 — STRANGULATIO INTERNA.
 — STRICTURA.
 — ULCUS.
 — VOLVULUS.
 Intussusception (of intestine).
 Invagination of intestines.
 Invasion.
 Inversion of the bladder.
 — — uterus during parturition.
 Inverted uterus, Reduction of,
 Involution, Senile, of breast.
 Iodine (Poison).
 IODUM (Poison).
 IRIDECTOMIA.
 Iridectomy.
 Irideremia.
 IRIDIS FISSURA.
 — MORBI.
 — PARALYSIS.
 — VULNUS.
 Iridoplegia.

Iris, Atrophy of,
 — Fissure of the,
 — Hæmorrhage of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Mydriasis of,
 — Myosis of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Paralysis of,
 — Synechia of,
 — Tremulus,
 — Wound of the,

IRIS TREMULA.

Iritis.

— Gonorrhæal,
 — Gouty,
 — Rheumatic,
 — Scrofulous,
 — Serous,
 — Sympathetic,
 — Syphilitic,
 — Traumatic,
 — Tubercular,

Iron (Poison).

Iron-grey induration of lungs.

Irreducible hernia.

Irregularity of the heart's action.

Irritability of the bladder.

Irritable stump.

IRRITATIO SYMPATHETICA OCULI.

ISCHIAS.

Ischiatic hernia.

Itch.

Ixodes Carapato.

— hominis.

— Monbata.

Jaborandi (Poison).

Jasmine, Yellow (Poison).

Jaundice.

Jaw, Lower, absent or defective.

— — Defective growth of,

— — Dislocation of,

— — Excision of,

— — Fracture of,

— Upper, Excision of,

Jaws, Cyst of,

— Malformations of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

JECORIS ABSCESSUS.

— ATROPHIA.

— — ACUTA.

— CONGESTIO.

— CYSTIS.

JECORIS DUCTUS IMPERVII.

— — OBLITERATIO.

— HYPERTROPHIA.

— INFLAMMATIO.

— MORBI.

— MORBUS AMYLOIDES.

— PYEMIA.

JECUR ADIPOSUM.

— CEREUM.

— CLAVIFORME.

— HYPERTROPHICUM.

— LARDACEUM.

— PRÆTER NATURAM EXIGUUM

Joints, Abscess of.

— — Pyæmic, of,

— Ankylosis of,

— Aspiration of,

— Charcot's disease of,

— Chronic osteo-arthritis of,

— Deformity of,

— Dropsy of,

— Excision of,

— Extension of, forcible.

— Flexion of, forcible.

— Gonorrhæal arthritis of,

— Gouty deposit in,

— — inflammation of,

— Incision of,

— Inflammation of,

— Injuries of,

— Loose body in,

— — cartilage in,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Neuralgia of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Perforation of,

— Rheumatism of,

— Scrofulous disease of,

— Tapping.

JUGULI FRACTURA.

Keloid.

— of Addison.

Keratitis.

— Interstitial,

— Superficial,

— Suppurative,

— Syphilitic,

— Traumatic,

— Vascular,

KERATITIS CIRCUMSCRIPTA.

— DIFFUSA.

— EX VULNERE.

— EXTERIOR.

— INTERIOR.

— SUPPURANS.

— VASCULARIS.

KERATOCONUS.

Kerato-globus.

Kidney, Abscess of,
 — absent.
 — Acute nephritis of,
 — Amyloid disease of,
 — Atrophy of,
 — Bright's disease of,
 — Calculus of,
 — Cirrhosis of,
 — Contracting granular,
 — Cystic disease of,
 — Cysts of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Double,
 — Embolism of,
 — Fibrosis of,
 — Gouty,
 — Granular,
 — Hernia or Ectopia of,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Lardaceous,
 — Large white.
 — Lobulated,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Movable,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Passive congestion of,
 — Syphilis of,
 — Thrombosis of,
 — Tubercle of,
 — Waxy,
 Kiln-vapours (Poison).
 Knee-joint, Dislocation of,
 Knee, Housemaid's,
 Kyphosis.

LABRI FISSURA.

LABRORUM FISSURA.

— MORBI.
 — PARALYSIS.
 — ULCUS.

LABRUM LEPORINUM.

Laburnum (Poison).

LAC VENENOSUM (Poison).

Lacerated wound.

LACERATIO.

— CAPSULÆ OPACÆ.
 — CEREBRI SINE CALVARIÆ FRAC-
 TURA.
 — PERINEI IN PARTURIENTIBUS.
 — UTERI IN PARTURIENTIBUS.
 — — CERVICIS.
 — — IPSIUS.
 — VAGINÆ.
 — VALVARUM CORDIS.
 — VELAMENTORUM HERNIARUM.

LACERATIO VENTRICULI SPONTANEA.

— VESICÆ IN PARTURIENTIBUS.

Laceration of hernial sac.

— — the bladder during parturition.
 — — — from fracture.
 — — — without wound.
 — — brain, without fracture of skull.
 — — opaque capsule.
 — — perineum during parturition.
 — — spinal cord.
 — — stomach, Spontaneous,
 — — uterus.
 — — urinary bladder during partu-
 rition.
 — — urethra from fracture of pelvis.
 — — uterus during parturition.
 — — vagina.
 — — valves of the heart.
 — — vulva during parturition.

Lacrymal apparatus, Affections of,

— Fistula.
 — gland, Abscess of,
 — — Distension of excretory ducts of,
 — — Fistula of,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — sac, Abscess of,
 — — Affections of,
 — — Fistula of,
 — sac and duct, Injuries of,
 — tracts, Affections of,

LACRYMARUM APPARATUS MORBI.

LACTANTIUM FEBRIS.

LACTIS INOPIA.

Lacunar abscess.

LACUNARUM ABSCCESSUS.

LÆSIO MULTIPLEX.

LÆSIONES A TERGO.

— ARTERIARUM.
 — ARTICULORUM.
 — AURIS.
 — — EXTERNÆ.
 — CELLULARUM MASTOIDEARUM.
 — CHOROIDS.
 — CORDIS.
 — CORPORA THYROIDIS.
 — CUTIS ET TELÆ HYPODERMICÆ.
 — DUCTUS NASALIS.
 — DUCTUM JECORIS.
 — FUNICULI SEMINALIS.
 — IN ABDOMINE SIVE VENTRE.
 — IN PELVI ET GENITALIBUS.
 — IN THORACE.
 — INTESTINORUM.
 — IRIDIS.
 — JECORIS.
 — LARYNGIS.
 — LIENIS.
 — MAXILLARUM ET DENTIUM.

LESIONES MEMBRANÆ MUCOSÆ ET
TELÆ SUBMUCOSÆ.

- — TYMPANI.
- MUSCULORUM.
- NASI.
- NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- OESOPHAGI.
- ORBITÆ.
- OSSICULORUM.
- OSSIUM.
- PALPERRARUM.
- PERITONÆI.
- PHARYNGIS.
- PLEURÆ.
- PENIS.
- PULMONIS.
- RECTI INTESTINI ET ANI.
- RENUM.
- RETINÆ.
- SPINÆ.
- TENDINUM ET FASCIARUM.
- TESTICULORUM.
- TYMPANI.
- TRACHÆE ET BRONCHIORUM.
- TUBÆ EUSTACHIANÆ.
- TUNICÆ CHOROIDIS.
- — CONJUNCTIVÆ.
- — CORNEÆ.
- — SCLEROTICÆ.
- URETHRÆ.
- UTERO GRAVIDO ILLATÆ.
- VAGINÆ.
- VESICÆ.
- VESICULÆ FELLIS.
- VASORUM LYMPHIFERORUM.
- VENARUM.
- VENTRICULI.
- VULVÆ.

LÆSIONIS CAUSA AMPUTATIO.

LAPAROTOMIA.

Laparotomy.

Lardaceous degeneration.

- intestines.
- kidney.
- liver.
- spleen.
- stomach.
- suprarenal capsules.

Larva of the gadfly.

LARYNGIS ABSCESSUS.

- ANÆSTHESIA.
- CARTILAGINUM ARYTÆNOIDIIUM
ANKYLOSIS.
- — FRACTURA.
- — NECROSIS.
- — OSSIFICATIO.
- CATHETERISMUS.
- COARCTATIO.
- CYSTIS.
- EXTIRPATIO.
- HYPERÆSTHESIA.

LARYNGIS INFLAMMATIO.

— LÆSIONES.

— MORBI.

— NEURALGIA.

— PARALYSIS.

— ULCERATIO.

Laryngismus stridulus.

Laryngitis. —

Laryngotomy.

LARYNGOTOMIA.

LARYNGOTRACHEOTOMIA.

Laryngo-tracheotomy.

Larynx, Abscess of,

— absent or imperfect.

— Anæsthesia of,

— Burn and scald of,

— Catheterisation of,

— Cyst of,

— Extirpation of,

— Foreign bodies in,

— Fracture of the cartilages of,

— Hyperæsthesia of,

— Inflammation of,

— Injuries of,

— Malformations.

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Narrowing of,

— Necrosis of the cartilages of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Neuralgia of,

— Ossification of cartilages of,

— Paralysis of,

— Syphilitic disease of,

— Tubercle of,

— Ulceration of,

LARYNX ET TRACHEA AUT NULLA AUT

INCHOATA.

Latent Menstruation.

Lateral curvature of the spine.

LATERUM VULNUS.

— — CUM ARTERIÆ INTERCOSTALIS

LÆSIONE.

— — — MAMMARÆ INTERNÆ

LÆSIONE.

Lathyrus (Poison).

Laughing Gas (Poison).

Laurel water (Poison).

LAUROCERASI AQUA (Poison).

Lead (Poison).

— Blue gum from,

— cachexia,

— colic.

— insanity.

— palsy.

— Stain of conjunctiva from,

Leg, Fracture of,

Lens, Depression of,

— Dislocation of,

— Extraction of,

Lens, Malformations of,
 — Solution of,
 — Wound of,
 LENTIS DEPRESSIO.
 — EJUSQUE CAPSULÆ MORBI.
 — EXTRACTIO.
 — SOLUTIO.
 — VULNUS. —
 Lepra.
 — Arabum.
 LEPROA.
 — VERA.
 Leprosy.
 — Anæsthetic.
 — Tubercular.
 Leptodera intestinalis
 — stereoralis.
 — teres.
 Leptothrix buccalis.
 Leptus autumnalis.
 LEONTIASIS OSSEA.
 Leuchæmia.
 Leucocythæmia.
 Leucoderma.
 Leucoma.
 Leucoplasia.
 Leucorrhœa.
 LEUCORRHEA.
 Lever, Application of,
 Lichen.
 — planus.
 — tropicus.
 Lien cereus.
 LIEN LARDACEUS.
 LIENES DUO AUT PLURES.
 — ABSCESSUS.
 — ATROPHIA.
 — CONGESTIO.
 — CYSTIS.
 — DURITIES ET AMPLIFICATIO EX
 FEBRE INTERMITTENTE.
 — EMBOLUS.
 — EXCISIO.
 — HYPERTROPHIA.
 — MORBI.
 — MORBUS AMYLOIDES.
 — PYÆMIA.
 LIGAMENTORUM ET CARTILAGINUM
 SPINÆ ULCERATIO.
 — RESOLUTIO.
 Ligaments and cartilages of the spine,
 Ulceration of,
 — Relaxation of,
 LIGATURA ARTERIARUM.
 Ligature of arteries.
 Lightning stroke.

LIGUSTRUM VULGARE (Poison).
 Limbs, Congenital distortions of,
 Lime (Poison).
 Linear atrophy of the skin.
 LINGUA FRENATA.
 LINGUÆ ABLATIO PERFECTA AUT IM-
 PERFECTA.
 — ABSCESSUS.
 — ANÆSTHESIA.
 — ATROPHIA.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 — MORBI.
 — PARALYSIS.
 — ULCUS.
 — VULNUS.
 Lip, Restoration of,
 — Hare-,
 Lipoma.
 Lips, Fissure of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Paralysis of,
 — Syphilis of,
 — Ulcer of,
 LIPPITUDO.
 LITHIOTOMIA.
 Lithotomy.
 LITHOTRIPSIS.
 Lithotriety.
 Lithuria.
 Liver, Abscess of,
 — — — Pyæmic,
 — Acute yellow atrophy of,
 — Amyloid disease of,
 — Atrophy of,
 — Cirrhosis of,
 — Congestion of,
 — Cyst of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Fatty,
 — Hydatid of,
 — — cyst of, Operation for,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Lardaceous,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — preternaturally small.
 — Syphilis of,
 — Tubercle of,
 — Waxy,
 Lobar pneumonia.
 LOBELIA INFLATA (Poison).
 Lobular pneumonia.
 Lock-jaw.

Malposition of the testicle.

MALUM ALEPPENSE.

Mammilla, Male, Diseases of,

MAMMÆ ABLATIO.

— ABSCESSUS.

— ATROPHIA.

— CYSTIS.

— ECZEMA.

— FISTULA.

— HYPERÆMIA.

— HYPERTROPHIA.

— INFLAMMATIO.

— MORBI.

— PAPILLA DEPRESSA.

— — SCISSA.

— — ULCERATA.

Mammarum dolor.

— neuralgia.

MAMMARUM TUMOR CHRONICUS.

Mammary tumour, Chronic,

MAMMILLÆ CYSTIS.

— HYPERTROPHIA.

— INFLAMMATIO.

— MORBI.

Mania.

MANUS PEDESQUE SCAPULARUM ET
COXARUM OSSIBUS INSERTI.

MANUUM PEDUMQUE DIGITI NUMERO
DEFICIENTES.

Marasmus.

Mastitis.

Mastodynia.

Mastoid cells, Inflammation within,

— — Perforation of,

Masturbation.

MAXILLA LAMBOIDES.

— INFERIOR AUT NULLA AUT IMPER-
FECTA.

— — LOCO NOTA.

MAXILLÆ INFERIÖRIS EXCISIO.

— LATERA MINUS SYMMETRICA.

— SUPERIORIS EXCISIO.

MAXILLARUM CYSTIS.

Measles.

— German,

Meat, Decayed (Poison).

— Diseased (Poison).

— Poisonous.

Meatus, External, closed,

— Urinarius, Vascular tumour of,

MEDIASTINI PRIORIS VULNUS.

Mediastinum, Wound of the anterior,

MEDULLA SINE FRACTURA AUT LUXA-
TIONE COMPRESSA.

— CONCUSSA.

— SPINÆ AUT NULLA AUT INCHOATA.

MEDULLA VULNERATA AUT LACERATA

MEDULLÆ DENTIIUM DEGENERATIONES.

— — GANGRÆNA.

— — INFLAMMATIO.

— — MORBI.

— — ULCERATIO.

— IN SPINA FISSURA.

— MOLLITIES ALBENS.

Medullary Carcinoma.

Megrim.

Melæna.

Melancholia.

Melanoderma.

Melanoma.

Melanotic Carcinoma.

— Sarcoma.

Melasma.

MELASMA ADDISONI.

MEMBRA INFERIORA AUT NULLA AUT
RUDIA.

MEMBRA INFERIORA COMMISSA.

— SUPERIORA ET INFERIORA AUT
NULLA AUT RUDIA.

MEMBRANA PUPILLARIS PERSISTENS.

— TYMPANI PERFORATA.

— — VULNERATA.

— VULVÆIMPERVIA.

Membrana tympani, Injuries of,

— — Perforation of,

— — Rupture of,

— — Ulceration of,

MEMBRANÆ MUCOSÆ DUCTUS NASALIS
DENSATIO.

— — ET TELÆ SUBMUCOSÆ ABRASIO.

— — — — — AMBUSTA.

— — — — — CONTUSIO.

— — — — — CORPUS ADVENTITIUM.

— — — — — ; IRRITANTIUM AUT
CORROSIVORUM EFFECTUS.

— — — — — LESIONES.

— — — — — VULNUS.

— PRIORIS VESICÆ FISSURA.

— SYNOVIALIS IN PULPAM DEGENE-
RATIO.

— TYMPANI DIRUPTIO.

— — MORBI.

— — — PERFORATIO.

— — — ULCERATIO.

— VULVÆ RELIQUIARUM ABLATIO.

MEMBRANORUM CORDIS MORBI.

MEMBRI STRANGULATIO.

MEMBRORUM DISTENTIO.

— — INFANTILIS.

— — — IN PARTURIENTIBUS.

— — — PUERPERIS.

— — — DISTORTIONES INGENITÆ.

MEMBRUM INFERIUS ALTERUTRUM AUT
NULLUM AUT RUDE.

Ménière's Disease.

Menicrii morbus.

Meninges, Pigment-tumour of,
Meningitis.

MENINGITIS CEREBROSPINALIS.

Meningitis, Epidemic cerebro-spinal,

MENINGITIS EPIDEMICA CEREBRO-
SPINALIS.

Meningitis, Spinal,

MENINGITIS SPINALIS.

— — SYPHILITICA.

— Meningitis, Syphilitic,

— Tubercular,

MENINGITIS SYPHILITICA.

— TUBERCULOSA.

Meningocele.

MENINGOENCEPHALITIS.

MENINGOMYELITIS.

Menorrhagia. +

Menstrua difficilia.

MENSTRUUA E SUPPLEMENTO.

— ECTOPICA.

— EXILIA.

Menstrua immodica.

MENSTRUUA IN GRAVIDIS.

Menstrua non apparentia ex profluvii
interelusione.

— — provenientia.

MENSTRUUA VICARIA.

Menstruation, absent.

— during pregnancy.

— Excessive,

— Painful,

— Scanty,

— Vicarious,

Mentagra.

MENTIS IMBECILLITAS INGENITA.

Mercurial inflammation of the gums
and dental periosteum.

— insanity.

— tremor.

Mercury (Poison).

METACARPI LUXATIO.

Metacarpus, Dislocation of,

— Fracture of,

METALLA ET SALES METALLICI (Poison).

METALLARIORUM ASTHMA.

Metallic Stains of the Conjunctiva.

Metatarsus, Fractures of,

Metatarsus and phalanges, Disloca-
tion of,

Methyl, Mercuric, (Poison).

METHYLENÆ BICHLORIDUM (Poison).

METRALGIA GRAVIDARUM.

Metritis.

METRITIS PUERPERARUM.

METROPERITONITIS.

Metrorrhagia.

MICROPHTHALMUS.

Micropsia.

Microsporon furfur.

— mentagrophytes.

Migraine.

Miliaria.

Miliary Tubercle.

Milk fever.

— Poisonous,

Millstone-makers' phthisis.

Miners' asthma.

Miscarriage.

Mitral valve, Disease of the,

Moist tetter.

MOOLLITIES (CEREBRI) ALBENS.

— — FLAVENS.

— — RUBENS.

Mollities ossium.

MOOLLUSCA VENENOSA.

Molluscum contagiosum vel sebaceum.

— fibrosum.

Mollusks, Poisonous,

Monkshood (Poison).

MORBI ALVEOLORUM.

— ANI.

— ARTERIARUM.

— — CEREBRI.

— ARTICULORUM.

— AURICULÆ.

— AURIS.

— CAPSULARUM SUPRARENALIU.

— CAUSA AMPUTATIO.

— CELLULARUM MASTOIDEARUM.

— CEREBRI.

— CERVICIS UTERI.

— COLIS.

— CONJUNCTIVÆ.

— CORDIS EJUSQUE MEMBRANARUM.

— CORDIS SUBSTANTIA MUSCULARIS.

— CORNEÆ.

— CORPORIS THYROIDIS.

— CORPORIS CILIARIS.

— — VITREI.

— CUTIS.

— — PARASITICI.

MORBI DENTINÆ ET CEMENTI.

- DENTIIUM ALVEOLORUM ET GINGIVARUM.
- DUCTUUM JECORIS ET VESICULÆ FELLIS.
- ENDOCARDII.
- FAUCIUM ET PALATI.
- FORAMINIS AURIS.
- FUNICULI SEMINALIS.
- GENITALIUM.
- GINGIVARUM.
- GLANDULÆ PROSTATÆ.
- — THYMI.
- GLANDULARUM LYMPHATICARUM.
- — SALIVOSARUM.
- GLOBI OCULI.
- INTESTINORUM.
- IRIDIS.
- ITINERIS URINÆ VIRILIS.
- JECORIS.
- LABRORUM.
- LARYNGIS.
- LENTIS EJUSQUE CAPSULÆ.
- LIENIS.
- LINGUÆ.
- LOCALES.
- MAMMÆ.
- MAMMILLÆ.
- MAXILLARUM ITEM ANTRI.
- MEDULLÆ DENTIIUM.
- MEMBRANÆ TYMPANI.
- MEMBRANARUM CORDIS.
- MUSCULORUM.
- — APPARATUS OCULI.
- NASI.
- NERVI OPTICI.
- NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- OCULORUM.
- ŒSOPHAGI.
- ORBITÆ ET PARTIUM VICINARUM.
- ORIS.
- OSSICULORUM TYMPANI.
- OSSIUM.
- OVARII.
- PALATI ET FAUCIUM.
- PALPEBRARUM.
- PANCREATIS.
- PARASITICI.
- PENIS.
- PERICARDII.
- PERIOSTEI DENTIIUM.
- PERITONÆI.
- PHARYNGIS ET ŒSOPHAGI.
- PLEURÆ.
- PULMONIS.
- RECTI INTESTINI ET ANI.
- RENUM ET DUCTUUM.
- RETINÆ.
- SCROTI.
- SPINÆ.

MORBI TUBI EUSTACHIANI.

- TUNICÆ CHOROIDIS ET CORPORIS CILIARIS.
- — SCLEROTICÆ.
- TENDINUM.
- TESTICULORUM.
- TRACHEÆ ET BRONCHIORUM.
- — FALLOPIANI.
- TUNICÆ CHOROIDIS.
- — VAGINALIS.
- TYMPANI.
- URETHRÆ.
- UTERI ET LIGAMENTORUM ET VICINI PERITONÆI.
- VAGINÆ.
- VALVARUM CORDIS.
- VASORUM SANGUIFERORUM.
- VELAMENTORUM HERNIARUM.
- VENARUM.
- — ET SINUM CEREBRALIUM.
- VENTRICULI.
- VESICÆ.
- VULVÆ.

Morbid Exhalations (Poison).

— Secretions, Wound poisoned by,

MORBILLI. —

MORBUS ADDISONI.

- ARTERIARUM CORONARIARUM.
- BRIGHTII.
- BASEDOVII.

Morbus cæruleus.

MORBUS CHARCOTII.

- COLLOIDES.
- COXÆ.
- GRAVESII.
- HODGKINII.
- LANARIUS.
- LIENIS AMYLOIDES.
- POTII.
- PARASITICUS.
- — ANI.
- — AURIS.
- — BRONCHIORUM.
- — CEREBRI.
- — CORPORIS THYROIDIS.
- — — VITREI.
- — DUCTUUM JECORIS.
- — IN CANALICULO.
- — INTESTINORUM.
- — JECORIS.
- — LIENIS.
- — MAMMÆ.
- — NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- — ORIS.
- — OSSIUM.
- — OVARII.
- — PALPEBRARUM.
- — PERITONÆI.
- — PULMONIS.

MORBUS PARASITICUS RECTI INTESTINI.

- — RENUM.
- — SPINÆ.
- — SUBSTANTIÆ MUSCULARIS CORDIS.
- — TELÆ CONNEXIVÆ.
- — TRACHÆ ET BRONCHIORUM.
- — TUNICÆ CONJUNCTIVÆ.
- — VASORUM LYMPHIFERORUM.
- — VENARUM.
- — VENTRICULI.
- — VESICÆ.
- — VESICULÆ FELLIS.
- — SYPHILITICUS ARTERIARUM.
- — CORDIS SUBSTANTIÆ MUSCULARIS.
- — MEMBRANARUM CORDIS.
- — MUSCULORUM.
- — NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- — UTERI.

Morphia (Poison).

Morphœa.

MORS REPENTINA POST PARTUM.

MORULA.

Mouldy bread (Poison).

- Mouth, Cyst of,
- Diphtheria of,
- Inflammation of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Noma of,
- Parasitic Disease of,
- Syphilis of,

Movable kidney.

Mucocœle.

Mucous.

- polypus.
- tubercle.
- tumour.

MÜLLERI DUCTUS PERSISTENS.

Mumps.

MUSCA CÆSAR.

- CARNARIA.
- CIBARIA.
- DOMESTICA.
- LARVARUM.
- NIGRA.
- STABULANS.
- VOMITORIA.

Muscæ volitantes.

Muscles, Abscess of,

- Atrophy of,
- Bruise of,
- Contracture of,
- Cramp of,
- Cyst of,
- Displacement of,
- Erectile tumour of,
- Exhaustion of,
- Fatty degeneration of,
- — infiltration of,
- Fibroid degeneration of,

Muscles, Gangrene of,

- Hypertrophy of,
- Inflammation of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Ossification of,
- Paralysis of,
- Progressive atrophy of,
- Rupture of,
- Spasm of,
- Spontaneous rupture of,
- Strain of,
- Syphilitic disease of,

Muscle-tissue tumour.

Muscular atrophy, Progressive,

MUSCULORUM ABSCESSUS.

— APPARATUS OCULI MORBI.

— ATROPHIA.

— CONTRACTIO.

— CONTUSIO.

— CYSTIS.

— DEGENERATIO ADIPOSA.

— — FIBROSA.

— DIRUPTIO.

— — EX CONTRACTIONE VIOLENTA.

— — EX VI EXTERNA.

— — SPONTANEA.

— GANGRÆNA.

— HYPERTROPHIA.

— IN CALCEM CONVERSIO, *vide* MUSCULORUM OSSIFICATIO.

— INFILTRATIO ADIPOSA.

— INFLAMMATIO.

— LÆSIONES.

— LOCO MOTUS.

— MORBI.

— MORBUS SYPHILITICUS.

— — PARASITICUS.

— OSSIFICATIO.

— PARALYSIS.

— SPASMUS.

— — TONICUS.

— — CLONICUS.

— STREMA.

Musculorum tumour spongiosus.

MUSCULORUM TUMORES MALIGNI.

— — NON MALIGNI.

— VULNUS.

Mutilation of genitals.

MUTATIO LOCI ET PARTIUM POSITURA
INUSITATA IN FÆTU INGENITA.

Mydriasis.

Myelitis.

MYELITIS CORNUUM ANTERIORUM.

Myelitis of the anterior cornua.

Myceloid sarcoma.

Myocarditis.

Myo-fibroma.

MYO-FIBROMA LIGAMENTORUM UTRI.

MYO-FIBROMA OVARII.

- UTERI.
- VAGINÆ.
- Myoma.
- Myopia.
- Myosis.
- MYOTOMIA.
- Myotomy.
- Myxædema.
- Myxoma.

Nævus.

- Nares, Plugging for Epistaxis,
- NARIUM CARTILAGINES LOCO MOTÆ.
- CONTRA EPISTAXIM OBTURATIO.
- Narrowing and obliteration of arteries.
- of the larynx.
- Nasal bones, Fracture of,
- cartilages, Dislocation of,
- catarrh.
- duct, Diseases of,
- NASI ABSCESSUS.
- CARTILAGINUM NECROSIS.
- CYSTIS SEBACEA.
- ET BUCCARUM FISSURA.
- FISSURA.
- HYPERTROPHIA.
- INFLAMMATIO.
- NASI SEPTUM PERFORATUM.
- ULCERATIO.
- Naso-pharyngeal polypus.
- NASIS AUT IMPERFECTUS AUT NULLUS.
- Nebula.

Necrosis of the alveoli.

- — bone.
- — — Intra-osseous,
- — cartilages of the larynx.
- — — nose.
- — — trachea.
- — dentine and cementum.
- — internal ear.
- — nose.
- — orbit.
- — ossicles of ear.
- — spine.

NECROSIS ALVEOLORUM.

- AURIS INTERNÆ.
- CARTILAGINUM LARYNGIS.
- — NASI.
- — TRACHEÆ.
- DENTINÆ ET CEMENTI.
- NASI.
- ORBITÆ.

NECROSIS OSSICULORUM AUDITUS.

- OSSIUM.
- — CENTRALIS.
- — INTRA OSSA.
- SPINÆ.
- NEMATODA.
- NEOPLASMA.
- Nephralgia.
- NEPHRECTOMIA.
- Nephrectomy.
- NEPHRITIS ACUTA.
- ACUTA DESQUAMANS.
- DIFFUSA.
- INTERSTITIALIS CHRONICA.
- TUBALIS.
- SUPPURANS DISSEMINATA.

Nephritis, Acute.

- Acute desquamative,
- Chronic diffuse,
- — parenchymatous, —

NEPHROLITHOTOMIA.

Nephro-lithotomy.

NEPHROTOMIA.

Nephrotomy.

Nerves, Atrophy of,

- Compression of,
- Continuity of, with nervous centres incomplete.
- Contusion of,
- Inflammation of,
- Reunion of divided,
- Rupture of,
- Sclerosis of,
- Section of,
- Strain of,
- Stretching of,
- Wound of,

Nerve, optic, Diseases of,

- -tissue tumour.

NERVI EXTENSIO.

- OPTICI MORBI.
- — INVOLUCRI FISSURA.

NERVORUM COMPRESSIO.

- CONTUSIO.
- CUM CENTRIS SUIS COMMISSURA IMPERFECTA.
- DISRUPTIO.
- FIBRÆ OPACÆ.
- LÆSIONES.
- STREMA.
- VULNUS.

Nervous System, Anæmia.

- — Atrophy.
- — Cyst.
- — Congestion.
- — Dropsy.
- — Hæmorrhage.

Nervous System, Hypertrophy.

- — Inflammation.
- — Malignant New Growth.
- — Non-malignant New Growth.
- — Parasitic disease.
- — Syphilis.
- — Tuberculosis.

Nettle rash.

Neuralgia.

- of the anus.
- — bladder.
- — breast.
- — eyeball.
- Facial,
- of the joints.
- — larynx.
- — rectum.
- — spermatic cord.
- — testicle.

NEURALGIA ARTICULORUM.

- FACIÆ.
- FUNICULI SEMINALIS.
- GLOBI.
- ISCHIÆ.
- LARYNGIS.

Neuralgia mammae.

NEURALGIA RECTI INTESTINI ET ANI.

- TESTICULORUM.
- VESICÆ.

Neuritis.

NEURITIS OPTICA.

Neuroglia tumour.

Neuroma.

NEURORETINITIS.

NEUROTOMIA.

New blood vessels in vitreous.

NICOTINA (Poison).

Nicotine (Poison).

NIMI CALORIS EFFECTUS.

— NISUS ET INTENTIONIS EFFECTUS.

NIPHALEPSIA.

Nipple (of the breast), Chapped,

- — — — Deficient number of,
- — — — Depressed,
- — — — Excessive number of,
- — — — Ulcerated,

Nitric acid (Poison).

— vapours (Poison).

Nitrite of Amyl (Poison).

Nitro-benzol (Poison).

NITROBENZOLEUM (Poison).

Nitro-glycerine (Poison).

NITROGLYCERINUM (Poison).

Nitrous oxide (Poison).

Node.

NODI OSSIIUM.

Noma.

Nose, Abscess of the,

- absent or imperfect.
- Fissure of,
- Foreign bodies in,
- Hypertrophy of,
- — of the mucous membrane of the,
- — — skin and sebaceous glands of the,
- imperfect.
- Lipoma of,
- Malformations of,
- Inflammation of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Perforation of the septum of the,
- Polypus of,
- — Naso-pharyngeal,
- Restoration of,
- Sebaceous cyst of,
- Syphilis of,
- Ulceration of,
- Wart of,

NOTARIORUM SPASMUS.

Noxious effluvia (Poison).

Nutmeg Liver.

Nux vomica (Poison).

Nystagmus.

OBESITAS.

Obesity.

Oblique inguinal hernia.

Obliteration of arteries.

- — hepatic duct.
- — lymphatic vessels.
- — varicels.
- — veins.

Obstetric operations.

OBSTRUCTIO ARTERIARUM EX IMPACTIS COAGULIS.

- DUCTUUM JECORIS ET VESICULÆ FELLIS.
- DUCTUS PANCREATIS.
- INTESTINORUM.
- TUBÆ EUSTACHIANÆ.
- VENARUM.

Obstruction of arteries by clots.

- — the hepatic ducts and gall bladder.
- — Eustachian tube.
- — intestines.
- — lymphatic vessels.
- — pancreatic duct.
- — thoracic duct.
- — vena portæ.
- — veins.

OBTURATIO.

Obturator heruia.

OCCLUSIO TUBÆ FALLOPIANÆ.

— UTERI.

— VULVÆ.

Occlusion of arteries by compression.

— — Fallopian tube.

— — external os of the uterus.

— — internal os of the uterus.

— — canal of the uterus.

— — vagina.

— — vulva.

OCLI CONTUSIO.

— EXCISIO.

— IMPERFECTI.

OCULORUM DEFECTUS.

ODONTALGIA.

Odontoma.

Œdema glottidis.

— of the conjunctiva.

— — connective tissue.

— — lungs.

— — optic dise.

— — penis.

— — scrotum.

— — vulva.

ŒDEMA LABIORUM VULVÆ.

— OPITICI DISCI.

— PENIS.

— PULMONUM.

— SCROTI.

— SUB TUNICA CONJUNCTIVA.

ŒXANTHE CROCATA.

ŒSOPHAGI CATHETERISMUS.

— PERFORATIO.

— VARIX.

Œsophagus, Catheterisation of,

— Foreign bodies in,

— Impervious.

— Malformations of,

— Paralysis of,

— Perforation of,

— Stricture of,

— Ulceration of,

— Varix of,

ŒSOPHAGUS IMPERVIOUS.

ŒSOPHAGOTOMIA.

Œstophagotomy.

Œstrus hominis.

— Guildingii.

— Livingstonii.

Oidium albieans.

Oil of bitter almonds (Poison).

Old age.

OLEUM AMYGDALÆ AMARÆ (Poison).

— CROTONIS (Poison).

Omental hernia.

Onychia.

Ouyx.

OÖPHORECTOMIA.

Oöphorectomy.

Oöphoritis.

OPACITATES CORPORIS VITREI.

Opacities of vitreous.

Opacity of cornea.

Opaque capsule, Extraction of,

— — Laceration of,

Opening of Abscess.

Ophthalmia.

— Chronic,

— Catarrhal,

— Diphtheritic,

— Follicular,

— Gonorrhœal,

— Granular,

— Herpetic,

— Membranous,

— Papillary,

— Phlyctenular,

— Purulent,

— Pustular,

— Scrofulous,

— Tarsal,

OPTHALMIA CHRONICA.

— CATARRHALIS.

— FOLLICULARIS.

— GONORRHOÏCA.

— GRANULARIS.

— HERPETICA.

— MEMBRANOSA.

— MUCOPURULENTA.

— NEONATORUM.

— PAPILLARIS.

— PHLYCTENULARIS.

— PURULENTA.

— PUSTULARIS.

— SCROFULOSA.

— SIMPLEX.

— TARSI.

Ophthalmoplegia externa.

Opium (Poison).

Optic Neuritis.

Orbit, Abscess of,

— Caries of,

— Cellulitis of,

— Emphysema of,

— Erysipelas of,

— Hæmorrhage of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Necrosis of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Periostitis of,

ORBITE ABSCESSUS.

— CARIES.

— EMPHYSEMA.

— ERYSIPELAS.

— ET PARTIUM VICINARUM MORBI.

— HÆMORRHAGIA.

- ORBITÆ NECROSIS.
 — PERIOSTITIS.
 — PHLEGMONE.
 Orbital aneurysm.
 Orchitis.
 — Acute,
 — Chronic,
 Organic stricture of urethra.
 ORGANORUM LYMPHATICORUM COR-
 PORA ADVENTITIA.
 — — LÆSIONES.
 Organs of locomotion, Operations on,
 Orifices of heart obstructed or imperfect.
 ORIS CYSTIS.
 — GANGRÆNA.
 — MORBI.
 — MORBUS PARASITICUS.
 — SYPHILIS.
 — TUMORES MALIGNI.
 — — NON MALIGNI.
 Ornithomyia avicularis.
 Os caleis.
 OS HYOÏDES LOCO MOTUM.
 Os uteri, Operation for enlarging,
 — — Dilatation of,
 — — Occlusion of,
 — — Rigidity of,
 — — Stricture of,
 Osmic acid (Poison).
 Ossicles of the tympanum, Diseases of
 the,
 — — — Ankylosis of,
 — — — Necrosis of,
 OSSICULORUM ANKYLOSIS.
 — MORBI.
 — NECROSIS.
 OSSIFICATIO MUSCULORUM.
 Ossification of museles.
 — — cartilages of larynx.
 — — — — ribs.
 — — — — trachea and bronchi.
 OSSIS DEPRESSI ELEVATIO.
 — ETHMOÏDIS ET VOMERIS NECROSIS.
 — HYOÏDIS FRACTURA.
 — IN OCULO FORMATIO.
 — PECTORALIS FISSURA.
 — — FRACTURA.
 — PETROSI NECROSIS.
 — SCAPULARUM FRACTURA.
 OSSIUM ABSCESSUS CHRONICUS VEL
 LONGUS.
 — ATROPHIA.
 — CARIES.
 — CYSTIS.
 — DEGENERATIO ADIPOSA.
 — EXCISIO.
 — FACIÆ HYPERTROPHIA.
 — — FRACTURA.
 OSSIUM FRACTURA SPONTANEA.
 — — NON COIENS.
 — HYPERTROPHIA CONCENTRICA.
 — — ECCENTRICA.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 — ITERATA FRACTURA.
 — MOLLITIES.
 — NASALIUM NECROSIS.
 — NECROSIS.
 — NODI.
 — PEDIS FRACTURA.
 — (PRÆTER SPINAM) MORBI.
 Osteitis.
 — deformans.
 Osteoarthritis.
 — Chronic, of joints.
 — — of the spine.
 OSTEOARTHRITIS.
 — CHRONICA SIVE LONGA.
 — — — SPINÆ.
 Osteoid Carcinoma.
 — Enchondroma.
 Osteoma.
 Osteo-malacia.
 Osteomyelitis.
 Osteophyte.
 OSTEOPHYTUM.
 Osteoporosis.
 OSTEOTOMIA.
 Osteotomy.
 OSTIA CORDIS OBSTRUCTA AUT IMPER-
 FECTA.
 OSTIUM AORTICUM OBSTRUCTUM AUT
 IMPERFECTUM.
 — DEXTRUM CORDIS OBSTRUCTUM.
 — PULMONALE OBSTRUCTUM.
 — SINISTRUM CORDIS OBSTRUCTUM.
 Otitis.
 Oval amputation.
 Ovarian cysts, Paracentesis of,
 OVARII ABSCESSUS.
 — ATROPHIA.
 — CYSTIS.
 — EXSECTIO.
 — HÆMORRHAGIA.
 — HERNIA.
 — HYPERTROPHIA.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 OVARIORUM DEFECTUS.
 Ovariectomy.
 OVARIVM LOCO MOTUM.
 — PROLAPSUM.
 — TRANSLATUM.
 Ovary, Abscess of,
 — absent, one or both.
 — Atrophy of,
 — Cyst of,

Ovary, Cyst of, with intraeystic growths.

- Cystosarcoma of,
- Dermoid cyst of,
- Displacement of,
- Ectopia of,
- Fibroid tumour of,
- Hæmorrhage of,
- Hernia of,
- Hypertrophy of,
- Inflammation of,
- Malformations of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Multiple cystic tumour of,
- — — with intraeystic growths.
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Parasitic disease of,
- Prolapse of,
- Proliferous cystic tumour of,
- Simple cystic tumour of,
- Transplantation of,
- Tubercle of,

Over-distention of the uterus.

Overlying, Asphyxia from,

Ovum, Removal of,

OXALAS POTASSÆ ACIDA (Poison).

Oxalate of calcium calculus.

Oxalic acid (Poison).

Oxaluria.

OXIDUM CARBONICUM (Poison).

— NITROSUM (Poison).

Oxyuris vermicularis.

Ozæna.

Paehymeningitis.

Painful Menstruation.

Pains and cramp, Spurious, during pregnancy.

Palate, Adhesions of the soft,

- Cleft,
- Fissure of,
- Malformations of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Paralysis of,

PALATI ET FAUCIUM MORBI.

- — — PARALYSIS.
- FISSURA.
- TUMORES MALIGNI.
- — NON MALIGNI.

PALATUM FISSUM.

Palmar ganglion, Diffused,

— fascia, Contracted,

PALPEBRÆ IMPERFECTÆ.

PALPEBRARUM DEFECTUS.

— ET OCULI LÆSIONES CHEMICÆ.

— FISSURA.

PALPEBRARUM PERPETUA CONJUNCTIO.

— VULNUS.

PALPITATIO ET TUMULTUS CORDIS.

Palpitation and irregularity of the action of the heart.

Palsy.

- Lead,
- Scriveners'.
- Shaking.

Pancreas, Abscess of,

- Calculus of,
- Cyst of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Obstruction of the duct of the,

PANCREATIS ABSCESSUS.

— CALCULUS.

— CYSTIS.

— DUCTUS OBSTRUCTIO.

— MORBI.

— TUMORES MALIGNI.

— — NON MALIGNI.

Pangonia Brucci,

PANIS MUCIDUS (Poison).

Panophthalmitis.

PAPILLA MAMMÆ DEPRESSA.

— — SCISSA.

— — ULCERATA.

Papillary fibroma.

PAPILLITIS.

Papilloma.

Paracentesis.

- Abdominal,
- Cephalic,
- of cysts in broad ligament.
- — fluid tumours.
- of hydrocele.
- Ovarian.
- of ovarian cysts.
- Pericardiac,
- of pleura.
- — Spina bifida.
- Vesical,
- — above the pubes.
- — through the rectum.

PARACENTESIS ABDOMINIS.

— CAPITIS.

— HYDROCELES.

— OVARII.

— PERICARDII.

— THORACIS.

— TUMORUM FLUIDORUM.

— VESICÆ,

— — PER RECTUM INTESTINUM.

— SUPRA PUBEM.

Paralysis.

— acute ascending.

Paralysis after acute disease,

- agitans.
- of the bladder.
- Bulbar,
- Diphtheritic,
- General, of the insane,
- Glosso-labio-pharyngeal.
- Infantile,
- of the intestines.
- — iris.
- — larynx.
- — lips.
- from Lathyrus.
- Local,
- of Muscles.
- of the œsophagus.
- — palate and fauces.
- — pharynx.
- — tongue.
- Pseudo-hypertrophie,
- Toxic,

PARALYSIS ASCENDENS ACUTA,

- CARPUM DEBILITANS.
- DIPHTHERITICA.
- EX LATHYRO.
- — PLUMBO.
- GLOSSOLABIOPHARYNGIA.
- INSANORUM GENERALIS.
- INTESTINORUM.

Paralysis iridis.

PARALYSIS LINGUÆ.

- LOCALIS.
- MUSCULORUM.
- ŒSOPHAGI.
- PHARYNGIS.
- POST MORBUM ACUTUM,
- PSEUDOHYPERTROPHICA.
- TOXICA.
- VESICÆ.

Parangi.

PARANGIA.

Paraphimosis.

Paraplegia.

Parietes (of chest), Wound of,

PARONYCHIA.

PAROTITIS.

Parovarian cyst.

PAROVARII CYSTIS.

Paroxysmal sick-headache.

- Hæmaturia.
- Hæmatinuria.
- Hæmoglobinuria.

PARTIS AUT PARTIUM E LOCO EXPULSIO.

- AVULSIO.
- COMPRESSIO PERFECTA.
- INTESTINORUM EXCISIO.
- MOLLIS DIRUPTIO.

PARTIS PHARYNGIS EXCISIO.

- RECTI INTESTINI ADVERSUS CARGI NOMA ABSCISSIO.
- VENTRICULI EXCISIO.

PARTIUM INTRA ORBITAM VULNERA ET LÆSIONES.

- Parturition, Atony of the uterus during,
- Convulsions during,
- Hæmorrhage during,
- Over-distention of the uterus during,
- Inversion of the uterus during,
- Mechanical obstacle to the expulsion of the fœtus during,
- Retention of the Placenta during,
- Rupture or laceration of the perineum during,
- — — — urinary bladder during,
- — — — uterus during,
- — — — vagina during,
- — — — vulva during,

PARTUS INTEMPESTIVUS.

Parulis.

Passing of catheter.

Passive congestion of the lung.

- — — kidney.

Patella, Dislocation of,

- Fracture of,

PATELLÆ BURSA AMPLIFICATA.

- FRACTURA.

Pediculus.

Pellagra.

Pelvic abscess.

- cellulitis.
- hæmatocele.
- peritonitis.

PELVIS CONTUSIO.

Pelvis, Contusion of,

Pemphigus.

- foliaceus.

Penis, Abscess of,

- Amputation of,
- absent.
- Condyloma of,
- diminutive.
- Gangrene of,
- Inflammation of,
- Malformations of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Edema of,
- Phagedæna of,
- Syphilis affecting,
- Ulcer of,
- Wound of,

PENIS ABSCESSUS.

- AMPUTATIO.
- GANGRÆNA.
- INFLAMMATIO.

PENIS OEDEMA.

— PHAGEDENA.

— SIVE COLES, PUSILLUS.

— ULCUS.

Pentastoma constrictum.

— denticulatum.

PER VAGINAM LITHOTOMIA.

PERFORATIO.

Perforation.

— of the hepatic ducts and gall bladder.

— — intestines.

— — joints.

— — mastoid cells.

— — membrana tympani.

— — nasal septum.

— — œsophagus.

— — pharynx.

— — stomach.

PERIARTERITIS.

Pericardiac paracentesis.

PERICARDII ET CORDIS VULNUS.

— FISSURA.

— INFLAMMATIO.

— PARACENTESIS.

Pericarditis.

— Pyæmic.

— Suppurative.

PERICARDITIS CUM ENDOCARDITIS.

— PYÆMICA.

— SUPPURANS.

+ Pericardium, absent or defective.

— adherent.

— Air in,

— Diseases of,

— Effusion in,

— Hæmorrhage in,

— Malformations of,

— Wound of,

PERICARDIUM ADHERENS.

PERICARDIUM AUT NULLUM AUT CURTUM.

Perichondritis.

Perihepatitis.

Perineal hernia.

— section.

PERINEI DIRUPTIO AUT LACERATIO.

— MULIERIS ET VULVÆ VULNUS.

Perinephritic abscess.

Perineum, Rupture or laceration of, during parturition.

— — — Operation for,

— — Sloughing of, consequent on parturition.

— — Wound of,

Periorchitis.

Periosteal abscess, Acute,

PERIOSTEI DENTII MORBI.

PERIOSTEI DENTII ABSCESSUS.

— — INFLAMMATIO.

— GINGIVARUM ET ALVEOLORUM MORBI.

— — — ATROPHIA.

— — — CARIES.

— — — GANGRENA.

— — — HYPERTROPHIA.

— — — INFLAMMATIO.

— — — NECROSIS.

— — — SUPPURATIO.

— — — ULCERATIO.

PERIOSTEOTOMIA.

Periosteotomy.

Periostitis.

— Circumscribed,

— Diffuse,

— of Orbit.

PERIOSTITIS CIRCUMSCRIPTA.

— DIFFUSA.

Periphlebitis.

PERIPNEUMONIA.

PERITONÆI ADHERENTIA.

Peritonæum, Adhesions of,

— Malformation of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Parasitic disease of,

PERITONITIS ACUTA.

— CHRONICA.

— PELVICA.

— PUERPERARUM.

— SUPPURANS.

— TUBERCULOSA.

Peritonitis, Acute,

— Chronic,

— Puerperal,

— Suppurative,

— Tubercular,

Pernicious anæmia.

PERNIO.

Persistence of early fœtal state of external genital organs.

Persistent branchial fissures.

— glycosuria.

— hyaloid artery.

— Müller's ducts.

— pupillary membrane.

PERTUSSIS.

PES PLANUS.

PESTIS.

Petroleum (Poison).

Petrous bone, Necrosis of,

PHAGEDENA.

— Sloughing,

— of the penis.

— — vulva.

Phalanges of the fingers, Dislocation of,

- — — Fracture of,
- — thumb, Dislocation of,
- — toes, Dislocation of,
- — — Fractures of,

PHALANGIUM DIGITORUM LUXATIO.
— FOLLICIS LUXATIO.

PHARYNGIS ET ŒSOPHAGI DILATATIO,
ITEM DIVERTICULA.

- — — PARALYSIS.
- — — STRICTURA.
- — — SYPHILIS.
- — — TUMORES MALIGNI.
- — — NON MALIGNI.
- — — ULCERATIO.
- EXTIRPATIO.

PHARYNGITIS FOLLICULARIS.

- Pharynx, Dilatation of,
- Diphtheria of,
 - Excision of part of,
 - Extirpation of,
 - Malformations of,
 - Malignant New Growth of,
 - Non-malignant New Growth of,
 - Paralysis of,
 - Perforation of,
 - Stricture of,
 - Syphilis of,
 - Ulceration of,

Phimosis.

- Congenital,

PHIMOSIS INGENITA.

PHLEBITIS PUERPERARUM.

Phlebitis.

- consequent on parturition,
- Plastic,
- Suppurative,

PHLEBOLITH.

Phleboliths.

PHLEBOTOMIA.

Phlebotomy.

Phlegmasia dolens.

- — consequent on parturition.

PHLEGMONE ORBITÆ.

- PELVICA.

Phlegmonous Erysipelas.

Phosphate of calcium calculus.

- Phosphoric acid (Poison).
- inflammation of the gums and alveoli.

Phosphorous acid (Poison).


Phosphorous (Poison).

Phosphuria.

Photopsia.

Phthiriasis.

- of eyelids.

Phthirius inguinalis. 

Phthisical necrosis of the cartilage of the trachea.

Phthisis.

- Acute pneumonic,
- Chronic pneumonic,

PHTHISIS FABRORUM MOLARIORUM.

Phthisis fibroid.

- fibrosa.
- globi.

Phthisis, Millstone-makers'.

PHTHISIS PNEUMONICA ACUTA.
— — CHRONICA.

Physostigma venenosum (Poison).

Pia mater, Inflammation of the,

Picric acid (Poison).

Picrotoxin (Poison).

PICROTOXINA (Poison).

Pies, Poisonous.

Pigment-tumour of Meninges.

Piles.

PILOCARPINA (Poison).

Pilocarpine (Poison).

Pinguecula.

Pinna, Contusion of,

- Hæmatoma of,
- Wound of,

PINNA CONTUSA.

- VULNERATA.

PINNÆ HÆMATOMA.

PISCES VENENOSI (Poison).

Pityriasis.

- rubra.
- versicolor.

Placenta, Hæmorrhage from accidental detachment of,

- Removal of,
- Retention of,
- Separation of, before birth of child.

PLACENTÆ FRAGMENTORUM, MEMBRANÆ, AUT COAGULI, RETENTIO.

Plague.

Plastic effusion.

Pleura, Adhesions of,

- Pleura, Air in the,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-Malignant New Growth of,
- Ossification of,
- Paracentesis of,
- Serous Effusion in,
- Syphilis of,
- Thickening of,
- Penetrating wound of,
- Tubercle of,

- PLEURÆ AUT PULMONIS VULNUS PENE-
 TRANS.
 — PARACENTESIS.
 Pleurisy.
 PLEURITIS.
 Plugging.
 — of the air passages, Asphyxia from,
 — — nares for Epistaxis.
 — — rectum.
 — — vagina.
 PLUMBI CHROMAS (Poison).
 PLUMBUM (Poison).
 Pneumonia.
 — Lobar,
 — Lobular.
 Pneumonic phthisis.
 Pneumopericardium.
 Pneumothorax.
 PODAGRA.
 Poisoned arrows, Wound by,
 — wound.
 Poisonous cheese.
 — crustaceans.
 — fish.
 — fungi.
 — gases and vapours.
 — grain.
 — maize.
 — meat.
 — milk.
 — mollusks.
 — pies.
 — sausages.
 POLIOMYELITIS ANTERIOR.
 Polycoria.
 POLYPI AURIS ABLATIO.
 — NASALIS EXTRACTIO.
 — NASOPHARYNGEALIS ABLATIO.
 Polypoid fibroma.
 Polypus of the dental periosteum.
 — — ear.
 — — external meatus.
 — — gums.
 — nasal.
 — naso-pharyngeal.
 — of rectum.
 — of the uterus.
 — — vagina.
 POLYPUS FORAMINIS AURIS.
 — MUCOSUS.
 — NASI.
 — — CUM PHARYNGE.
 — UTERI.
 — VAGINÆ.
 Polyuria.
 Pompholyx.
 Porrigo decalvans.
 Porrigo lupinosa.
 POSITURA PRAYA TESTICULI.
 POSTHEMIPLEGIAM CHOREA.
 POST PHARYNGEM ABSCESSUS.
 Post-hemiplegic Chorea.
 Post-partum hæmorrhage.
 Post-pharyngeal abscess.
 Posterior curvature of the Spine.
 Potash (Poison).
 — Bichromate of (Poison).
 — Bisulphate of (Poison).
 POTASSA (Poison).
 POTASSÆ BICHROMAS (Poison).
 — BISULPHAS (Poison).
 — OXALAS ACIDA (Poison).
 POTASSII CYANIDUM (Poison).
 Potassium (Poison).
 — Cyanide of (Poison).
 Pott's disease.
 POTTH MORBUS.
 Pounded Glass (Poison).
 Pox.
 Premature birth.
 Premature labour.
 Presbyopia.
 Priapism.
 PRIAPISMUS.
 Prickly heat.
 Primary amputation.
 — Syphilis.
 — — of the tongue.
 Privation.
 Privet (Poison).
 PROCESSUS MAJORIS FEMORIS FRAC-
 TURA.
 Procidentia uteri.
 PROCIDENTIA TUBULORUM TESTICULI.
 PROFLUVIUM AQUOSUM EX UTERO
 GRAVIDARUM.
 — LACTIS.
 Progressive muscular atrophy.
 PROLAPSIO RECTI INTESTINI.
 — UTERI IN GRAVIDIS.
 — VAGINÆ.
 Prolapse of the vagina.
 — — — Cystoccele.
 — — — Rectocele.
 Prolapsus of the rectum.
 — — uterus.
 Proliferating hygroma of bursæ
 mucosæ.
 Proliferation tumours.
 Proliferous cystic tumour of ovary.

Proptosis.
 — Pulsatile.
 PROPTOSIS PULSATILIS.
 Prostate gland, Abscess of,
 — — Atrophy of,
 — — Calculus of,
 — — Chronic enlargement of,
 — — Cyst of,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — — Tubercle of,
 Protrusion of the eyeball.
 — — tubuli of the testicle.
 Prurigo.
 — senilis.
 Pruritus, ani.
 — of the scrotum.
 — — skin.
 — — vulva.
 PRURITUS ANI.
 — CUTIS.
 — SCROTI.
 — VULVÆ.
 — — IN GRAVIDIS.
 Prussic acid (Poison).
 Psammoma.
 Pseudo-hypertrophic paralysis.
 Psoas, lumbar, and other abscesses of
 the spine.
 Psoriasis.
 Pterygium.
 — Operation for,
 Ptosis.
 PTOSIS INGENITA.
 Ptyalism.
 PUBESCENTIUM INSANIA.
 Pubic symphysis, fissure of,
 Puerperal convulsions.
 — fever.
 — insanity.
 — lymphangitis.
 — peritonitis.
 — pyæmia.
 — septicæmia.
 PUERPERARUM INSANIA
 — LYMPHANGITIS.
 — PERITONITIS.
 — PYÆMIA.
 — SEPTICÆMIA.
 Pulex Irritans.
 — penetrans.
 Pulmonary apoplexy.
 — lobes deficient in number.
 Pulmonic valve-disease.
 PULMONIS ABSCESSUS.

PULMONIS CIRRHOSIS.
 — COLLAPSIO.
 — CONGESTIO PASSIVA.
 — EMBOLUS.
 — EMPHYSEMA.
 — EXPLICATIO IMPERFECTA.
 — GANGRÆNA.
 — INDURATIO FUSCA.
 — NIGRA.
 — MORBI.
 — OEDEMA.
 — PYÆMIA.
 — VOMICA.
 PULMONUM DEFECTUS.
 — HERNIA, SIVE ECTOPIA.
 — LÆSIONES.
 — LOBI NUMERO DEFICIENTES.
 Pulpy degeneration of synovial mem-
 brane.
 Pulsating bronehocele.
 PUNCTORUM ET CANALICULORUM
 LACRYMALIUM STRICTURA ET
 OBLITERATIO.
 — LACRYMALIUM EVERGIO.
 PUNCTUM DUPLEX.
 Punctured wound.
 Pupil, Artificial.
 PUPILLA FACTITIA.
 Purpura.
 Purulent Ophthalmia.
 PISTULA MALIGNA.
 Pustular Ophthalmia.
 Pustule, Malignant,
 Putrid sore throat.
 Pyæmia.
 Pyæmic abscess of joints.
 — — — lung.
 — — — spleen.
 — — — liver.
 — pericarditis.
 Pyelitis.
 Pylephlebitis.
 Pyometra.
 Pyonephrosis.
 Pyrosis.
 Pythogenic fever.

 Quinsy.

 Rabies.
 RACHITIS.
 RADII FRACTURA.

RADII LUXATIO.

— ET ULNÆ FRACTURA.
 — — — LUXATIO.

Radius, Dislocation of,

— Fracture of,
 — and ulna, Dislocation of,
 — — Fracture of both,

Raising depressed bone.

Ranula.

RECTI INTESTINI ADVERSUS HÆMORR-
HAGIAM OBTURATIO.

— — ET ANI ABSCESSUS.
 — — — HÆMORRAGIA.
 — — — MORBI.
 — — — NEURALGIA.
 — — — PROLAPSIO.
 — — — STRICTURA.
 — — — ULCERATIO.
 — — PER ANUM EXPLORATIO.
 — — VULNUS.

Rectocele.

Recto-urethral fistula.

Recto-vaginal fistula.

Rectum, Abscess of,

— Hæmorrhage from,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Neuralgia of,
 — Non-malignant tumours of,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Plugging of, for hæmorrhage.
 — Prolapsus of,
 — Sloughing of,
 — Stricture of,
 — — Operation for,
 — Syphilis of,
 — Ulceration of,
 — Wound of,

Red softening of the brain.

Reducible hernia,

Reduction of dislocations.

— — inverted uterus.

Reduvius personatus.

Refracture of bone.

Regurgitation through the valves of the
heart.

Relapsing fever.

Relaxation of ligaments.

Relaxed throat.

Remittent fever.

Removal of breast.

— — bronchocele.
 — — bullets and shots.
 — — calculi, biliary.
 — — — renal.
 — — — salivary.
 — — — urethral.

Removal of calculi, vesical.

— — cervix uteri.
 — — epiglottis.
 — — fœtal remains.
 — — — fœtus in ectopic gestation.
 — — — by Cæsarean section.
 — — hydatid cyst.
 — — loose bodies from joints.
 — — lymphatic glands.
 — — naso-pharyngeal polypus.
 — — ovary.
 — — ovum.
 — — placenta.
 — — polypus from the ear.
 — — — of rectum.
 — — rectum, part of, for cancer.
 — — remains of hymen.
 — — sequestra.
 — — lipoma.
 — — submaxillary gland.
 — — tongue.
 — — tonsils.
 — — tumours.
 — — uterus.
 — — wax from external meatus of ear.

REN MOBILIS.

Renal calculi, Removal of,
— dropsy, Acute,

RENES CERVI.

— GRANULATIM CONTRACTI.
 — GRANULOSI.
 — IN UNUM CONJUNCTI.
 — LARDACEI.
 — MOBILES.
 — MULTIFIDI.

Renes podagrici.

RENIS HERNIA.

Renum abscessus pyæmicus.

RENUM CALCULUS.

Renum cirrhosis.

RENUM DEFECTUS.

— EMBOLUS.
 — ET DUCTUUM ABSCESSUS.
 — — — ATROPHIA.
 — — — CONGESTIO PASSIVA.
 — — — CYSTIS.
 — — — HYPERTROPHIA.
 — — — MORBI.
 — — — MORBUS CYSTICUS.

Renum fibrosis.

RENUM MORBUS AMYLOIDES.

— THROMBOSIS.

RERUM CHEMICARUM EFFECTUS.

— NECESSARIARUM INOPIA.

RESOLUTIO FAUCIUM.

— LIGAMENTORUM.
 — UTERI IN PARTURIENTIBUS.
 Resorcin (Poison).

RESORCINA (Poison).
 Restoration of eyelid, Operation for,
 — — lip, Operation for,
 — — nose, Operation for,
 Retained menstrual fluid, Operation
 for,
 RETENTIO SECUNDARUM IN PARTU-
 RIENTIBUS.
 — URINÆ.
 Retention of the placenta.
 — — placental fragments, membrane,
 or clots.
 — — urine.
 Reticular, or Alveolar cancer.
 Retina, diseases of,
 RETINÆ FISSURA.
 — ISCHÆMIA.
 Retinitis.
 — Albuminuric.
 — Diabetic.
 — Hæmorrhagic.
 — Leucoeythæmic.
 — Pigmentary.
 — Syphilitic.
 Retroflexion of the uterus.
 Retroversion of the uterus.
 Retro-uterine abscess, Operation for,
 — — hæmatocele, Operation for,
 Reunion of divided nerve.
 Rhabditis genitalis.
 Rhabdomyoma.
 Rhagades.
 RHAGADES ANI.
 Rheumatic arthritis, Chronic, osteo-
 arthritis.
 Rheumatic fever.
 — inflammation.
 — iritis.
 Rheumatism.
 — Gonorrhœal.
 — of joints.
 — Synovial.
 RHEUMATISMUS.
 — ARTICULORUM.
 — GONORRHOÏCUS.
 — SYNOVIALIS.
 Rheumatoid arthritis.
 RHINOLITH.
 Rhinoliths.
 Ribs, Fracture of,
 RICINI SEMINA (Poison).
 Rickets.
 — of bones.
 Rickety curvature of the spine.
 Rimæ.

Ringworm.
 Rodent ulcer.
 Rose rash.
 Roseola.
 ROSEOLA EPIDEMICA.
 Rötheln.
 Round-celled sarcoma.
 Rubeola.
 RUBEOLA NOTHA.
 Rupia.
 Ruptum album oculi.
 Rupture.
 — of arteries.
 — — abdominal muscles, with con-
 tusion.
 — — bladder.
 — — — from fracture of the pelvis.
 — — — during parturition.
 — — ducts of secreting glands.
 — — heart.
 — — lung.
 — — membrana tympani.
 — — muscle.
 — — nerve.
 — — perineum during parturition.
 — — sclerotic, with contusion of the
 eye.
 — — secreting glands.
 — — a soft part.
 — — tendon.
 — — trachea.
 — — urethra.
 — — urinary bladder.
 — — uterus during parturition.
 — — vagina during parturition.
 — — vas deferens.
 — — vein.
 — — viscera.
 — — vulva during parturition.
 Ruptured globe of the eye.
 Ryc, Ergot of (Poison).

Sabadilla (Poison).
 SABINA (Poison).
 Saccular aneurysm.
 Sacculaton of the bladder.
 SACCULI LACRYMALIS ET DUCTUS
 LÆSIONES.
 Sago spleen.
 Saint Vitus' dance.
 SAL LIMONIS (Poison).
 SALES ALCALINI (Poison).
 Salivary calculus.

Salivary fistula.
 — glands, Abscess of,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 SALIVA FREQUENS.
 Salivation.
 Salpiugitis.
 Salt of Lemon (Poison).
 Sanguineous apoplexy.
 — cyst.
 — discharge during pregnancy.
 Sanguisuga interrupta.
 — Javanica,
 — Medicinalis,
 — Officinalis,
 — Tagalla,
 Sarcina ventriculi.
 Sarcoma.
 SARCOMA CELLAS HABENS FUSIFORMES.
 — — — ROTUNDAS.
 — — — MELANOTICUM.
 — — — MYELOIDES.
 Sarcopes crustosæ.
 — scabiei.
 Saturnine arthritis.
 Satyriasis.
 Sausages, Poisonous,
 Savin (Poison).
 Scabies.
 Scalds.
 Scalp-wound.
 Scalp, Contusion of,
 Scanty menstruation.
 Scapula, Amputation of,
 SCAPULÆ LUXATIO.
 Searlatina.
 Scarlet fever.
 Sciatica.
 SCILLA (Poison).
 Scirrhus.
 — of the breast.
 — — uterus.
 Scleriosis.
 Scleroderma.
 Sclerosis.
 — of the anterior cornua of the grey
 matter of the spinal cord.
 — Diffuse,
 — Disseminated,
 — Insular,
 — of the lateral columns of spinal cord.
 — Miliary,
 — of nerves.
 — — posterior columns of spinal cord.

SCLEROSIS CIRCUMSCRIPTA.
 — COLUMNARUM LATERALIUM.
 — — POSTERIORUM.
 — CORNEUM ANTERIORUM MATERIE
 CINEREÆ MEDULLÆ SPINALIS.
 — DIFFUSA.
 — MILIARIA.
 — NERVORUM.
 Sclerostoma duodecimale.
 Sclerotic, Contused wound of the eye,
 with rupture of the,
 — Diseases of,
 — Inflammation of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Staphyloma of,
 — Syphilis of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Wound of,
 SCLEROTICÆ UVATIØ.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 — LESIONES.
 — MORBI.
 — SYPHILIS.
 — TUMORES MALIGNI.
 — — NON MALIGNI.
 — VULNUS.
 — — FISSURA.
 Sclerotitis.
 SCORNUCUS.
 Scorpions, Wound poisoned by,
 Scraping cavity of the uterus.
 Scriveners' palsy.
 Scrofula.
 Scrofulous disease of joints.
 — iritis.
 — ophthalmia.
 — suppuration of glands.
 Scrotal hernia.
 SCROTI ABSCESSUS.
 — DEFORMITATES INGENITE.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 — MORBI.
 — ŒDEMA.
 — PRURITUS.
 — SPHACELUS.
 — SYPHILIS.
 — TUMORES MALIGNI.
 — — NON MALIGNI.
 Scrotum, Chimney-sweepers' Cancer
 of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Elephantiasis of,
 — Fissure of,
 — Inflammation of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Œdema of,

Serotum, Pruritus of,
 — Sloughing of,
 — Syphilis of,
 — Wound of,
 Scurvy.
 Sea-sickness.
 Sebaceous cyst.
 — — of the nose.
 — tumour of the external ear,
 — — of the skin.
 Schorrhœa.
 Secondary amputation.
 — pneumonia.
 — syphilis.
 — — of the tongue.
 Secreting glands and viscera, Injuries
 of,
 Secretions, Morbid, Wounds poisoned
 by,
 SECUNDARUM RETENTIO.
 SECTIO ABDOMINIS.
 — CÆSAREA.
 — SPHINCTERIS ANI.
 Section of nerve.
 — Abdominal.
 — Cæsarean.
 — Perineal.
 SENECTUS.
 Senile atrophy of uterus.
 — insanity.
 SENILIS INSANIA.
 SEPARATIO RETINÆ.
 Separation of cartilage (of ear) from
 bone.
 — — the epiphyses of the lower
 extremity.
 — — — — upper extremity.
 — — placenta, before birth of child.
 SEPTA IMPERFECTA CORDIS.
 Septa of heart incomplete.
 SEPTI TRANSVERSI FISSURA.
 Septicæmia.
 SEPTUM NASI PERFORATUM.
 Septum of the nose.
 Sequestra, Removal of,
 SEQUESTRORUM ABLATIO.
 Shaking palsy.
 Shingles.
 Snock.
 Shoulder-joint, Amputation at,
 — Dislocation of,
 Shrunken eyeball.
 Sick headache, Paroxysmal,
 Sickness, Green,

Silver (Poison).
 — stain of the conjunctiva.
 Simple angioma.
 — cholera.
 — continued fever.
 — cyst of the kidney.
 — granulation tumour.
 — enlargement of the liver,
 — erysipelas.
 Simulium reptans.
 Sinus of the breast.
 SINUS LACRYMALIS MORBI.
 SINUM FRONTALIUM DISTENSIO.
 SITIS.
 Skin, Bronzed,
 Skin, Diseases of,
 — grafting.
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — and subcutaneous tissue, Abrasion
 of,
 — — — — Bruise of,
 — — — — Burn and scald of,
 — — — — Frostbite of,
 — — — — Injuries of,
 — — — — Wound of,
 Skoliosis.
 Skull, Contusion of,
 — Fissure of,
 — Fracture of the base of the,
 — — — vault of the,
 — — — — compound, with depression.
 — — — — — without depression.
 — — — — simple, with depression.
 — — — — — without depression.
 — — — — Incised fracture,
 — Fracture of the vault of the,
 — — — inner table only.
 — — — outer table only.
 — Wound of,
 Slough of the connective tissue.
 Sloughing of the bladder.
 — — — from parturition.
 — — cervix uteri from parturition.
 — — perineum from parturition.
 — phagedæna.
 — rectum from parturition.
 — — serotum.
 — sore throat.
 — of the vagina from parturition.
 Small-pox.
 Snake, Poisoned wounds by,
 Snow-blindness.
 Soda (Poison).
 SODA ET CALX CHLORATA (Poison).
 SODÆ BISULPHAS (Poison).
 Soft cataract.
 — chancre.

Softening of the brain or cord.
 — Red, of the brain or cord.
 — White, of the brain or cord.
 — Yellow, of the brain or cord.
 — of cartilages of trachea.

SOLIS ICTUS.

Solution of the lens.

SOLUTIO LENTIS.

Somnambulism.

Sore throat, Putrid,
 — — Sloughing,

Spanish fly (Poison).

Spasm of the bladder.

— Clonic,
 — of glottis.
 — Histrionic,
 — of muscle.
 — of the sphincter ani.
 — Tonic,

Spasmodic asthma.

— cholera.
 — croup.

SPASMUS ANI.

— GLOTTIDIS.
 — MUSCULORUM.
 — — CLONICUS.
 — — HISTRIONICUS.
 — — NOTARIORUM.
 — — TONICUS.
 — VESICE.

Spastic spinal paralysis.

Spaying.

Spermatic cord, Abscess of,
 — — Diffused hæmatocele of,
 — — Diseases of,
 — — Hydrocele of,
 — — — — Diffused,
 — — — — Encysted,
 — — Injuries of,
 — — Neuralgia of,
 — — Non-malignant New Growth of,

Spermatorrhæa.

SPHACELUS PERINEI IN PUERPERIS.

— RECTI INTESTINI IN PUERPERIS.
 — SCROTI.
 — TELLE CONNEXIVÆ.
 — UTERI CERVICIS IN PUERPERIS.
 — VAGINÆ IN PUERPERIS.
 — VESICÆ.
 — — IN PUERPERIS.

Sphincter ani, Spasm of,

— — Incision of,

SPHINCTERIS ANI SECTIO.

SPINA FRACTA ET LOCO MOTA.

— — NON AUTEM LOCO MOTA.

SPINÆ ANKYLOSIS.

SPINÆ ATROPHIA, ITEM EX COMPRES-
 SIONE ABSORPTIO.

— CARIES.

— CUM MEDULLA COMPRESSA FRACTURA SIMPLEX.

— CURVATURA EX TRANSVERSO.

— — — IN DORSUM.

— — — FRONTEM.

— — — RACHITICA.

— DEFORMITAS ANGULARIS.

— DISTORTIONES INGENITÆ.

— FRACTURA FORAS PATENS.

— — SPONTANEA.

— LUXATIO.

— MORBI.

— NECROSIS.

Spina bifida.

— — Paracentesis of,

Spinal apoplexy.

— column, Fissure of,
 — cord, absent or imperfect.
 — — Atrophy of,
 — — Compression of, without fracture
 or dislocation.
 — — Concussion of,
 — — Softening of,
 — — Sclerosis of,
 — — and its membranes, Diseases of,
 — — — Fissure of, Malformation,
 — — — Hæmorrhage of,
 — — — Inflammation of,
 — — — Injuries of,
 — — — Malformations of,
 — — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — — Meningitis of,
 — — — Non-malignant New Growth
 of,
 — — meningitis.
 — — Syphilitic,
 — — Tubercular,

Spindle-celled Sarcoma.

Spine, Abscesses of,
 — Angular curvature of,
 — Ankylosis of,
 — Anterior curvature of,
 — Atrophy of,
 — Caries of,
 — Chronic osteo-arthritis of,
 — Compound fracture of,
 — — — with injury to cord.
 — — — with injury to spinal
 nerves.
 — — — without injury to cord.
 — Congenital distortion of,
 — Curvature of Angular,
 — — — Anterior,
 — — — Lateral,
 — — — Posterior.
 — — — Rickety.
 — Disease of,
 — Dislocation of, from disease.

Spine, Dislocation of, partial or complete, from injury.

— — — with fracture.

— — — without fracture.

— Distortion of, from malformation.

— Fracture of, with displacement.

— — — without displacement.

— Injuries of,

— Lateral curvature of,

— Malformations of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Necrosis of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Osteo-arthritis, Chronic, of,

— Parasitic disease of,

— Psoas, lumbar, and other abscesses of,

— Simple fracture of, with compression of cord.

— Spontaneous fracture of,

— Ulceration of ligaments and cartilages of,

SPIRITUS APPARATUS DEFORMITATES INGENITE.

Spleen, Abscess of,

— Amyloid disease of,

— Atrophy of,

— Congestion of,

— Cyst of,

— Diseases of,

— Embolism of,

— Excision of,

— Hypertrophy of,

— Induration of, from Agne.

— Lardaceous,

— Malformations of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Parasitic disease of,

— Pyæmic inflammation and abscess of,

— Tubercle of,

— Waxy,

Splenic fever.

Splenitis.

Spondylolisthesis (Parturition).

Spontaneous aneurysmal varix.

— fracture of bones.

— — of the spine.

— laceration or rupture of stomach.

— rupture of muscles.

— — — tendons.

— varicose aneurysm.

Sporadic cholera.

Sprain.

— of the back.

— — lower extremity.

— — upper extremity.

Sprue or Sprew.

Spurious valgus.

Squill (Poison).

Stain, Metallic, of the conjunctiva.

— — — — from lead.

— — — — — nitrate of silver.

STAPHYLOMA.

Staphyloma of the cornea.

— — sclerotic.

— Operation for,

Starvation.

Steatoma.

Stearorrhœa.

— Nigrieans,

— Simplex,

Steel filings (Poison).

Steno's duct, Injury of,

STENONIS DUCTUS LÆSIO.

Sternum, Fracture of,

— Fissure of,

Still-birth.

Stinging insects, Death caused by,

— — Irritation caused by,

— — Poisoned wounds by,

— plants, Irritation caused by,

Stomach, Chronic ulcer of,

— Contraction of,

— Dilatation of,

— Diseases of,

— Divided by constrictions.

— Excision of portion of,

— Fistula of,

— Foreign bodies in,

— Hæmorrhage of,

— Hernia of,

— Inflammation of,

— Injuries of,

— Laceration of, Spontaneous,

— Lardaceous disease of,

— Malignant New Growth of,

— Non-malignant New Growth of,

— Parasitic disease of,

— Perforation of,

— Rupture of, Spontaneous,

— Stricture of,

— Ulceration of,

— Ulcer of, Perforating,

— Washing out of,

Stomach-pump, Application of,

Stomatitis.

— gangrænosa.

— Gangrenous,

— Ulcerative,

STOMATITIS ULCERANS.

Stomatitis, Vesicular,

STOMATITIS VESICULOSA.

Stomoxys calcitrans.

- Stone.
 Strabismus.
 — Operation for,
 Strain.
 — Effects of excessive.
 — of muscles.
 — — nerves.
 — — tendons.
 Stramonium (Poison).
 Strangulated hernia.
 — — Operations for,
 STRANGULATIO INTERNA INTESTI-
 NORUM.
 — MEMBRI.
 Strangulation, Asphyxia from,
 — Internal, of intestines.
 STRANGULATORUM ASPHYXIA.
 STREMA.
 — A TERGO.
 — IN MEMBRIS INFERIORIBUS.
 — — — SUPERIORIBUS.
 Stretching of nerve.
 STRICTURA CANALIS UTERI.
 — DUCTUS NASALIS.
 — FAUCIUM.
 — INTESTINORUM.
 — ITINERIS URINÆ VIRILIS.
 — ŒSOPHAGI.
 — ORIS UTERI.
 — RECTI INTESTINI ET ANI.
 — TUBÆ FALLOPIANÆ.
 — URETHRÆ.
 — VENTRICULI.
 Stricture of the canal of the uterus.
 — — external os of the uterus.
 — — Fallopian tube.
 — — fauces.
 — — hepatic ducts and gall bladder.
 — — internal os of the uterus.
 — — intestines.
 — — nasal duct.
 — — œsophagus.
 — — pharynx.
 — — puncta and canaliculi.
 — — rectum and anus.
 — — — Operation for,
 — — — — by forcible dilatation.
 — — — — — simple dilatation.
 — — — — — incision.
 — — stomach.
 — — urethra.
 — — — Organic,
 — — — Spasmodic,
 — — — Traumatic,
 — — — Operations for,
 — — — — by external urethrotomy.
 — — — — — forcible dilatation.
 — — — — — gradual dilatation.
 — — — — — internal urethrotomy.
 Striped muscle tumour.
 Strongylus bronchialis.
 Strophulus.
 STRUMA.
 — ARTICULORUM.
 Strumous ophthalmia.
 Stump, Irritable,
 Strychnia (Poison).
 Sty.
- STYPTICA ADHIBITA.
 Subcutaneous injection.
 — — Poisoned wound.
 Submaxillary gland, Removal of,
 Submersion, Asphyxia from,
 Sub-peritoneal tissue, Abscess in,
 Subretinal dropsy.
 SUCTORIA PARASITICA.
 Sudamina.
 SUDOR FETIDUS.
 Sulphate of indigo (Poison).
 Sulphuretted hydrogen (Poison).
 Sulphuric acid (Poison).
 Sulphurous acid (Poison).
 SUMME CAVITATIS NARII PUNCTIO.
 Sun-stroke.
 SUPERANTIA NUMERO CORDIS CAVA.
 — — OVARI.
 — — PUNCTA LACRYMALIA.
 Superinvolution of uterus.
 Supernumerary cavities of the heart.
 — kidney.
 — limbs, fingers and toes.
 — lungs.
 — mammae.
 — nipples.
 — ovaries.
 — puncta lacrymalia.
 — pupils.
 — spleen.
 — teeth.
 — ureters.
 — valves of the heart.
 Suppression of urine.
 — — teeth, total or partial.
 SUPPURATIO GLANDULARUM LYMPHA-
 TICARUM.
 — VASORUM LYMPHIFERORUM.
 — VESICÆ.
 Suppurating bubo.
 — — Syphilitic.
 Suppuration of alveoli.
 — — dental periosteum.
 — — Fallopian tube.
 — — bladder.
 — — gums.

Suppuration of hernial sac.

— — lymph-glands.

— — lymph-vessels.

Suppurative keratitis.

— nephritis, Disseminated,

— pericarditis.

— peritonitis.

— perityphlitis.

— phlebitis.

— tonsillitis.

Suprarenal capsule, Diseases of,

— — Addison's disease of,

— — Atrophy of,

— — hypertrophy of,

— — Lardaceous disease of,

— — Malignant New Growth of,

— — Non-malignant New Growth of,

— — Tubercle of,

SURÆ SOLIUS FRACTURA.

SURDITAS.

SURDORUM MUTITAS.

Surfeit.

Sycosis.

Symblepharon.

— Operation for,

Sympathetic irritation of eyeball.

Symphysiotomy.

SYMPHYSIOTOMIA.

Symptomatic convulsions.

Synechia (Iris).

Synchysis.

Syncope.

Synostosis.

Synovial membrane, Pulpy degeneration of,

— rheumatism.

SYNOVIALIS INFLAMMATIO PODAGRICA.

Synovitis, Acute, *see* inflammation of joints.

— Chronic,

— Gouty,

Syphilis.

— of the alveoli.

— — arteries.

— — bones.

— Cicatricial,

— Constitutional,

— of the dental periosteum.

— — Eustachian tube.

— — external ear.

— — internal ear.

— — eyelids.

— — fauces.

— — breast.

— Gummatous,

— of the gums.

— — heart.

Syphilis, Hereditary,

— manifested at birth.

— Inflammatory and exudative,

— of the kidney.

— — larynx.

— — lips.

— — liver.

— — lung.

— — lymphatic glands.

— — mastoid cells.

— — mouth.¹

— — muscles.

— — nose.

— — œsophagus.

— — palate.

— — penis.

— — pericardium.

— — pharynx.

— — pleura.

— Primary,

— of the rectum.

— — sclerotic.

— — scrotum.

— Secondary,

— of the skin.

— — teeth.

— Tertiary,

— of the testicle.

— — tongue.

— — trachea.

— — tympanum.

— — uterus.

— — vagina.

— — vulva.

— Ulcerative and destructive,

SYPHILIS.

— ALVEOLORUM.

— ANI.

— ARTERIARUM.

— AURIS INTERNE.

— CELLULARUM MASTOIDEARUM.

— COLIS.

— CORDIS.

— CUTIS.

— DENTIUM.

— FAUCIUM ET PALATI.

— GINGIVARUM.

— GLANDULARUM LYMPHATICARUM.

— GUMMOSA.

— INGENITA.

— — CUM CICATRICE.

— — GUMMOSA.

— — INFLAMMATIONE ET EXUDATIONE.

— — ULCERANS ET ERODENS.

— JECORIS.

— LABRORUM.

— LARYNGIS.

— LINGUÆ.

— MAMMÆ MULIEBRIS.

— MEMBRANÆ TYMPANI.

— MUSCULORUM.

SYPHILIS NASI.

- ORIS.
- OSSIUM.
- PALPEBRARUM.
- PENIS.
- PERICARDII.
- PHARYNGIS ET ŒSOPHAGI.
- PLEURÆ.
- PRIMARIA.
- — LINGUÆ.
- PULMONIS.
- RECTI INTESTINI.
- RENUM.
- SCROTI.
- SECUNDARIA.
- — LINGUÆ.
- TESTICULORUM.
- TRACHEÆ ET BRONCHIORUM.
- TUBÆ EUSTACHIANÆ.
- TUNICÆ SCLEROTICÆ.
- TYMPANI.
- UTERI.
- VAGINÆ.
- VULVÆ.

Syphilitic affections of the fauces.

- — — larynx.
 - — — pharynx and œsophagus.
 - — — tonsils.
 - bubo.
 - deposit of the liver.
 - — — lung.
 - deposit in muscle.
 - disease.
 - — of bones.
 - — — brain.
 - — — testicle.
 - inflammation.
 - — of glands.
 - iritis.
 - laryngitis.
 - meningitis.
 - necrosis of the cartilages of the larynx.
 - — — — trachea.
 - ulcer of the larynx.
 - — — lips.
- Syreniform fœtus.

TABACUM (Poison).

Tabes dorsalis.

- mesenterica.

Tænia.

Talipes calcaneus.

- equino-valgus.

- — varus.

- equinus.

- valgus.

- varus.

Tapping antrum.

- and drainage of hydatid cyst.

A 21008.

Tapping (Aspiration) of hydatid cyst.

- bronchocele.
 - joint.
 - of urinary bladder.
 - — — — above pubes.
 - — — — through rectum.
- Tarsal bones, Dislocation of,
- ophthalmia.

TARSI OPHTHALMIA.

- Tarsus, Fracture of,
- Tartaric acid (Poison).

TAXUS BACCATA (Poison).

- Teeth, Abnormal structure of,
- Deficient or imperfectly developed,
- Diseases of,
- Dislocation of,
- Extraction of,
- Fracture of,
- Honeycombed,
- Impaction of,
- Irregularity in form of,
- Mechanical injuries of,
- Suppression of,

Teething.

TELÆ CONNEXIVÆ ABSCESSUS.

- — EMPHYSEMA.
- — HÆMORRHAGIA.
- — INFLAMMATIO.
- — MORBI.
- — SPHACELUS.
- — TUMORES MALIGNI.
- — — NON MALIGNI.

Telangiectasis.

TENDINUM DIRUPTIO SPONTANEA.

- ET EORUM THECARUM LÆSIONES.

- — — — DIRUPTIO.

- — — — EX MUSCULORUM CON-
- — — — TRACTIONE VIOLENTA.

- — — — EX VI EXTERNA.

- — — — LOCO MOTUS.

- — — — STREMA.

- — — — VULNUS IMPERFECTA.

- — — — PERFECTA.

- — — — FASCIARUM COARCTATIO.

- — — — INFLAMMATIO.

- — — — MORBI.

TENDO ADILERENS.

Tendons, Adhesion of,

- Contraction of,
- Diseases of,
- Displacement of,
- Inflammation of,
- Injuries of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Rupture of,
- — — from violent muscular exertion.
- — — — external violence.
- and their sheaths, Injuries of,
- Spontaneous rupture of,

Tendons, Strain of,
 — Wound of,
 Tenebrio molitor.
 TENONTOTOMIA.
 TENOTOMIA.
 Tenotomy.
 — of tensor tympani.
 Tensor tympani, Tenotomy of,
 TENSORIS TYMPANI TENONTOTOMIA.
 Tephromycetis.
 TEREBINTHINA (Poison).
 TEREBRATIO.
 Tertian ague.
 Tertiary Syphilis.
 Testicle absent.
 — Abscess of,
 — Atrophy of,
 — Contusion of,
 — — — with formation of hæmatocele.
 — Cystic disease of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Fœtal remains in,
 — Injuries of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Malposition of,
 — Neuralgia of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Protusion of the tubuli of,
 — — — — Operation for,
 — retained in the abdomen.
 — — — inguinal canal.
 — Syphilitic disease of,
 — Tubercle of,
 — Wound of,
 TESTICULI CONTUSIO.
 — FUNGUS.
 — HERNIA.
 — VULNUS.
 TESTICULORUM ABSCESSUS.
 — ATROPHIA.
 — CYSTIS.
 — DEFECTUS.
 — INFLAMMATIO.
 — MORBI.
 — TUBULORUM PROCIDENTIA.
 TESTICULUS IN FORAMINE INGUINALI
 RETENTUS.
 — IN VENTRE RETENTUS.
 Testis, Fungus of,
 — Hernia of,
 TETANIA.
 Tetanus.
 — consequent on parturition.
 Tetany.
 Tetrastoma renale.
 Thecal abscess.

THECARUM ABSCESSUS.
 Thickening of the capsule of Glisson.
 — — — pleura.
 Thigh, Amputation of,
 Thoracic duct, Obstruction of,
 — — Injury of,
 — — Wound of,
 — paracntesis.
 THORACIS DISTORTIONES INGENITÆ.
 — FISSURA.
 — VULNUS PERFORANS.
 Thorax, Congenital distortion of,
 Thorn-apple.
 Throat, Cut-,
 — Putrid sore,
 — Relaxed,
 — Sloughing sore,
 — Sore,
 — Ulcerated,
 Thrombosis of arteries.
 — — kidney.
 — — pulmonary artery.
 — — uterine ligaments.
 — — veins.
 THROMBOSIS ARTERIARUM.
 — IN PUERPERIS.
 — RENUM.
 — VENARUM.
 — VENOSA IN PUERPERIS.
 Thrombus of vulva.
 THROMBUS VULVÆ.
 Thrush.
 — fungus.
 Thumb, Dislocation of,
 Thymus, Diseases of,
 — Delayed involution of,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 Thyrectomy.
 Thyroid body, Atrophy of,
 — Cyst of (Cystic Goitre),
 — — Diseases of,
 — — Hypertrophy of,
 — — Inflammation of,
 — — Injuries of,
 — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — Operations on,
 — — Parasitic disease of,
 THYROTOMIA.
 Thyrotomy.
 Tibia, Fracture of,
 TIBIE SOLIUS FRACTURA.
 Tic douloureux.
 Tinea circinata.

- Tinea favosa.
 — marginata.
 — tonsurans.
 — versicolor.
 TINEA TONDENS.
 Tinnitus.
 Tobacco.
 Toes, Amputation of,
 — Conjoined,
 — deficient in number.
 — Supernumerary,
 Tongue, Abscess of,
 — Anæsthesia of,
 — Atrophy of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Hypertrophy of,
 — Inflammation of,
 — Malformations of,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Paralysis of,
 — Removal of,
 — Syphilis of, Primary,
 — — Secondary,
 — -tie, Malformation.
 — Ulcer of,
 TONSILLARUM ABLATIO.
 — HYPERTROPHIA.
 TONSILLITIS FOLLICULARIS.
 Tonsillitis.
 — Follicular.
 — Suppurative.
 Tonsils, Enlarged,
 — Malignant New Growth of,
 — Non-malignant New Growth of,
 — Removal of,
 — Syphilitic affection of,
 Toothache.
 Torticollis.
 TORSIO ARTERIARUM.
 Torsion of vessels.
 Torula cerevisiæ.
 Toxic Insanity.
 — Paralysis.
 TOXICA INSANIA.
 — — EX ALCOHOLE.
 — — — PLUMBO.
 — — — PODAGRA.
 Trachea absent or imperfect.
 — Necrosis of the cartilages of,
 — and bronchi, Contraction of,
 — — — Diseases of,
 — — — Dilatation of,
 — — — Foreign bodies in,
 — — — Malformations of,
 — — — Malignant New Growth of,
 — — — Non-malignant New Growth
 of,
 Trachea and bronchi, Ossification of
 cartilages of,
 — — — Parasitic disease of,
 — — — Rupture of,
 — — — Softening of cartilages of,
 — — — Syphilis of,
 — — — Tubercle of,
 — — — Ulcer of,
 TRACHEA RUPTA.
 TRACHEÆ ET BRONCHIORUM COARCTATIO.
 — — — CARTILAGINUM MOLLITIES.
 — — — — MORBI.
 — — — — NECROSIS.
 — — — — ULCUS.
 TRACHEOTOMIA.
 Tracheotomy.
 Trachoma.
 TRACTUUM LACRYMALIUM MORBI.
 Transfusion.
 TRANSFUSIO.
 Transplantation of the ovary.
 Transposition of viscera.
 Transudation tumours.
 Traumatic aneurysm.
 — aneurysmal varix.
 — cataract.
 — insanity.
 — iritis.
 — varicose aneurysm.
 TRAUMATICA INSANIA.
 Trematoda.
 TREMOR MERCURIALIS.
 Tremor, Mercurial,
 TREMULA IRIS.
 Tremulous iris.
 Trephining.
 Trichiasis.
 — Operation for,
 Trichina spiralis.
 Trichinosis.
 Trichocephalus dispar.
 Trichophyton tonsurans.
 Tricuspid valve, Disease of,
 Triple phosphate calculus.
 Trismus.
 — nascentium.
 Trochanter major, Fracture of,
 Trombidium cinereum.
 True leprosy.
 TUBE EUSTACHIANÆ CATHETERISMUS.
 — — INFLATIO.
 — — MORBI.
 — — OBSTRUCTIO.

TUBÆ FALLOPIANÆ ADHÆRENTIA.

- — CYSTIS.
- — DILATATIO.
- — E SANGUINE DISTENSIO.
- — EXCISIO.
- — HERNIA.
- — HYDROPS.
- — INFLAMMATIO.
- — MORBI.
- — OCCLUSIO.
- — PRODUCTIO.
- — STRICTURA.
- — SUPPURATIO.

Tubercle,

- of bones.
- of the brain, Miliary or granular,
 - — — Yellow,
- — bronchi.
- — bronchial glands.
- — Fallopian tube.
- — kidney.
- — heart.
- — intestines.
- — larynx.
- — liver.
- — lung.
- — lymphatics.
- — mesenteric glands.
- — miliary or granular, of the brain.
- — ovary.
- — pericardium.
- — pleura.
- — prostate gland.
- — spleen.
- — suprarenal capsules.
- — testicle.
- — trachea and bronchi.
- — uterus.
- Grey,
 - — Inflammatory,
 - — Retrograde,
 - — Simple,
 - — Ulcerative and destructive,
- Yellow,
 - — Inflammatory,
 - — Retrograde,
 - — Simple,
 - — Ulcerative and destructive,

TUBERCULA.

- DEPOSITA in CEREBRO.
- MILIARIA ACUTA PULMONIS.
- — NERVORUM APPARATUS.

Tubercular degeneration of the suprarenal capsules.

- deposit of the brain.
- leprosy.
- meningitis.
- pericarditis.
- peritonitis.
- pleurisy.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Tuberculosis, Acute miliary, of lung.

- of arteries.
- — nervous system.

TUBERCULUM.

- CAPSULARUM SUPRARENALIU.
- CINEREUM.
- — CUM INFLAMMATIONE.
- — RETROGRADUM CUM CICATRICE.
- — SIMPLEX.
- — ULCERANS ET ERODENS.
- FLAVUM.
- — CUM INFLAMMATIONE.
- — NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- — RETROGRADUM CUM CICATRICE.
- — ULCERANS ET ERODENS.
- GLANDULÆ PROSTATÆ.
- GLANDULARUM BRONCHIALIU.
- — LYMPHATICARUM.
- — MESENTERII.
- INTESTINORUM.
- JECORIS.
- LARYNGIS.
- LIENIS.
- MEMBRANARUM CORDIS.
- NERVORUM APPARATUS.
- — — FLAVUM.
- OSSIU.
- OVARII.
- PLEURÆ.
- PULMONIS.
- RENUM.
- TESTICULORUM.
- TRACHEÆ ET BRONCHIORUM.
- TUBÆ FALLOPIANÆ.
- UTERI.

Tuberous fibroma.

Tubuli of the testicle, Protusion of the,

TUBULORUM TESTICULI PROCIDENTIA.

TUBA FALLOPIANA LOCO MOTUS.

Tumor adenoides mammae muliebris.

TUMOR ADIPOSUS.

- — CUTIS.

Tumor alveolaris, glutinosus, collodes ovarii.

TUMOR BURSE.

- CARTILAGINOSUS.
- CHELOIDES.
- CYSTICUS FÆCUNDUS OVARII.
- — MULTIPLEX OVARII.
- — SIMPLEX OVARII.
- FIBROMUSCULARIS UTERI.
- — VAGINÆ.
- FIBROSUS.
- — OVARII.
- MAMMARUM CHRONICUS SIVE LONGUS.
- MUCOSUS.
- MYELOIDES (see SARCOMA MYELOIDES).

TUMOR OSSEUS.

- SEBACEUS.
- SPONGIOSUS, MUSCULORUM.
- VASCULOSUS.
- — URETHRÆ.
- VERRUCOSUS.

Tumour, Adenoid, of the female breast.

- Bursal,
- Cartilaginous,
- Chronic mammary,
- Fatty,
- Fibrous,
- Fluid, Paracentesis of,
- Gelatinous.
- Malignant,
- Molluscous, of the external meatus.
- Mucous,
- Multiple cystic, of the ovary.
- Myeloid Sarcoma,
- Non-malignant,
- Osseous,
- of the eyelids, Operation for,
- proliferation.
- Proliferous cystic, of ovary.
- Removal of,
- retention.
- — in loco formationis.
- — — — distante.
- Sebaceous,
- — of the external meatus.
- — — skin.
- Simple cystic, of ovary.
- Transudation and exudation.
- Vascular,
- — of the meatus urinarius.
- Warty,

TUNICA VAGINALIS CORPORA LIBERA.

- — HEMATOCELE.
- — HYDROCELE.
- — — CYSTICA.
- — — INFANTILIS.
- — — INGENITA.
- — INFLAMMATIO.
- — MORBI.

Tunica vaginalis, Diseases of,

- — Hematocele of,
- — Hydrocele of,
- — — Congenital,
- — — Encysted,
- — — Infantile,
- — Inflammation of,
- — Loose bodies in,

TUNICE CONJUNCTIVÆ DEFORMITATES INGENITÆ.

- — ECHYMOSIS.
- — EMPHYSEMA.
- — HYPEREMIA.
- — LÆSIONES.
- — MORBI.
- — MORBUS PARASITICUS.

TUNICE CONJUNCTIVÆ TUMORES MALIGNI.

- — — NON MALIGNI.
- CORNEA FISTULA.
- — LÆSIONES.
- — MORBI.
- — TUMORES MALIGNI.
- — — NON MALIGNI.
- — ULCUS.
- SCLEROTICÆ INFLAMMATIO.
- — LÆSIONES.
- — MORBI.
- — STAPHYLOMA.
- — SYPHILIS.
- — TUMORES MALIGNI.
- — — NON MALIGNI.

Turpentine.

Twist of gut.

Tylosis.

Tympani, Membrana, Diseases of,

- — Inflammation of,
- — Injuries of,
- — Perforation of,
- — Uleeration of,

TYPANI MORBI.

Tympauites.

Tympanum, Diseases of,

- — — ossicles of the,
- Inflammation of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Syphilis of,

Typhilitis.

Typhoid fever.

Typho-malarial fever.

Typhus.

Tyroglyphus Mericourtii.

Uleer of the bronchi.

- — cornea.
- — hepatic ducts and gall-bladder.
- — intestines.
- — larynx.
- — larynx, Phthisical,
- — — Syphilitic,
- — lips.
- — — Syphilitic,
- — penis.
- — pharynx.
- — rectum, Operation for,
- — skin.
- — stomach.
- — — Perforating,
- — tongue.
- — trachea.
- — urethra.
- — uterus.

Uleer of the vulva.

Ulcerated nipple.

— throat.

ULCERATIO.

— CARTILAGINIS.

— DUCTUUM JECORIS ET VESICULÆ FELLIS.

— INTESTINORUM.

— LARYNGIS.

— — EX PHTHISI.

— — EX SYPHILIDE.

— LIGAMENTORUM ET CARTILAGINUM SPINÆ.

— NASI.

— ŒSOPHAGI.

— PHARYNGIS.

— RECTI INTESTINI ET ANI.

— VALVARUM CORDIS.

— VESICÆ.

Ulceration.

— of the anus.

— — bladder.

— — cartilage.

— — dental pulp.

— — fauces.

— — gall-bladder.

— — gums.

— — hepatic ducts.

— — intestines.

— — larynx.

— — ligaments and cartilages of the spine.

— — membrana tympani.

— — nose.

— — œsophagus.

— — pharynx and œsophagus.

— — rectum.

— — stomach.

Ulcerative and destructive syphilis.

— — — tubercle.

— stomatitis.

ULCUS CORNEÆ.

— CUTIS.

— ERODENS.

— EX CUBANDO.

— ITINERIS URINÆ VIRILIS.

— LABIORUM.

— — SYPHILITICUM.

— LINGUÆ.

— PERFORANS VENTRICULI.

— TRACHEÆ ET BRONCHIORUM.

— UTERI.

Ulna, Dislocation of,

— Fracture of,

ULNÆ FRACTURA.

— LUXATIO.

Umbilical hernia.

— — Congenital,

UNGUIS OCULI.

Unoculus.

Un-united fracture of bones.

— — — — Operation for,

Upas antiar (Poison).

— tieuté (Poison).

UPAS ANTIARICUM (Poison).

— TIEUTICUM (Poison).

Upper extremity absent.

— — Contusion of,

— — Dislocations of,

— — Excision of bones from,

— — Fractures of,

— — — Greenstick,

— — Injuries of,

— — Separation of epiphyses,

— — Sprain of,

— — Wound of,

— — — of joint of,

Urachus persistent.

URACHIUS PERSISTENS.

URALIA (Poison).

Urate of ammonia calculus.

Urates, Calculus of,

Ureter, Calculus in,

Ureters absent or impervious.

URETERES AUT NULLI AUT IMPERVII.

Urethra, Calculus impacted in,

— Diseases of,

— Fissure of,

— — Epispadie.

— — Hypospadie.

— Foreign bodies in,

— Gleet of,

— Laceration of, from fracture of pelvis.

— Lacunar abscess of,

— Malformations of,

— Rupture of,

— Stricture of,

— — Operation for,

— — Organic,

— — Spasmodic,

— — Traumatic,

— Ulcer of,

— Urinary abscess of,

— — fistula of,

— Wound of,

— Dilatation of,

URETHRÆ ABSCESSUS URINALIS.

— CARUNCULA.

— DIRUPTIO.

— EX PELVIS FRACTURA LACERATIO.

— FISSURA EPISPADICA.

— — HYPOSPADICA.

— DILATATIO.

— LACUNARUM ABSCESSUS.

— PERINEI, SCROTI, PENISQUE VULNUS.

URETHRÆ MORBI.

- STRICTURA.
- — ORGANICA.
- — SPASMODICA.
- — TRAUMATICA.
- TUMOR VASCULOSUS.
- ULCUS.

Urethral calculi, Removal of,

- caruncle.

Urethritis.

URETHROTOMIA INTERIOR.

Urethrotomy, External,

- Internal,
- — Sudden dilatation of stricture.

Uric acid calculus.

- oxide calculus.

URINA SUPPRESSA.

Urinary abscess.

- fistula.
- organs, Operations on,

Urinary System, Malformations of the,

URINE APPARATUS DEFORMITATES INGENITE.

- EXTRAVASATIO.
- INCONTINENTIA.
- ITINERIS VIRILIS MORBI.
- RETENTIO.

Urine, Extravasation of,

- Incontinence of,
- Retention of,
- Suppression of,

Urosteolith.

Urticaria.

UTERI ABSCESSUS.

- ATROPHIA.
- — SENILIS.
- CERVICIS ABLATIO.
- — ECTROPION.
- — EXTENSIO.
- CERVIX PRODUCTA.
- DIRUPTIO.
- DISTENTIO.
- — E PURE.
- — — SANGUINE.
- — — SECRETIS.
- FISTULA.
- GANGRENA.
- HYPERPLASIA.
- IMMODICA DISTENSIO IN PARTURI-
ENTINUS.
- — — EX AMNII LIQUORE
IMMODICO.
- — — — GESTATIONEM MULTIPLICI.
- INFLAMMATIO.
- — CATARRHALIS.
- — GRANULOSA.
- INTERNI RASURA.
- ITEM CERVICIS EJUS MORBI.
- LACERATIO.

UTERI LIGAMENTORUM MORBI, ET VICINI PERITONÆI ET MEMBRANÆ CELLULOSÆ.

- — ABSCESSUS.
- — CYSTIS.
- — HÆMATOCELE.
- — — EXTRA PERITONÆUM.
- — — INTRA PERITONÆUM.
- — INFLAMMATIO.
- — THROMBOSIS.
- — VARIX.
- MORBI, ITEM CERVICIS EJUS.
- OCCLUSIO.
- ORIS ET CERVICIS DILATATIO.
- PROCIDENTIA.
- RESOLUTIO IN PARTURIENTIBUS.
- SUBINVOLUTIO.
- SUPERINVOLUTIO.
- SUPRA CERVICEM ABLATIO.
- TOTIUS ABLATIO.
- — AUT PARTIS DEFECTUS.
- TUMOR FIBROSUS.
- ULCUS.

Uteri, Cervix, Cancer of,

- — Elongation of,
- — Sloughing of,
- — Os, Occlusion of,
- — Rigidity of,

Uterine hæmorrhage.

— ligaments, Diseases of,

Utero-vesical fistula.

- — — Operation for,

Uterus, Abrasion of the cervix of,

- Abscess of,
- absent, Malformation.
- Ante flexion of,
- Anteversion of,
- — — Extreme,
- Atony of, during parturition,
- — causing retention of the placenta.
- Atresia of,
- Atrophy of,
- — Senile,
- — Superinvolution,
- bicornis.
- Catarrh of,
- Diminutive,
- Discharge of watery fluid from the
pregnant,
- Diseases of,
- Displacements of,
- — of the pregnant,
- Distension of,
- — — with blood.
- — — secretion.
- — — pus.
- Distortions of,
- Double.
- Elongation of the cervix of,
- Ectropium of the cervix of,
- Erosion of,
- Fibroid tumour of,

Uterus, Fistula of,

- — — utero-vesical.
- — — — — intestinal.
- Functional diseases of,
- Gangrene of,
- Gonorrhœa of,
- Granular inflammation of cervix of,
- Hæmorrhage from,
- — — pregnant,
- — — — during parturition.
- — — post partum.
- Hernia of,
- — of the pregnant,
- Hour-glass contraction of, causing retention of the placenta.
- Hydrorrhœa of the pregnant,
- Hypertrophy of,
- Hysteralgia of the pregnant,
- Inflammation of,
- — Catarrhal of,
- — Granular, of the cervix of,
- Impervious,
- Injections into, to arrest hæmorrhage.
- Injuries of,
- — of the pregnant,
- Inversion of,
- — — during parturition.
- Inverted, Reduction of,
- Laceration or rupture of,
- — the body of,
- — — cervix of,
- — from parturition,
- Leucorrhœa of,
- Mechanical obstacle to the action of, during parturition.
- — — from ankylosed coccyx.
- — — — cancer of the cervix uteri.
- — — — cancer of the vagina.
- — — — cicatrix or band of the vagina.
- — — — death of the fœtus.
- — — — entanglement of two or more fœtuses.
- — — — exostosis of the pelvis.
- — — — extreme anteversion of the,
- — — — fœtus, enlargement of the, from disease.
- — — — — excessive size of the,
- — — — — malformation of the,
- — — — — malposition of the,
- — — — from foreign bodies in the vagina.
- — — — — occlusion of the os uteri.
- — — — — malposition of the cervix uteri.
- — — — — narrowness of the vagina.
- — — — — partial retroflexion of the uterus.

Uterus, Mechanical obstacle to the action of, from pelvis being diminutive.

- — — — — distorted or contracted.
- — — — — fractured.
- — — — — occupied by dislocated lumbar vertebrae.
- — — — — plural births.
- — — — — polypus.
- — — — — prolapsus of the bladder,
- — — — — — rectum.
- — — — — rectum being distended.
- — — — — rigidity of the os uteri.
- — — — — perineum.
- — — — — vagina.
- — — — — stone in the bladder.
- — — — — tumour.
- — — — — of the bladder.
- — — — — — external parts.
- — — — — — the rectum.
- — — — — ovarian.
- — — — — pelvic.
- — — — — uterine.
- — — — — unusual shortness of funis.
- — — — — — thickness of fœtal membranes.
- — — — — vagina, cicatrix or band of,
- — — — — — narrowness of,
- — — — — — vaginal cyst.
- Malformations of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Occlusion of the canal of the,
- — External os of,
- — Internal os of,
- Polypus of,
- pregnant, Discharge of watery fluid from,
- — Disorders of,
- — Displacements of,
- — Hæmorrhage from,
- — — during parturition.
- — — — — from accidental detachment of the placenta.
- — — — — — placenta prævia.
- — — — — — thrombus of the cervix uteri or labium.
- — Hernia of,
- — Hydrorrhœa of,
- — Hysteralgia of,
- — Injuries of,
- — Menstruation of,
- — Over-distension of,
- — — — from excess of liquor amnii.
- — — — — multiple gestation.
- — Prolapsus of,
- — Retroversion of,

Uterus, pregnant, Spurious pains and
cramp of,
— Preternatural adhesions of, causing
retention of the placenta.
— Prolapsus of,
— — of the pregnant,
— Procidentia of,
— Removal of, above cervix.
— — — whole,
— Retroflexion of,
— — of the pregnant,
— Retroversion of,
— — of the pregnant,
— Rupture or laceration of,
— — — — during parturition.
— Sloughing of cervix of, consequent
on parturition.
— Stricture of the canal of,
— — — external os of,
— — — internal os of,
— Subinvolution of,
— Superinvolution of,
— Syphilis of,
— Tubercle of,
— Ulcer of,

UTERUS ABRASUS.

— BICORNIS, Deformitas ingenita.
— DUPLEX, Deformitas ingenita.
— IMPERVIVS, Deformitas ingenita.
— INVERSUS.
— LOCO MOTUS ET DISTORTUS.
— PROLAPSUS.
— PRONUS.
— PROVOLUTUS.
— PUSILLUS.
— RESUPINATUS.
— RETROFLEXUS.

UVA DESCENDENS.

UVÆ ABSCISSIO.

UVATIO CORNEÆ.

— SCLEROTICÆ.

Uvula elongated.

— Cutting off,

VACCINIA.

Vagina, Abseess of,

— absent.
— Atresia of,
— Atrophy of,
— Catarrh of,
— — — during pregnancy.
— Cicatrix or band of,
— — — — as an obstacle to parturi-
tion.
— Contracting the,
— a cul-de-sac.
— Cyst of,
— Diseases of,
— Double,

Vagina, Fistula of,

— — Recto-vaginal,
— — Uretero-vaginal,
— — Urethro-vaginal,
— — Vaginal,
— — Vesico-vaginal,
— Foreign bodies in,
— Gonorrhœa of,
— Impervious,
— Inflammation of,
— Injuries of,
— Laceration of,
— — — during parturition.
— Malformations of,
— Malignant New Growth of,
— Narrowness of as an obstacle to
parturition.
— Non-malignant New Growth of,
— Oclusion of,
— Plugging of,
— Polypus of,
— Prolapse of,
— — — Cystoele,
— — — Rectoele,
— Rigidity of, as an obstacle to par-
turtition.

Vagina, Rupture of, during parturition.

— Sloughing of,
— Syphilis of,
— Wound of, and internal female
organs of generation.

VAGINA DUPLEX.

— IMPERVIA.

— INSINUM DESINENS.

VAGINÆ ABSCCESSUS.

— ADVERSUS HÆMORRHAGIAM OBTU- RATIO.

— ATROPHIA.

— CATARRHUS.

— CICATRIX AUT HABENULA.

— CYSTIS.

— DIRUPTIO AUT LACERATIO IN PAR- TURIENTIBUS.

— ET PARTIUM INTERIORUM MULIE- BRIUM VULNIS.

— FISTULA.

— INFLAMMATIO.

— — CATARRHALIS.

— — GONORRHOICA.

— MORBI.

— OCCLUSIO.

— PROLAPSIO.

— TOTIUS AUT PARTIS DEFECTUS.

Vaginal cyst.

— fistula.

— lithotomy.

— prolapse.

Vaginismus.

VALGUS SPURIUS.

VALVÆ CORDIS IMPERFECTÆ.

VALVARUM CORDIS MORBI.

Valvular disease of the heart.
 — — Aortic,
 — — Mitral,
 — — Pulmonic,
 — — Tricuspid,
 Valves of the Heart, Aneurysm of,
 — — — Atheroma of,
 — — — Calcareous degeneration of,
 — — — Dilatation, Simple, of the
 orifices of,
 — — — Fatty degeneration of,
 — — — Fibroid thickening of,
 — — — Imperfect,
 — — — Laceration of,
 — — — Malformations of,
 — — — — Aortic aperture ob-
 structed or imperfect.
 — — — — Left auriculo-ventricu-
 lar aperture obstructed
 or imperfect.
 — — — — Pulmonic aperture ob-
 structed or imperfect.
 — — — — Right auriculo-ventri-
 cular aperture ob-
 structed or imperfect.
 — — — — Valves imperfect.
 — — — — — supernumerary.
 — — — Obstructive disease of,
 — — — Ossification of,
 — — — Regurgitant disease of,
 — — — Vegetations of,
 VAPOR E LIGNI CARBONE (Poison).
 — EX FORNACE (Poison).
 VAPORES NITRICI (Poison).
 Vapour, Poisonous,
 VARICELLA.
 Varices, Excision of,
 — Obliteration of,
 Varicocele.
 — Obliteration of,
 Varicose aneurysm.
 — — Spontaneous,
 — — Traumatic,
 — veins.
 — — Obliteration of,
 — — of the labia.
 — — — vulva.
 VARIOLA.
 VARIX.
 — ANEURYSMATICUS.
 — — EX VULNERE.
 — — SPONTANEUS.
 — VULVÆ.
 Varix.
 — Aneurysmal,
 — — Spontaneous,
 — — Traumatic,
 — Obliteration of,

Varix of the œsophagus.
 — — vulva.
 — — uterine ligaments.
 Varix, Arterial,
 Vas deferens, Rupture of,
 VASA LYMPHIFERA DILATA.
 — — OBLITERATA.
 — — OBSTRUCTA.
 — — NOVA IN CORPORE VITREO.
 VASIS DEFERENTIS DIRUPTIO.
 Vascular tumour.
 VASORUM LYMPHIFERORUM DIRUPTIO.
 — — INFLAMMATIO.
 — — SUPPURATIO.
 — — VULNUS.
 — SANGUIFERORUM LÆSIONES.
 — — MORBI.
 VECTIS ADHIBITUS.
 Vegetable parasites.
 — poison.
 — substances, Wounds poisoned by,
 Vegetations on the valves of the heart.
 Veins, Contusion of,
 — Diseases of,
 — Division of,
 — Inflammation of,
 — Injuries of,
 — Obliteration of,
 — Obstruction of,
 — Operations on,
 — Parasitic disease of,
 — Rupture of,
 — Varicose,
 — Wound of, with entrance of air.
 — — Division of, partial or complete.
 — — Punctured, of,
 VELAMENTORUM HERNIARUM COHÆ-
 RENTIA.
 — — HYDROPS.
 — — INFLAMMATIO.
 — — LACERATIO.
 — — MORBI.
 — — SUPPURATIO.
 Vena porta, Obstruction of,
 VENÆ OBLITERATÆ.
 — OBSTRUCTÆ.
 — PORTÆ INFLAMMATIO.
 — — OBSTRUCTIO.
 VENARUM CONTUSIO.
 — DIRUPTIO.
 — — CUM EXTRAVASATIONE HYPO-
 DERMICA.
 — DISTRIBUTIO ABNORMIS.
 — ET ARTERIARUM DISTRIBUTIO AB-
 NORMIS.
 — — SINUM CEREBRALIUM MORBI.
 — LÆSIONES.
 — MORBI.

VENARUM OBLITERATIO.

- OBSTRUCTIO.
- PUNCTIO.
- SECTIO ABSOLUTA AUT NON ABSOLUTA.
- VULNUS.

VENENA INORGANICA.

VENENO AFFECTORUM CURATIO.

Venery, Excessive, Effects of,

Venous thrombosis.

Ventral hernia.

Ventricular septa of the heart incomplete.

VENTRICULI COARCTATIO.

- DILATATIO.
- ELOTIO.
- HÆMORRHAGIA.
- HERNIA.
- INFLAMMATIO.
- MORBI.
- MORBUS LARDACEUS.
- PERFORATIO.
- SPONTANEA LACERATIO AUT DIRUPTIO.
- STRICTURA.
- ULCERATIO.
- ULCUS PERFORANS.

Veratria (Poison).

VERATRUM ALBUM (Poison).

VERRUCA.

VERRUCÆ CUTIS.

— VAGINÆ.

— VULVÆ.

Version (Obstetric operation).

VERTEBRARUM IN SPINA FISSURA.

Vertigo.

— Auditory.

VERTIGO AUDITORIA.

VESICA FORAS PATENS.

— IRRITABILIS.

VESICÆ DIRUPTIO AUT LACERATIO IN PARTURIENTIBUS.

— DISTENTIO.

— EX FRACTURA RUPTIO AUT LACERATIO.

— HÆMORRHAGIA.

— HERNIA.

— HYPERTROPHIA.

— INFLAMMATIO.

— — ACUTA.

— — CHRONICA, SIVE LONGA.

— — MINUS ACUTA.

— — SUPPURANS.

— IN SACCULOS PARTITIO.

— INVERSIO.

— LESIONES.

— MORBI.

— NEURALGIA.

VESICÆ PARALYSIS.

— RUPTIO.

— SINE VULNERE, RUPTIO AUT LACERATIO.

— SPASMUS.

— SPIRACULUS.

— ULCERATIO.

— VULNUS.

Vesical calculi, Removal of,

— hæmorrhage.

— paracentesis.

Vesico-intestinal fistula.

Vesico-vaginal fistula.

— — — consequent on parturition.

— — — Operation for,

VESICULÆ FELLIS DEFECTUS.

— — DILATATIO.

— — ULCERATIO.

Vesicular stomatitis.

Vessels, Injuries of,

Vicarious menstruation.

VIRIUM DEFECTIO.

Viseera, Injuries of,

— Transposition of, Malformation.

VISCERA INTER SE TRANSPOSITA.

VISCERUM VULNUS SINE ABDOMINIS VULNERE.

VISUS BREVIOR.

Vision, Disorders of,

Vitelline duct persistent.

Vitiligoidea.

Vitrous humour, Diseases of,

— — Hæmorrhage of,

— — Inflammation of,

— — Malformations of,

— — New blood-vessels in,

— — Opacities of,

— — Parasitic disease of.

VITRUM CONTUSUM (Poison).

Volvulus of intestine.

Vomica of lung.

Vomiting.

VOMITUS.

VULNERA VASORUM LYMPHIFERORUM.

VULNERA VENENO INFECTA [EX ANIMALIBUS VENENOSIS.

— — — — ANIMALIUM MORTUORUM CORPORIBUS.

— — — — EQUINA.

— — — — FARCIMINO.

— — — — HUMORIBUS MORBIDIS.

— — — — HYDROPHOBIA.

— — — — INJECTIONE HYPODERMICA.

— — — — INSECTIS ACULEATIS.

— — — — MATERIA MINERALI.

VULNERA VENENO INFECTA EX MATERIA
VEGETABILI.

- — — — PISCIBUS.
- — — — PUSTULA MALIGNA.
- — — — RABIE.
- — — — SAGITTIS VENENATIS.
- — — — SCORPIONIBUS.
- — — — SERPENTIBUS.
- — — — URALIA.
- — — — VACCINIA.

VULNUS ABDOMINIS.

- — CUM VISCERUM ILLESORUM PRO-
LAPSIONE.
- — — — LÆSORUM.
- — — VULNERE VISCERUM IN SEDE
MANENTIIUM.
- ANI.
- ARTICULORUM IN MEMBRIS INFE-
RIORIBUS.
- — — — SUPERIORIBUS.
- ARTERIARUM.
- A TERGO.
- CALVARIE.
- CEREBRI.
- CERVICIS.
- — EX ORE.
- — IN SUMMA CARNE.
- — ŒSOPHAGUM PENETRANS.
- — VIAS AERIAS PENETRANS.
- COLIS (PENIS).
- CONJUNCTIVÆ.
- CORNEÆ.
- CUM CORPORIBUS ADVENTITIIS IN-
FIXIS.
- — TOTA CORPORIS PARTIS DIS-
JUNCTIONE.
- EPICRANII, OSSE NON NUDATO.
- — — NUDATO.
- EX CONTUSIONE.
- — INCISIONE.
- — LACERATIONE.
- — PUNCTURA.
- — TORMENTORUM PILIS.
- FACIÆ.
- IRIDIS.
- LATERUM THORACIS.
- LENTIS.
- LINGUÆ.
- MEDIASTINI PRIORIS.
- MEMBRORUM INFERIORUM.
- — SUPERIORUM.
- PALPEBRARUM.
- PENETRANS PLEURÆ VEL PULMONIS.
- PENIS.
- PERFORANS THORACIS.
- PERICARDII ET CORDIS.
- PERINEI MULIEBRIS ET VULVÆ.
- — MASCULI.
- RECTI INTESTINI.
- SCLEROTICÆ.
- SCROTI.

VULNUS VAGINÆ ET PARTIUM INTE-
RIORUM MULIEBRIIUM.

- VASORUM LYMPHIFERORUM.
- VENARUM.
- VENENO INFECTUM.
- VESICÆ.
- VISCERUM SINE ABDOMINIS VUL-
NERE.

Vulva, abscess of,

- Condyloma of,
- Cyst of,
- Diseases of,
- Eczema of,
- Gangrene of,
- Gonorrhœa of,
- Hæmorrhage of,
- Hypertrophy of,
- Inflammation of,
- Malformations of,
- Malignant New Growth of,
- Non-malignant New Growth of,
- Occlusion of,
- Œdema of,
- Phagedæna of,
- Pruritus of,
- — during pregnancy.
- Syphilis of,
- Thrombus of,
- Varicose veins of,
- Wound of,
- Ulcer of,

VULVÆ ABSCESSUS.

- CONDYLOMA.
- CYSTIS.
- DEFORMITATES INGENITÆ.
- DIRUPTIO AUT LACERATIO.
- GANGRÆNA.
- GONORRHOEA.
- HÆMORRHOÏDIA.
- HYPERTROPHIA.
- INFLAMMATIO.
- LABIORUM ECZEMA.
- — ŒDEMA.
- MEMBRANA IMPERVIA.
- OCCLUSIO.
- PHAGEDÆNA.
- PRURITUS.
- SYPHILIS.
- THROMBUS.
- TUMORES MALIGNI.
- — NON MALIGNI.
- ULCUS.
- VARIX.

Wart.

— of the nose.

Warty growth of the larynx.

— tumour.

Water-brash.

Water-hemlock (Poison).

Watery tumour.

Waxy disease.

— kidney.

— liver.

— spleen.

— supra-renal capsule.

Wen.

White Hellebore (Poison).

— softening of the brain or cord.

Whitlow.

Whooping cough.

Wool-sorters' disease.

Woorara (Poison).

Worms, Intestinal,

Wound of the abdomen, of the parietes.

— — — — — with protrusion of uninjured viscera.

— — — — — — — wounded viscera.

— — — — — with wound of unprotruded viscera.

— — abdominal viscera, without wound of the parietes.

— — anterior mediastinum.

— — anus.

— — arteries.

— — — division, partial or complete.

— — — punctured.

— — back.

— — bladder.

— — brain.

— — chest, of the parietes.

— — — Perforating,

— — conjunctiva.

— Contused.

— of the cornea.

— — ducts of secreting glands.

— — eyelid.

— — face.

— — female organs of generation, internal,

— Gunshot.

— of the heart.

— Incised.

— of the iris.

— Lacerated.

— of the lens.

— — lower extremity.

— — — — — joints of the,

— — lung, Penetrating,

— — lymph-gland.

— — lymph-vessels.

— — membrana tympani.

— — mucous membrane.

— — muscles.

— — neck.

— — — from the mouth.

— — — opening air passages.

— — — œsophagus.

Wound of the neck, opening œsophagus from within.

— — — — — from without.

— — — superficial.

— — — nerves.

— — — parietes of chest.

— — — parts within the orbit.

— — — penis.

— — — pericardium and heart.

— — — perineum, female.

— — — — — male.

— — — pinna.

— — — pleura, Penetrating,

— — — Poisoned.

— — — Punctured,

— — — of roof of nasal cavity.

— — — of rectum.

— — — scalp, bone exposed.

— — — bone not exposed.

— — — sclerotic.

— — — serotum.

— — — secreting glands.

— — — skin.

— — — skull.

— — — spinal cord.

— — — spine.

— — — tendon.

— — — of the testicle.

— — — thoracic duct.

— — — tongue.

— — — upper extremity.

— — — — — joints of the,

— — — urethra.

— — — vagina.

— — — vein.

— — — Punctured,

— — — viscera.

— — — vulva.

— — — with complete separation of a part of the body.

Wourali (Poison).

Wrist and carpus, Dislocation of,

Wrist-drop.

Writer's cramp.

Wry-neck.

Xanthelasma.

XANTHINA (CALCULUS).

Xanthic oxide calculus.

Xanthin calculus.

Xanthoma.

Xerophthalmia.

Yellow fever.

— jasmine (Poison).

— softening of the brain or cord.

Yellow tubercle.

— — Inflammatory,

— — Nervous system.

— — Retrograde and cicatricial,

— — Simple,

— — Ulcerative and destructive,

Yew (Poison).

Zinc (Poison).

ZINCUM (Poison).

Zona.



